

**Hydrogeological Brief - Block 192,
953 Mapleview Drive, Barrie**

**Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, Ontario**



BURNSIDE

**Hydrogeological Brief - Block 192,
953 Maplevue Drive, Barrie**

**Maplevue South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, Ontario**

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**June 2024
300042309.0003**

Hydrogeological Brief - Block 192, 953 Mapleview Drive, Barrie
June 2024

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R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited

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Table of Contents

| | | |
|------------|---|-----------|
| 1.0 | Introduction | 1 |
| 2.0 | Physical Setting | 1 |
| 3.0 | Hydrogeological Setting | 1 |
| 3.1 | Regional Hydrostratigraphy | 2 |
| 3.2 | Hydraulic Conductivity | 3 |
| 3.3 | Seasonal Groundwater High | 4 |
| 3.4 | Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas | 4 |
| 3.5 | Groundwater Quality | 4 |
| 4.0 | Groundwater Balance | 5 |
| 4.1 | Water Balance Components | 5 |
| 4.2 | Approach and Methodology | 7 |
| 4.3 | Water Balance Component Values | 7 |
| 4.4 | Pre-Development Water Balance (Existing Conditions) | 8 |
| 4.6 | Mitigation Measures for Infiltration | 9 |
| 5.0 | Development Considerations | 9 |
| 5.1 | Construction Below the Water Table | 9 |
| 5.2 | Excavations into Municipal Aquifer | 9 |
| 5.3 | Impacts to Private Wells | 10 |
| 5.4 | Well Decommissioning | 10 |
| 6.0 | References | 11 |

Tables

| | |
|---|---|
| Table 1: Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity from In Situ Well Tests | 3 |
| Table 2: Seasonal Groundwater Levels | 4 |
| Table 3: Water Balance Component Values | 8 |

Figures

| | |
|----------|--|
| Figure 1 | Site Location |
| Figure 2 | Borehole, Well and Cross-Section Locations |
| Figure 3 | Surficial Geology |
| Figure 4 | Interpreted Geological Cross-Section A-A' |
| Figure 5 | Interpreted Geological Cross-Section B-B' |

Appendices

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| Appendix A | Site Plan |
| Appendix B | Borehole Logs |
| Appendix C | Hydraulic Conductivity Data |
| Appendix D | Groundwater Level Data |
| Appendix E | Water Quality |
| Appendix F | Water Balance |

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1.0 Introduction

R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited (Burnside) has been requested to prepare the following hydrogeological brief to support submission of an application for Site Plan Approval for Block 192 at 953 Mapleview Drive, Barrie Ontario (herein referred to as the subject lands). The legal address is Block 192 – 953 Mapleview Drive, City of Barrie, Ontario.

The subject lands are located within the Mapleview South lands that were previously studied by Burnside and for which a report entitled “Hydrogeological Assessment, Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd. Barrie, Ontario” was completed in May 2023. The current hydrogeology brief draws from the work previously completed as the hydrogeological conditions are consistent with the previous work.

The subject lands are approximately 0.74 ha located on Mapleview Drive East in the northeast portion of the Mapleview South lands (Figure 1). The subject lands are currently used for agriculture and rural residential. Adjacent lands uses are agriculture and residential (Figure 2).

The Site Plan includes a 5-Storey residential building with surface and underground parking (Appendix A).

2.0 Physical Setting

The subject lands are located within the Sandy Cove Creek subwatershed of the larger Lake Simcoe watershed. The topography of the subject lands slopes from the north and the south towards the tributary of Sandy Cove Creek (Figure 3). Elevations on the subject lands range from 254 masl to 259 masl.

A review of the quaternary geology mapping for the area (OGS, 2003) indicates that the overburden sediments of the subject lands consist of ice contact stratified drift and as silty to sandy glacial till (Figure 3). The bedrock underlying the subject lands is mapped as the Verulum Formation of the Simcoe Group, which consists of limestone and shale (OGS, 2007).

3.0 Hydrogeological Setting

The local soils underlying the subject lands were investigated as a part of a previous geotechnical study completed by Cambium in 2018 which included boreholes in the vicinity of the subject lands. The locations of boreholes drilled in the area of the subject lands are shown on Figure 2 and boreholes logs are provided in Appendix B.

To illustrate the shallow stratigraphy of the subject lands, schematic geologic cross-sections have been prepared (Figures 4 and 5) using borehole logs and MECP well records. The locations of the cross-sections are illustrated on Figure 2 along with the locations of water wells and boreholes used in the construction of the cross-sections.

Surficial geological mapping suggests that a change from sandy ice contact drift and silty clay till occurs on the subject lands (Figure 3). Boreholes north of the subject lands (BH102-18 and MS-103) indicate that the local soils consist of silty sand underlain by sandy silt till. At MS-106, silty sandy clay deposits are encountered at 1.6 m below grade.

Cross-sections A-A' and B-B' across the subject lands (Figures 4 and 5) illustrate the presence of coarse-textured sand deposits underlying the subject lands with thickness of 8 to 10 m. A layer of silty sand clay deposits is mapped south of the subject lands at surface overlying sand.

Shallow groundwater flow direction on the subject lands is to the south, southeast (Burnside, 2023).

3.1 Regional Hydrostratigraphy

The overburden deposits of the subject lands influence groundwater occurrence and flow. The overburden has been interpreted by regional studies such as the Tier 3 Water Balance (AquaResource, 2011) and Source Water Protection Assessment Report (LSRCA, 2012) to consist of alternating sequences of coarser-grained permeable layers (aquifers) and finer-grained less permeable areas (aquitards) of varying thicknesses. The basic hydrostratigraphic sequence that was modelled in the regional studies (AquaResource, 2011) consists of four main aquifer areas (A1-A4) and four main aquitards (C1 to C4) with a confining layer (UC) over the uppermost aquifer (A1).

A description of the interpreted regional hydrostratigraphic framework is provided below (LSRCA, 2012):

- Surficial Geology Layer – This layer represents coarse grained sediments in stream beds and at surface surficial geology areas that overly the UC. The thickness ranges from 0.1 m to 3 m.
- UC – Upper Confining Layer – Represents smaller areas of less permeable surficial material. The upper confining layer has been mapped as coarse-grained lacustrine deposits which are part of a regionally extensive sand plain (LSRCA, 2012). Regional studies such as the AquaResource (2011) report indicate that the confining layer (UC) is patchy in the area of the study area.

- A1 – Represents the uppermost aquifer. Frequently exists as a surficial unconfined aquifer and is stratigraphically equivalent to the Oak Ridges Moraine. It is generally associated with coarse grained glacial and interglacial sediments mapped as ice contact stratified drift. The majority of the local domestic wells are completed within this area. The upper aquifer A1 is reported to be present throughout the larger Barrie area, and has been interpreted to occur extensively in the study area.
- C1 – Upper aquitard. Described as varved clay and silt (LRSCA, 2012).
- A2 – Intermediate aquifer which is stratigraphically equivalent to areas within the Northern Till. The aquifer is generally described as being composed of sand with some clast rich portions (LRSCA, 2012). This area is used for the Innisfil Heights water supply.
- C2 – Intermediate aquitard.
- A3 – This area constitutes the main Barrie municipal aquifer and is the source of the Stroud water supply; it is stratigraphically equivalent to the Thorncliffe deposits in the Upland regions.
- C3 – Lower aquitard.
- A4 – Lower aquifer, thin and sometimes combined with A3 where C3 is thin or absent.
- C4 – Lower aquitard but may also represent weathered bedrock.

3.2 Hydraulic Conductivity

In situ hydraulic conductivity testing was completed at wells in the vicinity of the subject lands (MS-103 and MS-106s) as part of previous studies. The results are provided in Appendix C and summarized below in Table 1.

Table 1: Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity from In Situ Well Tests

| Well | Screened Formation | Depth of Screen (mbgl) | Hydraulic Conductivity (m/sec) In Situ Test |
|---------|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| MS-103 | Sandy Silt Till | 5.7 – 7.2 | 2.8×10^{-5} |
| MS-106s | Silty Sandy Clay | 4.5 – 6.1 | 8.0×10^{-8} |

*meters below ground level

The results of the in situ hydraulic conductivity testing indicate that hydraulic conductivity of the surficial soils range from 10^{-5} to 10^{-8} m/s.

3.3 Seasonal Groundwater High

Groundwater monitoring was completed as part of previous studies at monitoring wells in the vicinity of the subject lands. Hydrographs from these studies are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater data are summarized below in Table 2 for wells located in the vicinity of the subject lands.

Table 2: Seasonal Groundwater Levels

| Well | Screened Formation and Depth | Highest GW Elevation (masl) |
|---------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MS-101 | Sandy silt and sand (7.2 m) | 256.79 |
| MS-103 | Sandy silt till (7.3 m) | 256.84 |
| MS-106s | Silty sandy clay (6.0 m) | Flowing (>253.16) |
| MS-106d | Sand (11.7 m) | Flowing (>253.16) |

MS-101 located 200 m west of the subject lands, was screened in sandy silt and sand. Water levels at MS-101 ranged from 255.1 masl to 256.8 masl and varied by 1.7 m seasonally (Figure D-1, Appendix D).

Monitoring well MS-103 is located 100 m north of the subject lands. The well is installed in a sandy silt till layer and groundwater was reported at elevations ranging from 254.45 masl and 256.84 masl, varying by 2.4 m seasonally (Figure D-2, Appendix D).

At MS-106 s/d, located just south of the subject lands the shallow well is installed in finer grain silty sandy clay and the deeper well is installed in sand creating confined conditions. An upward gradient is observed at this location with flowing conditions recorded during most monitoring events (2018 to 2021) (Figure D-3, Appendix D).

3.4 Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas

The available LSRCA mapping indicates that the subject lands are located within a Significant Groundwater Recharge Area (SGRA). Boreholes in the vicinity of the subject lands (Appendix B) indicate that surficial sediments consist of silty sand and compact to dense sandy silt till. When combined with the water level information, these data suggest that groundwater recharge may be occurring in the area.

3.5 Groundwater Quality

Water quality data collected in May 2019 from monitoring well (MS-103) as part of previous studies provides groundwater quality in the vicinity of the subject lands. The water sample was submitted to a certified laboratory for analyses of general water quality indicators (e.g., pH, hardness, and conductivity), basic ions (including chloride and nitrate) and selected metals to characterize the background water quality. The

groundwater testing results from the analytical laboratory are provided in Table E-1, Appendix E and discussed below:

- High turbidity was reported with a value of 26,400 NTU (MS-103). This is likely a result of high silt content in the sample caused by a lack of well development after drilling.
- Nitrate was detected in the sample with a value of 1.75 mg/L (MS-103). Nitrate in shallow groundwater is typically associated with areas where agricultural land use results in elevated nitrates in groundwater. Current land use on the subject lands is agricultural and is interpreted to be the cause of the slightly elevated nitrate. The sample concentration is below the ODWQS for nitrate, 10 mg/L.
- Total phosphorus was reported in the sample at a concentration of 0.03 mg/L. Total phosphorus is a measure of all forms of phosphorus (dissolved or particulate) that are found in the water sample. There was no dissolved phosphorus (ortho-phosphate) reported in the groundwater sample suggesting the reported concentrations are particulate.

4.0 Groundwater Balance

Development of an area affects the natural water balance. The most significant difference between pre- and post-development conditions is the addition of impervious surfaces as a type of surface cover (i.e., roads, parking lots, driveways, and rooftops). Impervious surfaces prevent infiltration of water into the soils and the removal of the vegetation removes the evapotranspiration component of the natural water balance resulting in evaporation as the only remaining loss mechanism (beside runoff).

4.1 Water Balance Components

A water balance is an accounting of the water resources within a given area. As a concept, the water balance is relatively simple and may be estimated from the following equation:

$$P = S + ET + R + I$$

| | | | |
|--------|----|---|--------------------------------|
| Where: | P | = | precipitation |
| | S | = | change in groundwater storage |
| | ET | = | evapotranspiration/evaporation |
| | R | = | surface water runoff |
| | I | = | infiltration |

The components of the water balance vary in space and time and depend on climatic conditions as well as the soil and land cover conditions (i.e., rainfall intensity, land slope, soil hydraulic conductivity and vegetation). Runoff, for example, occurs particularly

during periods of snowmelt when the ground is frozen, or during intense rainfall events. Precise measurement of the water balance components is difficult and as such, approximations and simplifications are made to characterize the water balance of a property. Field observations of the drainage conditions, land cover and soil types, groundwater levels and local climatic records are important input considerations for the water balance calculations.

The groundwater balance components for the subject area are discussed below:

Precipitation (P)

The long-term average annual precipitation for the area is 933 mm based on data from the Environment Canada Barrie WPCC (Station 6110557, 44°22'33.012" N, 79°41'23.010" W, elevation 221.0 masl) for the period between 1981 and 2010. The climate station is located 5.2 km northwest of the subject lands. Average monthly records of precipitation and temperature from this station have been used for the water balance calculations in this study (Appendix F).

Storage (S)

Although there are groundwater storage gains and losses on a short-term basis, the net change in groundwater storage on a long-term basis is assumed to be zero so this term is dropped from the equation.

Evapotranspiration (ET)

Evapotranspiration and evaporation components vary based on the characteristics of the land surface cover (i.e., type of vegetation, soil moisture conditions, perviousness of surfaces, etc.). Potential evapotranspiration (PET) refers to the water loss from a vegetated surface to the atmosphere under conditions of an unlimited water supply. The actual rate of evapotranspiration (AET) is generally less than the PET under dry conditions (i.e., during the summer when there is a soil moisture deficit). In this report, the PET and AET have been calculated using a soil-moisture balance approach.

Water Surplus (R + I)

The difference between the mean annual P and the mean annual ET is referred to as the water surplus. Part of the water surplus travels across the surface of the soil as surface or overland runoff (R) and the remainder infiltrates the surficial soil (I). The infiltration is comprised of two end member components: one component that moves vertically downward to the groundwater table (referred to as recharge) and a second component that moves laterally through the topsoil profile or shallow soils as interflow that re-emerges locally to surface (i.e., as runoff) at some short time following cessation of precipitation. As opposed to the "direct" component of surface runoff that occurs during

precipitation or snowmelt events, interflow becomes an “indirect” component of runoff. The interflow component of surface runoff is not accounted for in the water balance equation cited above since it is often difficult to distinguish between interflow and direct (overland) runoff, however both interflow and direct runoff together form the total surface water runoff component.

4.2 Approach and Methodology

The analytical approach to calculate the water balance involves monthly soil-moisture balance calculations to determine the pre-development (based on existing land use) infiltration volumes. A soil-moisture balance approach assumes that soils do not release water as potential recharge while a soil moisture deficit exists. During wetter periods, any excess of precipitation over evapotranspiration first goes to restore soil moisture. Once the soil moisture deficit is overcome, any further excess water can then pass through the soil as infiltration and either become interflow (indirect runoff) or recharge (deep infiltration).

A soil moisture storage capacity of 150 mm was selected as a representative value for the existing vegetation and soil conditions which consists of predominantly short to moderate-rooted vegetation in the fields and agricultural areas (Table F-1, Appendix F). A soil moisture storage capacity of 75 mm was used to represent residential urban lawn (Table F-2, Appendix F). Tables F-1 and F-2 in Appendix F details the monthly potential evapotranspiration calculations accounting for latitude and climate, and then calculate the actual evapotranspiration and water surplus components of the water balance based on the monthly precipitation and soil moisture conditions.

The MECP SWM Planning and Design Manual (2003) methodology for calculating total infiltration based on topography, soil type and land cover was used and a corresponding runoff component was calculated for the soil moisture storage conditions. The calculated water balance components from this table are then used to assess the pre-development volumes for runoff and infiltration as presented on Table F-3 in Appendix F.

4.3 Water Balance Component Values

The detailed monthly calculations of the water balance components are provided in Tables F-1 and F-2 in Appendix F. For these calculations, it has been assumed that sandy loam soils are representative for the subject lands for estimating the soil infiltration factor.

The detailed monthly calculations show that a water surplus is generally available from November to May. The monthly water balance calculations illustrate how infiltration occurs during periods when there is sufficient water available to overcome the soil moisture storage requirements. The monthly calculations are summed to provide

estimates of the annual water balance component values (Tables F-1 and F-2, Appendix F). A summary of these values is provided in Table 3.

Table 3: Water Balance Component Values

| Water Balance Component | Agricultural Land Use | Urban Lawn |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Average Precipitation | 933 mm/year | 933 mm/year |
| Actual Evapotranspiration | 593 mm/year | 555 mm/year |
| Water Surplus | 340 mm/year | 378 mm/year |
| Infiltration | 204 mm/year | 246 mm/year |
| Runoff | 136 mm/year | 132 mm/year |

A water balance calculation of the potential water surplus for impervious areas is shown at the bottom of Table F-1 in Appendix F. There is an evaporation component from impervious surfaces and this is typically estimated to be between about 10% and 20% of the total precipitation. For the purposes of the calculations in this study, the evaporation has been estimated to be 15% of precipitation. The remaining 85% of the precipitation that falls on impervious surfaces is assumed to become runoff. Therefore, assuming an evaporation/loss from impervious surfaces of 15% of the precipitation, there is a potential water surplus from impervious areas of 793 mm/year.

4.4 Pre-Development Water Balance (Existing Conditions)

The pre-development water balance calculations are presented in Table F-3 in Appendix F. The water balance component values from Table F-1 were used to calculate the average annual volume of infiltration for the subject lands which is calculated to be about 1,504 m³/year (Table F-3, Appendix F).

4.5 Post-Development Water Balance with No Mitigation

To assess potential development impacts on infiltration, the post development infiltration volumes on the subject lands have been calculated on Table F-3 in Appendix F. The total areas for the proposed land cover were provided by Jones Consulting Group.

The infiltration and runoff components for the post-development land uses have been calculated using the MECP SWM Planning and Design Manual (2003) methodology based on topography, soil type and land cover as shown on Tables F-1 and F-2 in Appendix F.

As shown in the Appendix tables, the post-development infiltration volume (without mitigation) is estimated at about 590 m³/year (Table F-3, Appendix F). Comparing the pre- and post-development infiltration volume shows that development has the potential to reduce the infiltration on the subject lands from 1,504 m³/year to 590 m³/year, i.e., a

reduction of about 914 m³/year or 61%. These calculations assume no LID measures for stormwater management are in place.

4.6 Mitigation Measures for Infiltration

To minimize the potential impacts of development on the water balance, the use of Low Impact Development (LID) measures for stormwater management are generally recommended. It is our understanding that an infiltration gallery which collects runoff is proposed for the subject lands. The infiltration gallery will be designed to collect about 71% of runoff from the site (see Table F-4, Appendix F) which will result in approximately 3040 m³/year of infiltration.

The bottom of the infiltration gallery has been designed to be located above the seasonal high water level (see Figure 5) within fill which will be conducive to infiltration. Specific information on the design of the infiltration gallery is included in the SWM report completed by Jones Consulting.

5.0 Development Considerations

5.1 Construction Below the Water Table

The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) has regulations that govern water taking for construction dewatering. Water takings above 50,000 L/day but below 400,000 L/day require registration under Environmental Activity Sector Registry (EASR). Takings above 400,000 L/day require a Category 3 Permit to Take Water (PTTW).

Groundwater levels measured at monitoring well MS-103 ranged between 3.7 m and 6.0 m below existing grade. A review of proposed grading plans indicates that fill on the site that will raise proposed grades up to 4 to 5 m. The site plan includes an underground parking garage with a proposed invert above the seasonal high groundwater table (see Figure 5, Cross-section B-B'). No short-term or long-term dewatering is expected for the underground parking garage.

Based on the anticipated depth of fill and the depth to water table, the need for dewatering at volumes greater than 50,000 L/day (requiring an EASR or PTTW) for installation of municipal services is not anticipated.

5.2 Excavations into Municipal Aquifer

All excavations associated with the proposed development will occur in the surficial geology layer as described in Section 3.1. No excavations will occur in the confining layers to the municipal aquifer located more than 40 m below the subject lands.

5.3 Impacts to Private Wells

The area surrounding the subject lands is not currently serviced and residences are supplied by private wells. The subject lands are mainly surrounded by agricultural lands and a nearby subdivision is municipally serviced (Figure 2). There are relatively few domestic wells located in the vicinity of the subject lands and since construction dewatering and foundation drain dewatering is not proposed, there should be no impact to any private supply wells within 300 m of the subject lands.

In support of the ongoing development within the SPA, a water well survey was completed on behalf of the Hewitt's Landowners Group to identify private water supply wells within 300 m of the Hewitt's SPA area (Burnside, 2019). The report, which included the subject lands identified potentially vulnerable wells in the vicinity of the subject lands and outlined a monitoring and mitigation plan. This report was submitted to the City of Barrie and a domestic well monitoring program was initiated in 2019. It is expected that the monitoring will continue for at least five years. During this period, the interference protocol outlined in the report will be implemented should any episode of interference occur.

5.4 Well Decommissioning

Prior to or during construction, it is necessary to ensure that all inactive wells within the development footprint have been located and properly decommissioned by a licensed water well contractor according to Ontario Regulation 903. This regulation applies to private domestic wells and to any groundwater observation wells on the subject lands unless they are maintained throughout the construction for monitoring purposes.

6.0 References

AquaResource et al. 2011. City of Barrie Tier Three Water Balance and Local Area Risk Assessment Groundwater Flow Model, AquaResource, Golder and IWC, 2011.

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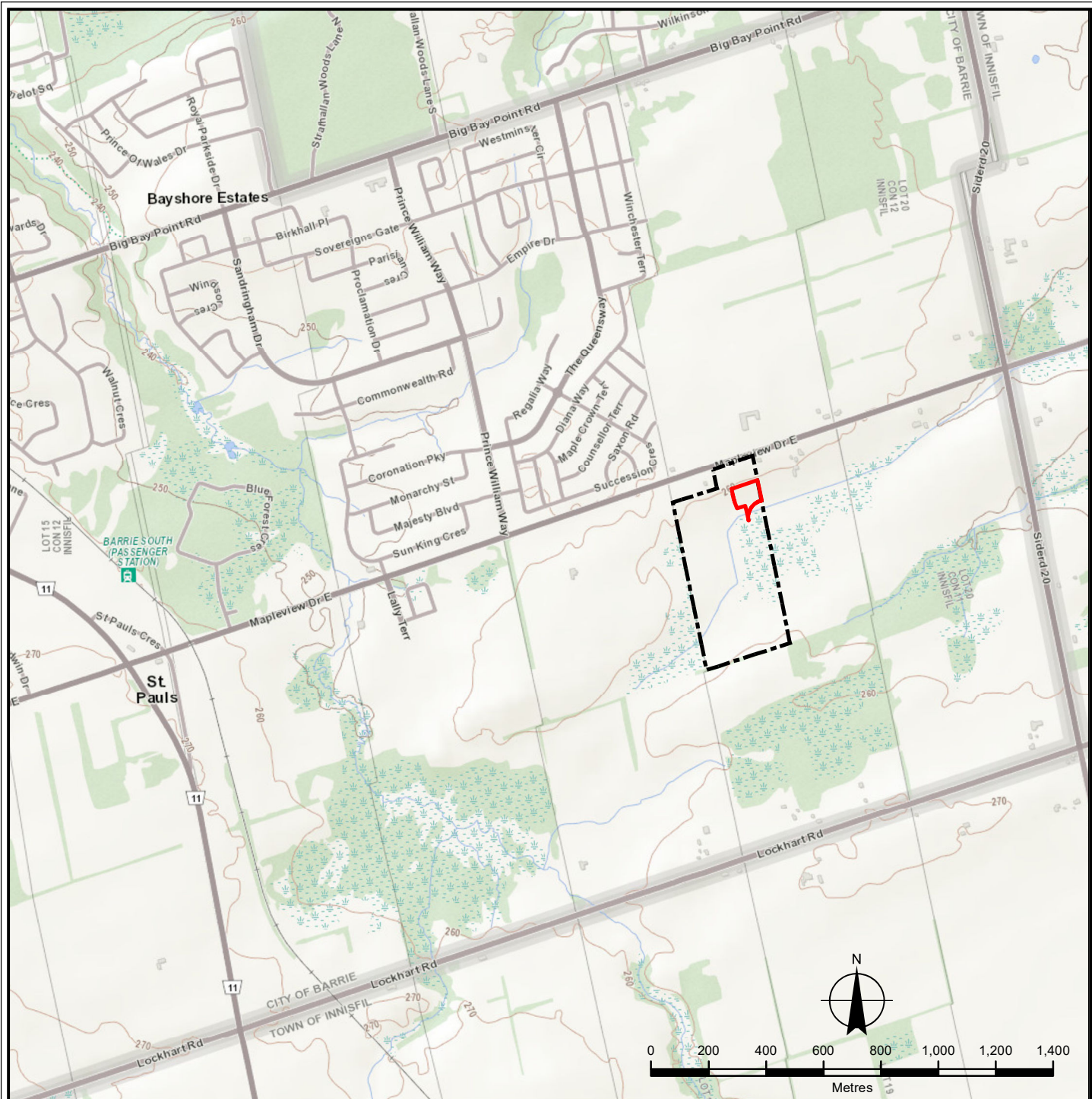


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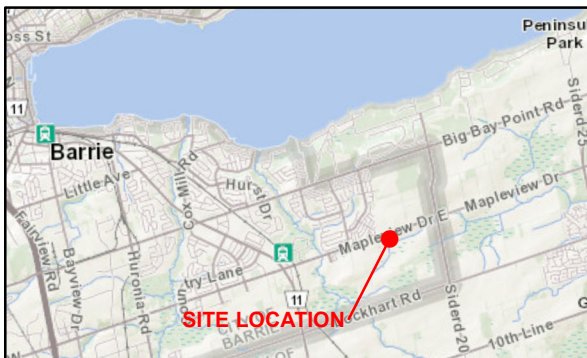


Figures



LEGEND

- BLOCK 192
- MAPLEVIEW SOUTH LANDS



SCALE: 1:150,000



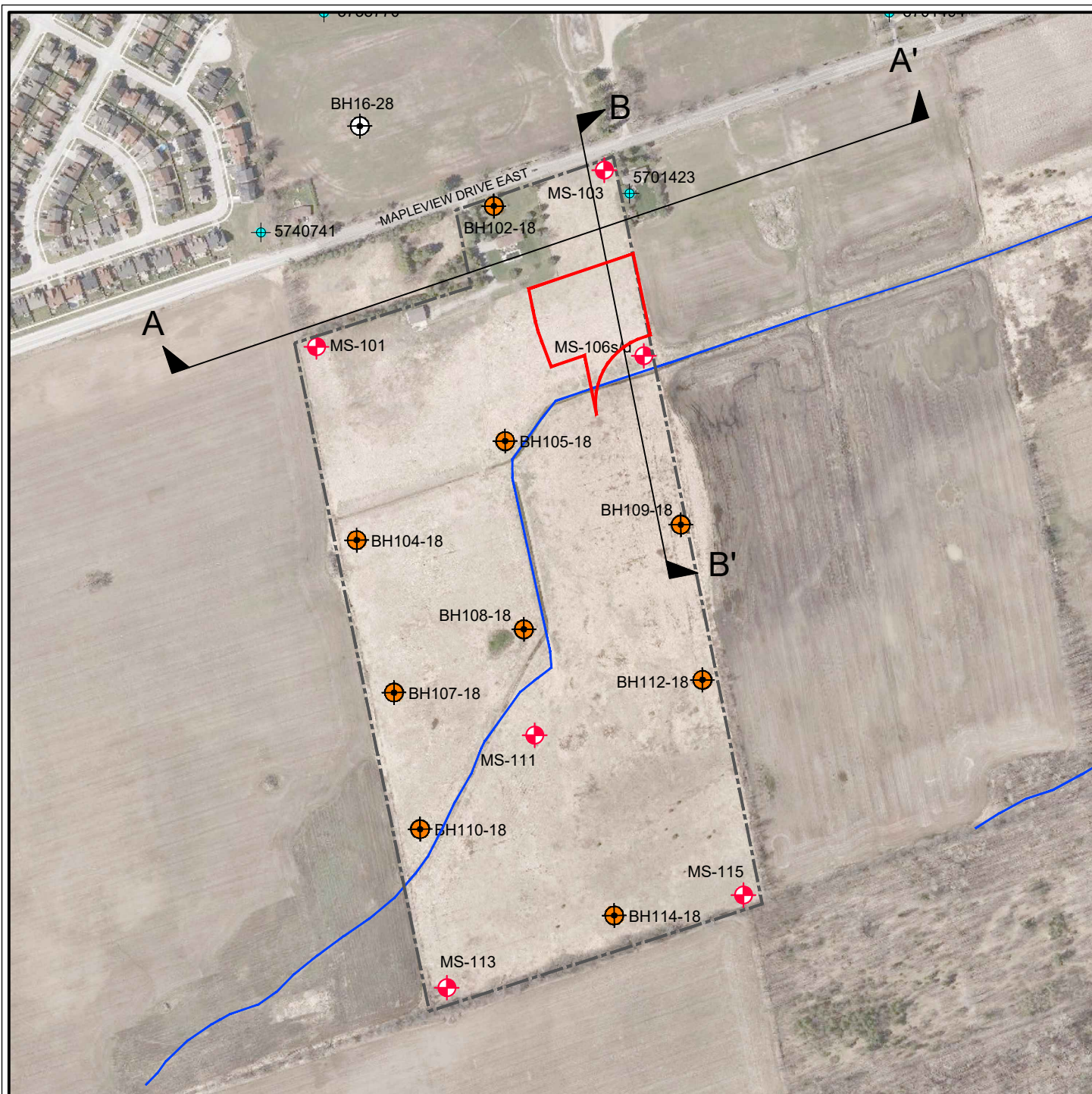
Client / Report

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BARRIE, ONTARIO
**BLOCK 192 SITE PLAN APPLICATION
HYDROGEOLOGICAL BRIEF**

Figure Title:

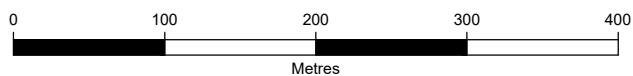
SITE LOCATION

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LEGEND

- MAPLEVIEW SOUTH LANDS
- BLOCK 192
- WATERCOURSE
- ◆ MONITORING WELL (CAMBIUM, 2018)
- BOREHOLE (CAMBIUM, 2018)
- ◆ MECP WELL RECORD LOCATION
- A A' CROSS-SECTION LOCATION KEY



Client / Report

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*BLOCK 192 SITE PLAN APPLICATION
HYDROGEOLOGICAL BRIEF*

Figure Title

**BOREHOLE, WELL AND
CROSS-SECTION LOCATIONS**

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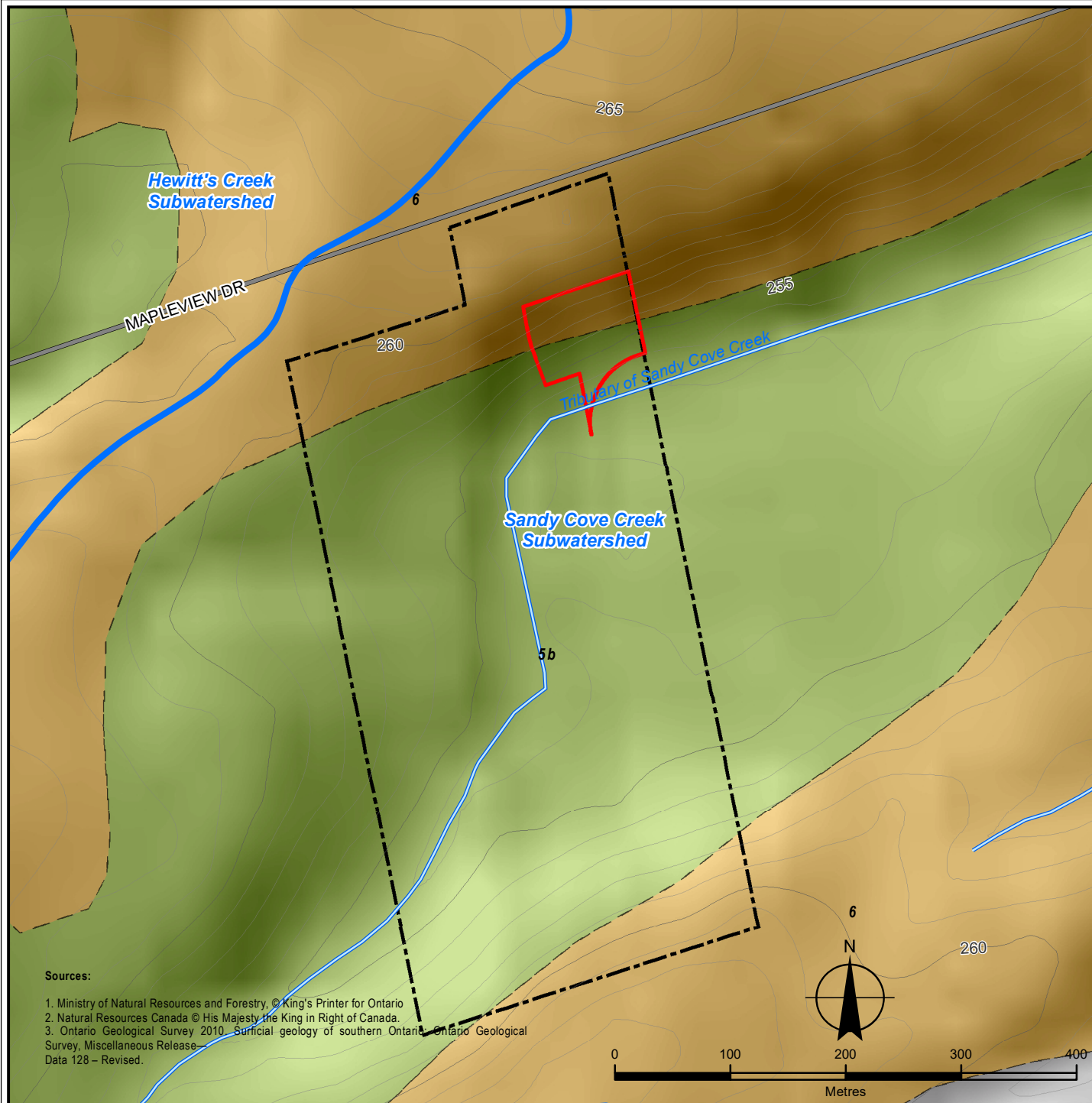
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Figure No.

2



LEGEND

- BLOCK 192
- MAPLEVIEW SOUTH LANDS
- SUBWATERSHED BOUNDARY
- ROADWAY
- CONTOUR (5m intervals - masl)
- CONTOUR (1m intervals)
- WATERCOURSE
- 5b: Stone-poor, carbonate-derived silty to sandy till
- 6: Ice-contact stratified deposits
- 20: Organic deposits



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HYDROGEOLOGICAL BRIEF**

Figure Title:

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

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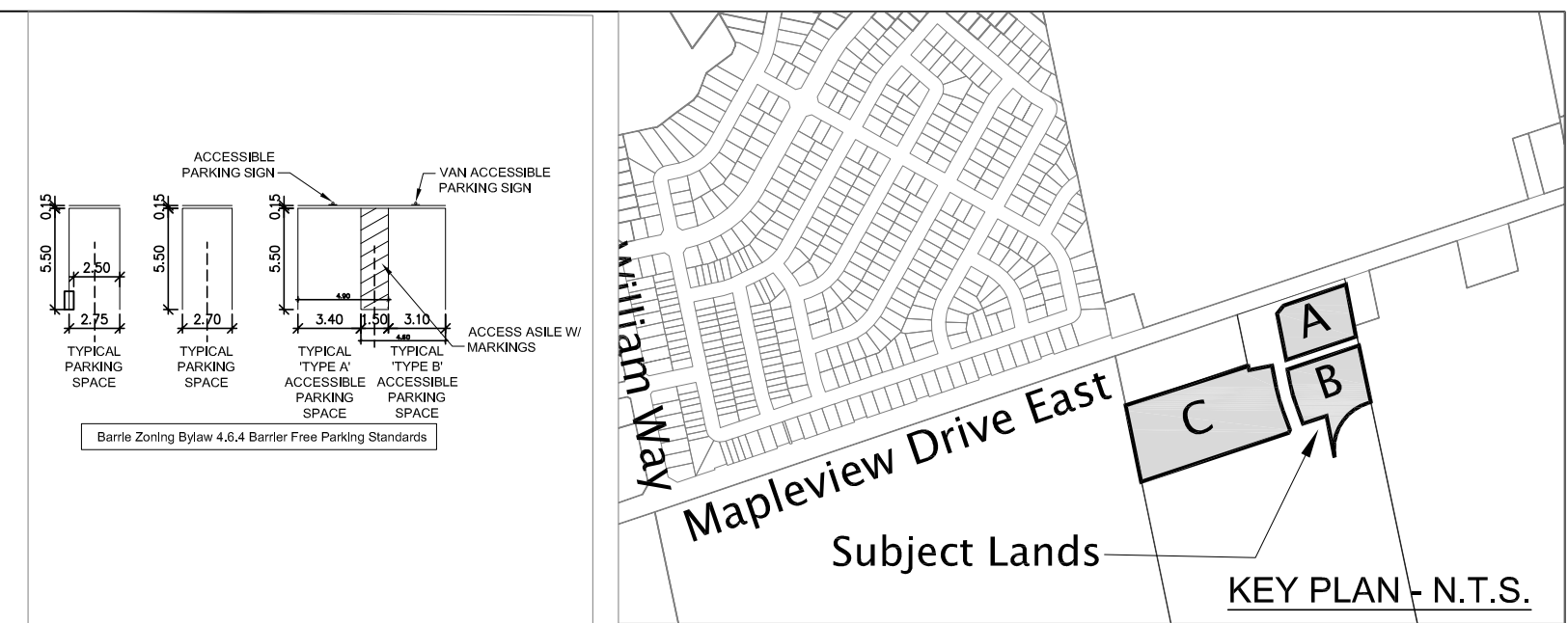
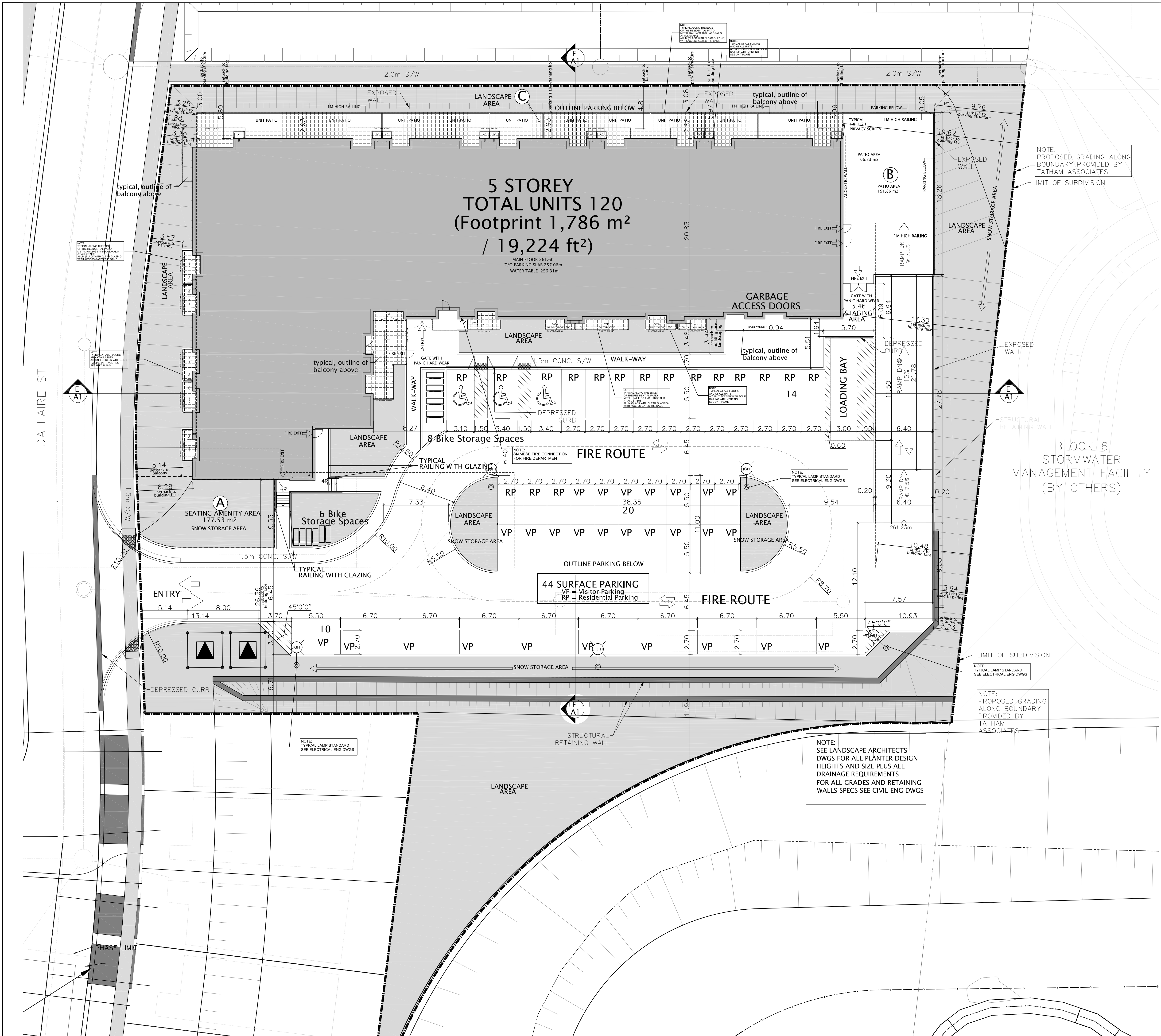
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Appendix A

Site Plan

Appendix A



Block 'B' Details
B BUILDING FOOT PRINT
(3.2.4.3A GROUP C)
ALLOWABLE 1,800 m²
PROPOSED 1,792 m²

| | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Unit Count: | | |
| Block 'B' Apartment Building (5 Storey) | 120 units | |
| Total | 120 units | |
| | REQUIRED | PROPOSED |
| Site Plan Area | - | 0.74 ha (7,363.63m ²) |
| Lot Frontage | 24.0 m | 70.9 m |
| Front Yard | 3.0 m | 3.28 m |
| Interior Side Yard | 5.0 m | 5.89 m |
| Exterior Side Yard | 1.8 m | 26.39 m |
| Rear Yard | 5.0 m | 17.32 m |
| Lot Coverage | max 50 % (0.36 ha.) | 24 % (0.18 ha.) |
| Accessory Structures | max 10 % (0.07 ha.) | 0 % (0.00 ha.) |
| Landscape Open Space | min. 25 % (0.18 ha.) | 48 % (0.34 ha.) |
| Paved Area | max 35 % | 28 % (0.21 ha.) |
| Density Index | min 120 max 300 | 162.16 |
| Floor Space Index | min 0.5 max 2.5 | 1.22 |

| | | |
|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| Building Block B | | 8,930 m ² |
| · GFA | | 5 |
| · Height in Stories | | 120 |
| Units | | 120 |

| | | |
|---|------------|------------|
| Parking Calculations | Required | Provided |
| Required Parking (120 x 1.0) | 120 spaces | 120 spaces |
| Required Visitor Parking (120 x 0.5=60) | 60 spaces | |
| Proposed Visitor Parking (120 x 0.2=24) | | 27 spaces |

| | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| Total Required | 180 spaces | 147 spaces |
|----------------|------------|------------|

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------------|
| Parking Breakdown | | |
| Typical Surface Spaces | | 41 spaces |
| Surface Barrier Free Spaces | | 3 spaces |
| Underground Barrier Free Spaces | | 3 spaces |
| Typical Underground Spaces | | 100 spaces |
| Total Provided | | 147 spaces |

Barrie Zoning Bylaw 4.6.4 Barrier Free Parking
Barrier Free spaces calculated using Accessibility Parking for Barrie Ont.
Required over 100 spaces 1 space plus 3% of the required parking spaces
3% of 147 = 4.41 (5) plus 1 = 6 (6 required, provided 6)
(Type A - 3.4 x 1.5 - 3 spaces)
(Type B - 3.1 x 1.5 - 3 spaces)

| | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Bicycle Rack Storage (2 x 120) | 24 Required | 22 Secure Storage Provided |
| Total | | 14 Surface Bike Racks Provided |
| | | 36 Bikes |

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Required Outdoor Amenity Area (10m ² /unit-10x120) | 1200 m ² |
| Provided Amenity Breakdown For Condo Building | |

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Provided Outdoor Amenity | |
| Garden Amenity At Entry, A | 177.53 m ² |
| Patio area on east side, B | 191.86 m ² |
| Patio area over parking structure at North side, C | 232.70 m ² |
| Balcony area at typical floors (157.68 X 4 floors) | 630.72 m ² |
| Total Outdoor Amenity | 1319.81 m ² |

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Provided Shared Indoor Amenity | |
| lounge/meeting rooms Amenity Plus public Washrooms | 158.52 m ² |
| Total In door Amenity | 158.52 m ² |

Fire Route

| Unit type and area per floor | | AFFORDABLE UNIT * | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Unit | Area | Unit Type | Main floor | 2nd floor | 3rd floor | 4th floor |
| A | 55m | 1 bed 1 bath | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| B * | 34m | Bachelor | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| C * | 49m | 1 bed/1 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| D | 55m | 1 bed/1 bath/den | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| E | 50m | 1 bed/1 bath | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| E+ | 52m | 1 bed/1 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| F | 58m | 1 bed/1 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| G | 63m | 1 bed/1 bath/den | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| H | 86m | 2 bed/2 bath | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| I | 98m | 2 bed/2 bath/den | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| J | 70m | 2 bed/2 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| K | 106m | 3 bed/2 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| L | 80m | 2 bed/2 bath | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total Units | 120 | | 20 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Affordable Units * | | | | | 15 | |

| | | | |
|-----|---|------|------|
| 15 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 14 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 13 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 12 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 11 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 10 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 9 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 8 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 7 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 6 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 5 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 4 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 3 | ISSUED FOR CLIENT AND CONSULTANT REVIEW | 2021 | 2021 |
| 2 | ISSUED FOR CLIENT AND CONSULTANT REVIEW | 2021 | 2021 |
| 1 | ISSUED FOR CLIENT AND CONSULTANT REVIEW | 2021 | 2021 |
| No. | Description | Date | Rev. |
| 1 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
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| 10 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 11 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 12 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 13 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 14 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |
| 15 | ISSUED FOR PRE-CONSULTATION MEETING | 2021 | 2021 |



BURNSIDE

[THE DIFFERENCE IS OUR PEOPLE]

Appendix B

Borehole Logs



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Log of Borehole:









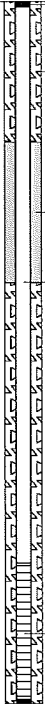








BH101-18

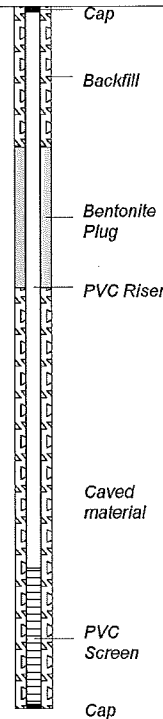
Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611321, 4912044

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 258.25m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---|---|--------|------|------------|---------|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|----------|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | Well Installation | Remarks | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | | | | |
| 258 | 0 |  | Topsoil: Black topsoil, organics, sand and silt, loose, moist | 1 | SS | 80 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SS5 GSA: Gravel 2% Sand 41% Silt 39% Clay 18% Ground water level encountered at 3.05 mbgs. Ground water measured at 1.73 mbgs on May 22, 2018 | | |
| | -1 | | Clay: Brown Silty Sandy Clay, trace to some sand, stiff, moist | 2 | SS | 100 | 9 | | | | | | | | | |  | Backfill |
| 257 | | | trace gravel, very stiff | 3 | SS | 80 | 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 256 | -2 |  | Sand: Brown Sand and Silt, some clay, trace gravel, fine, some silt, dense, moist | 4 | SS | 70 | 30 |  | PVC Riser | | | | | | | | | |
| | -3 | | | | | | | | |  | Caved material | | | | | | | |
| 255 | | | | | | | | | | | |  | PVC Screen | | | | | |
| 254 | -4 |  | Till: Brown Sandy Silt, trace gravel, some cobble, very dense, moist | 6 | SS | 40 | 50 |  | Cap | | | | | | | | | |
| 253 | -5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 252 | -6 |  | Sand: Brown fine Sand, trace to some silt, saturated, dense | 7 | SS | 70 | 31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | -7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | -8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | -8.08 | Borehole terminated at 8.08 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 249 | -9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | -10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | -11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 246 | -12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 245 | -13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



SS5 GSA:
Gravel 2%
Sand 41%
Silt 39%
Clay 18%

Ground water level encountered at 3.05 mbgs. Ground water measured at 1.73 mbgs on May 22, 2018

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Input By: AG



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Log of Borehole:


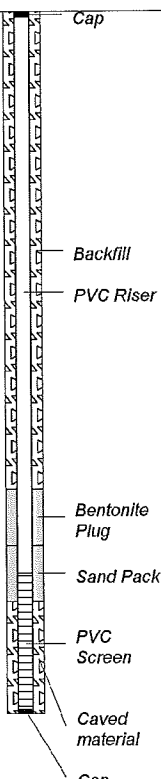















BH102-18

Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611471, 4912163

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 260.66m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---|---|--------|------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----------------------|---------|--|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | Well Installation | Remarks | |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | |
| 0 | |  | Topsoil: Black topsoil, sand and silt, organics, loose, moist | 1A | SS | 90 | 3 | | | | | | | |  |
| 260 | |  | Silty Sand: Brown Silty Sand, some clay, trace gravel, loose, moist | 1B | SS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | |  | | 2 | SS | 70 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 259 | |  | no clay, compact | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | |  | | 3 | SS | 80 | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 258 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | |  | | 4 | SS | 100 | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| 257 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | |  | | 5 | SS | 90 | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| 256 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | |  | very dense | 6 | SS | 100 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| 255 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 254 | |  | Silty Sand: Brown Silty Sand, trace gravel, saturated, very dense | 7 | SS | 90 | 42 | | | | | | | | |
| 253 | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | |  | | 8 | SS | 90 | 38 | | | | | | | | |
| 252 | | | Borehole terminated at 8.08 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 249 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Log of Borehole:







BH103-18

Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611572, 4912192

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 260.45m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---|--|--------|------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----------------------|---------|---|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | Well Installation | Remarks | |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | |
| 260 | 0 |  | Topsoil: Black and Brown topsoil, organics, very loose, moist | 1 | SS | 90 | 2 | | | | | | | | <div>Cap</div> <div></div> <div>Backfill</div> <div>PVC Riser</div> <div></div> <div>Bentonite Plug</div> <div></div> <div>Sand Pack</div> <div>PVC Screen</div> <div>Cap</div> <div>SS2 GSA: Gravel 3% Sand 49% Silt 32% Clay 16%</div> <div>Ground water level encountered at 4.57 mbgs. Ground water measured at 3.69 mbgs on May 22, 2018</div> |
| | |  | Silty Sand: Brown Silty Sand, some clay, trace gravel, firm, moist | 2 | SS | 80 | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 259 | 1 | | 0.2m layer of coarse sand | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | |  | | | 3 | SS | 50 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 258 | 2 | | | | 4 | SS | 50 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| | |  | Stiff | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 257 | 3 | | | | 5 | SS | 60 | 18 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 256 | 4 |  | Till: Brown Sandy Silt, trace gravel, very dense, moist | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 255 | 5 | | | | 6 | SS | 80 | 50 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 254 | 6 | | | | 7 | SS | 0 | 50 | | | | | | | |
| | |  | Sand: Brown Sand, trace silt, dense, saturated | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 253 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 252 | 8 | | | 8 | SS | 50 | 47 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Borehole terminated at 8.08 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 249 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Log of Borehole:

BH104-18

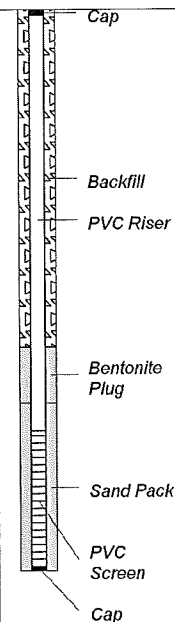
Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611363, 4911873

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 253.93m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-----------|---|----------|----------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----|----|-------------------|---|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | | | Well Installation | Remarks |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | | |
| 0 | | | Topsoil: Black topsoil, some sand and silt, organics, loose, wet to saturated | 1A 1B | SS SS | 50 | 3 | | | | | | | | Cap | Ground water level encountered at 3.05 mbgs. Ground water measured at -0.93 mbgs (over flowing) on May 22, 2018 |
| 253 | 1 | | Clay: Brown Silty Sandy Clay, trace sand, trace gravel, stiff, wet | 2 | SS | 100 | 9 | | | | | | | | Backfill | |
| | | | Grey, moist to wet | 3 | SS | 100 | 8 | | | | | | | | PVC Riser | |
| 252 | 2 | | very stiff | 4 | SS | 30 | 38 | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 3 | | stiff | 5 | SS | 50 | 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Bentonite Plug | |
| 249 | 5 | | | 6 | SS | 40 | 15 | | | | | | | | Sand Pack | |
| 248 | 6 | | some sand, very stiff | 7 | SS | 40 | 35 | | | | | | | | PVC Screen | |
| 247 | 7 | | Borehole terminated at 6.55 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | Cap | |
| 246 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 245 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 244 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 243 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 242 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 241 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Ground water level encountered at 3.05 mbgs. Ground water measured at -0.93 mbgs (over flowing) on May 22, 2018

Logged By: AG

Input By: AG



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Log of Borehole:

BH105-18

Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Maplevue Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Maplevue South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611481, 4911961

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 252.82m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-----------|---|--------|------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----|----|-------------------|---------|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | | | Well Installation | Remarks |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | | |
| 252 | 0 | | Topsoil: Black topsoil, organics, loose, moist | 1 | SS | 25 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2A | SS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 1 | | Clay: Grey Silty Sandy Clay, trace gravel, stiff, moist | 2B | SS | 25 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 2 | | | 3 | SS | 100 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 249 | 3 | | | 4 | SS | 100 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | 4 | | no gravel | 5 | SS | 100 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | 5 | | Till: Grey Sandy Silt, trace clay, compact, saturated | 6 | SS | 60 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 246 | 6 | | possible cobble, trace gravel, saturated | 7 | SS | 50 | 18 | | | | | | | | | |
| 245 | 7 | | Borehole terminated at 6.55 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 244 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 243 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 242 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 241 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 240 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Cap

Backfill

PVC Riser

Bentonite Plug

Sand Pack

PVC Screen

Cap

Ground water level encountered at 4.57 mbgs. Ground water measured at -1 mbgs (over flowing) on May 22, 2018

Logged By: AG

Input By: AG



**Peterborough
Barrie
Oshawa
Kingston**
T: 866-217-7900
www.cambium-inc.com

Log of Borehole:




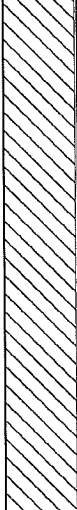

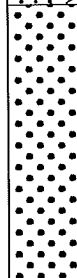
BH106-18A

Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611598, 4912035

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 252.25m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---|--|--------|------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----|----|-------------------|---|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | | | Well Installation | Remarks |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | | |
| 252 | 0 |  | Topsoil: Black topsoil, organics, loose, moist | 1 | SS | 50 | 3 | | | | | | | | Cap | SS9 GSA: Gravel 8% Sand 59% Silt 12% Clay 21% |
| | | | | 2A | SS | 50 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 1 |  | Silty Sand: Brown fine Silty Sand, some clay, trace gravel, loose, wet | 2B | SS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | |  | Clay: Grey Silty Sandy Clay, stiff, moist | 3 | SS | 70 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 2 |  | saturated | 4 | SS | 80 | 12 | | | | | | | | Backfill | |
| 249 | 3 | | | 5 | SS | 80 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | 5 | | | 6 | SS | 90 | 9 | | | | | | | | PVC Riser | |
| 246 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 245 | 7 | | some cobble, very stiff | 7 | SS | 50 | 21 | | | | | | | | | |
| 244 | 8 |  | Till: Grey Sandy Silt, trace clay and gravel, compact, saturated | 8 | SS | 60 | 29 | | | | | | | | | |
| 243 | 9 | | | 9 | SS | 100 | 18 | | | | | | | | | |
| 242 | 10 |  | Sand: Brown fine Sand, some gravel, trace silt, compact, saturated | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 241 | 11 | | | 10 | SS | 100 | 21 | | | | | | | | | |
| 240 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | dense | 11 | SS | 100 | 36 | | | | | | | | PVC Screen | |
| 239 | 13 | | Borehole terminated at 12.65 mbgs | | | | | | | | | | | | Cap | |

SS9 GSA:
Gravel 8%
Sand 59%
Silt 12%
Clay 21%

Ground water level
encountered at 3.05
mbgs. Ground water
measured at -0.83
mbgs (over flowing)
on May 22, 2018

Logged By: AG

Input By: AG



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Oshawa
Kingston
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Log of Borehole:

BH106-18B

Page 1 of 1

Client: The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Contractor: Walker Drilling
Location: 953 Mapleview Dr. East, Barrie

Project Name: Mapleview South Development Project
Method: Hollow Stem Auger
UTM: 17T, 611598, 4912036

Project No.: 7468-001
Date Completed: 2018-05-14
Elevation: 252.28m

| SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | SAMPLE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-----------|-------------|--------|------|------------|---------|------------|----|----|---------|----|----|----|--|--|
| Elevation (m) | Depth | Lithology | Description | Number | Type | % Recovery | SPT (N) | % Moisture | | | SPT (N) | | | | Well Installation | Remarks |
| | | | | | | | | 25 | 50 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | | |
| 252 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | <div><div>Cap</div><div>Backfill</div><div>PVC Screen</div><div>Bentonite Plug</div><div>Sand Pack</div><div>PVC Riser</div><div>Cap</div></div> | Ground water level encountered at 3.05 mbgs. Ground water measured at 0.17 mbgs (water level rising when measured) on May 22, 2018 |
| 251 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 249 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 248 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 247 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 246 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 245 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 244 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 243 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 242 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 241 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 240 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 239 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Logged By: AG

Input By: AG



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Appendix C

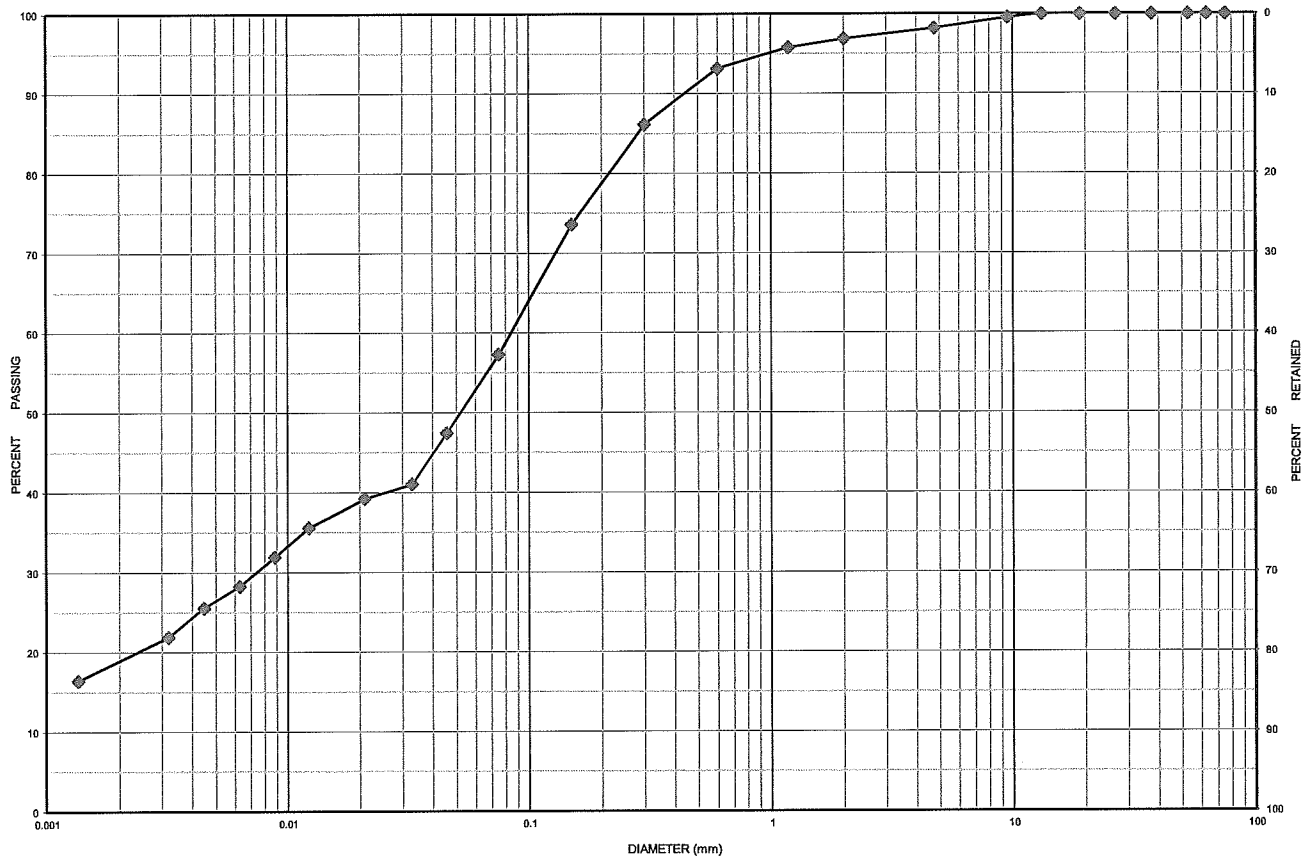
Hydraulic Conductivity Data



Grain Size Distribution Chart


Project Number: 7468-001 **Client:** The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Project Name: Geotech - Maplevue South Development, Innisfil
Sample Date: May 9, 2018 **Sampled By:** Alex Griffin - Cambium Inc.
Location: BH 101-18 SS 5 **Depth:** 3 m to 3.5 m **Lab Sample No:** S-18-0444

| UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| CLAY & SILT (<0.075 mm) | SAND (<4.75 mm to 0.075 mm) | | | GRAVEL (>4.75 mm) | |
| | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | COARSE |



| MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| CLAY | SILT | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | BOULDER |
| | | SAND | | | GRAVEL | | | |

| Location | Sample No. | Depth | Gravel | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moisture |
|---------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| BH 101-18 | SS 5 | 3 m to 3.5 m | 2 | 41 | 57 | | 10.4 |
| Description | | Classification | D ₆₀ | D ₃₀ | D ₁₀ | C _u | C _c |
| Sand and Silty some Clay trace Gravel | | SP-ML | 0.085 | 0.0074 | - | - | - |

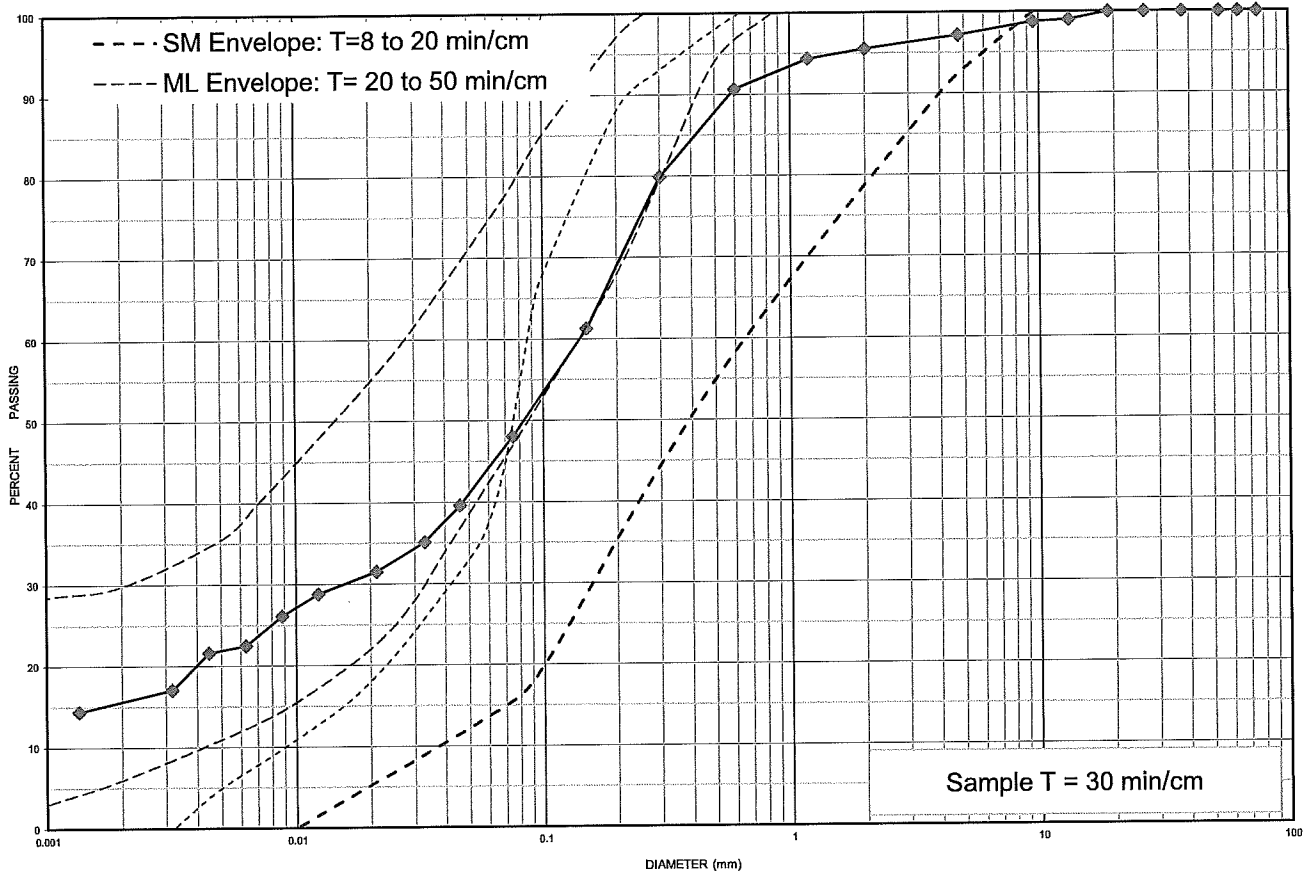
Issued By:  (Senior Project Manager) **Date Issued:** June 5, 2018



Grain Size Distribution Chart


Project Number: 7468-001 **Client:** The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Project Name: Geotech - Maplevue South Development, Innisfil
Sample Date: May 9, 2018 **Sampled By:** Alex Griffin - Cambium Inc.
Hole No.: BH 103-18 SS 2 **Depth:** 0.6 m to 1.2 m **Lab Sample No:** S-18-0441

| UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| CLAY & SILT (<0.075 mm) | SAND (<4.75 mm to 0.075 mm) | | | GRAVEL (>4.75 mm) | |
| | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | COARSE |



| MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| CLAY | SILT | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | BOULDERS |
| | | SAND | | | GRAVEL | | | |

| Borehole No. | Sample No. | Depth | Gravel | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moisture |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| BH 103-18 | SS 2 | 0.6 m to 1.2 m | 3 | 49 | 48 | | 13.7 |
| Description | | Classification | D ₆₀ | D ₃₀ | D ₁₀ | C _u | C _c |
| Silty Sand some Clay trace Gravel | | SM | 0.14 | 0.02 | - | - | - |

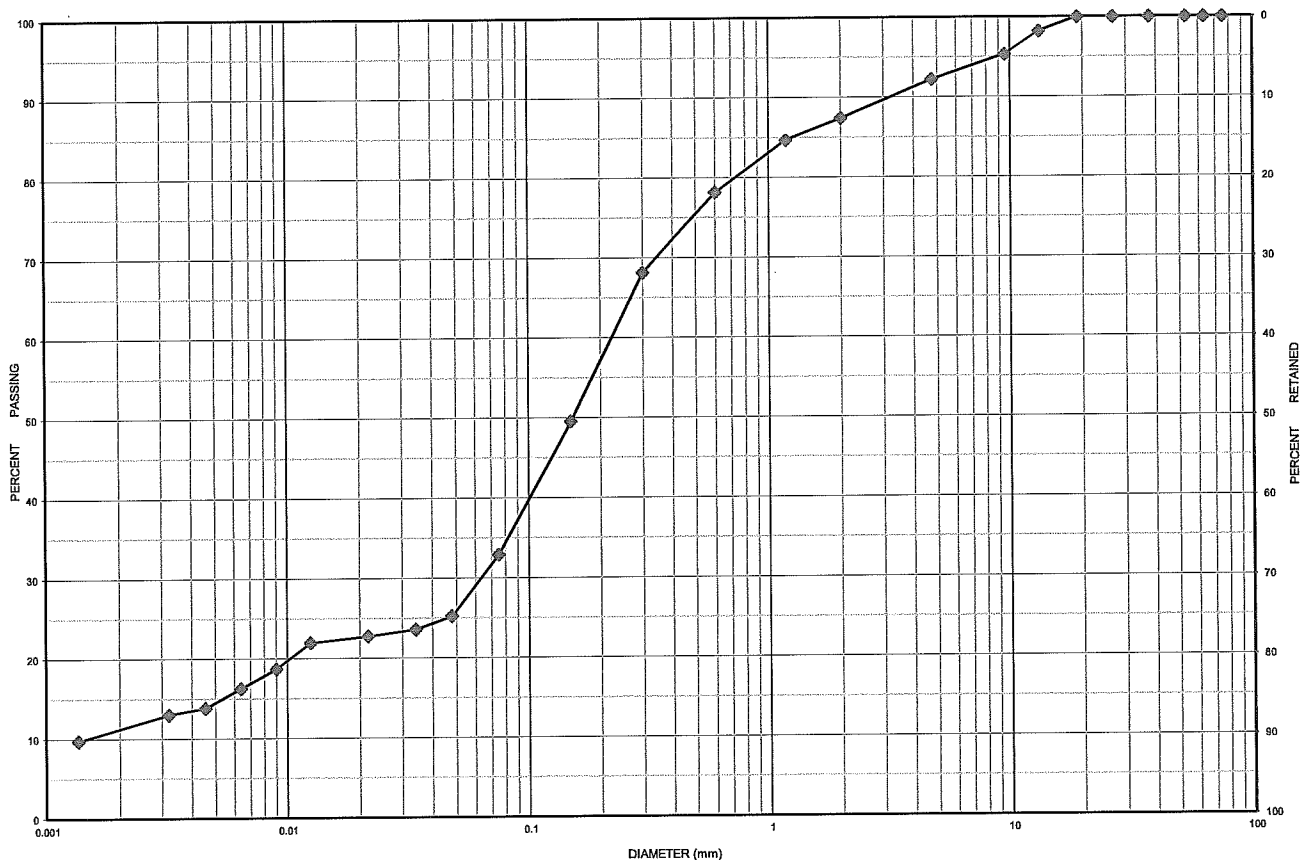
Issued By:  (Senior Project Manager) **Date Issued:** June 7, 2018



Grain Size Distribution Chart


Project Number: 7468-001 **Client:** The Jones Consulting Group Ltd.
Project Name: Geotech - Mapleview South Development, Innisfil
Sample Date: May 9, 2018 **Sampled By:** Alex Griffin - Cambium Inc.
Location: BH 106-18 SS 9 **Depth:** 9.1 m to 9.6 m **Lab Sample No:** S-18-0442

| UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| CLAY & SILT (<0.075 mm) | SAND (<4.75 mm to 0.075 mm) | | | GRAVEL (>4.75 mm) | |
| | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | COARSE |

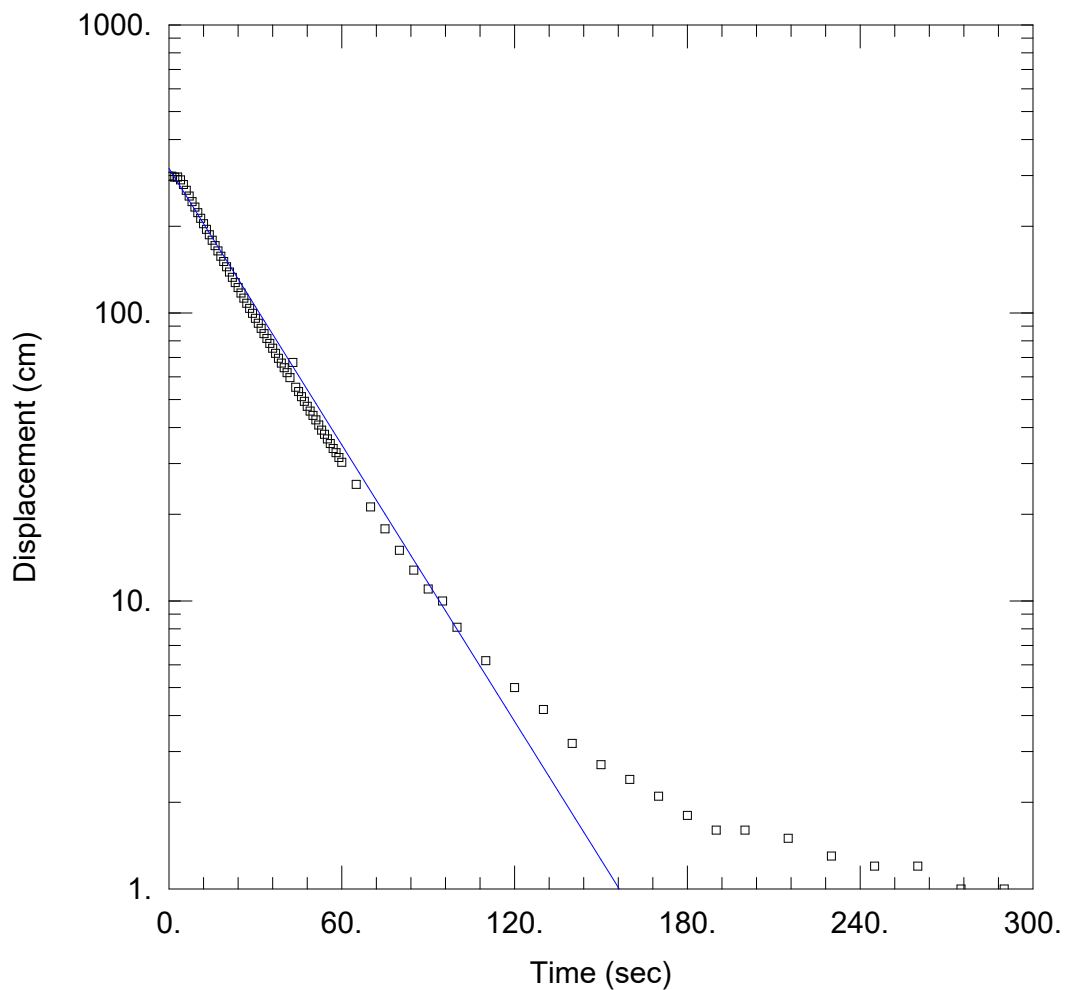


| MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| CLAY | SILT | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | FINE | MEDIUM | COARSE | BOULDER |
| | | SAND | | | GRAVEL | | | |

| Location | Sample No. | Depth | Gravel | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moisture |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| BH 106-18 | SS 9 | 9.1 m to 9.6 m | 8 | 59 | 33 | | 13.2 |
| Description | | Classification | D ₆₀ | D ₃₀ | D ₁₀ | C _u | C _c |
| Silty Sand some Clay trace Gravel | | SM | 0.220 | 0.064 | 0.0014 | 157.14 | 13.30 |

Issued By: 
 (Senior Project Manager)

Date Issued: June 7, 2018



HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST AT MS-103 (SCREENED IN SANDY SILT TILL)

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: R.J Burnside & Associates Limi

Project: 300042309

Location: Barrie

Test Well: MS-103

Test Date: June 18, 2019

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 314. cm

Anisotropy Ratio (K_z/K_r): 0.1

WELL DATA (MS-103)

Initial Displacement: 298.5 cm

Static Water Column Height: 314. cm

Total Well Penetration Depth: 314. cm

Screen Length: 152. cm

Casing Radius: 2.54 cm

Well Radius: 7.62 cm

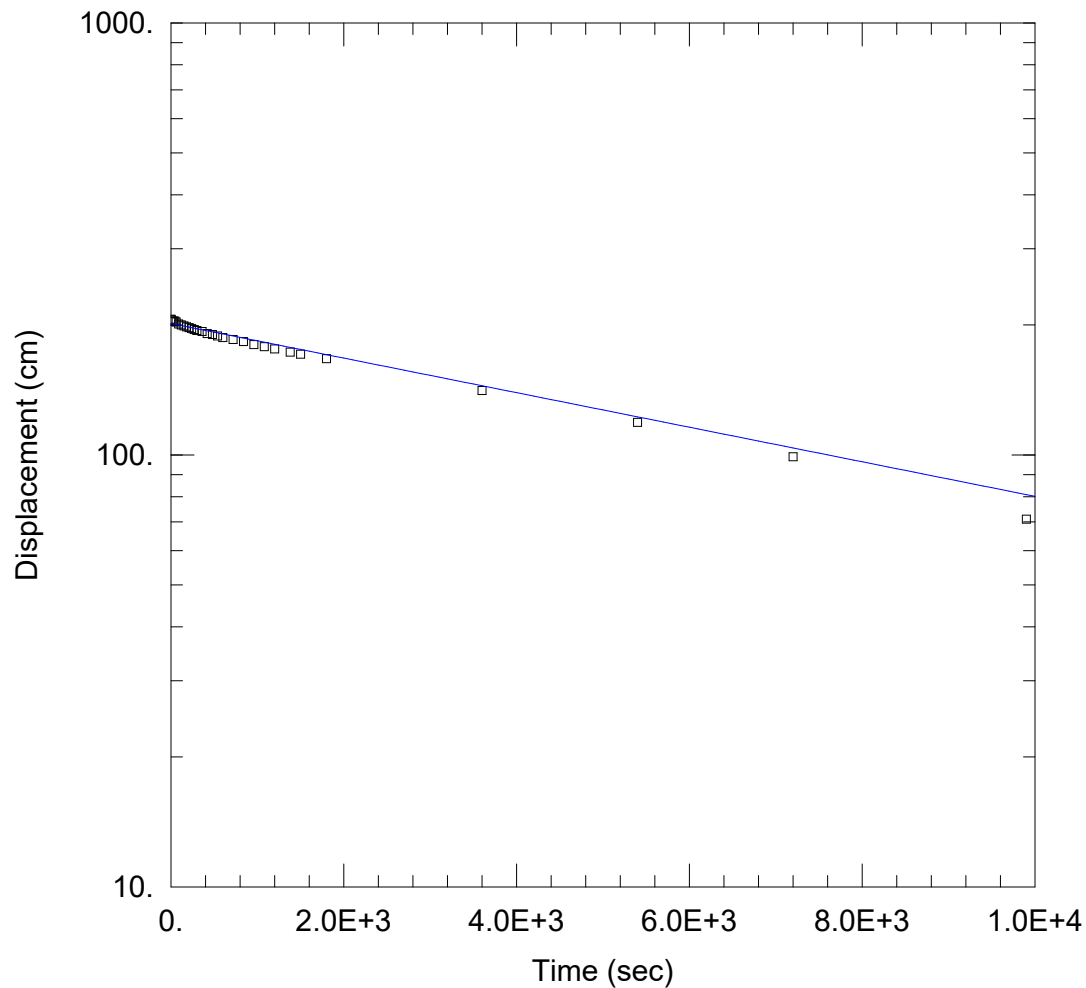
SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined

Solution Method: Bouwer-Rice

$K = 0.002844$ cm/sec

$y_0 = 317.6$ cm



HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST AT MS-106S (SCREENED IN SILTY SANDY CLAY)

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: R.J Burnside & Associates Limi
 Project: 300042309
 Location: Barrie
 Test Well: MS-106s
 Test Date: November 12, 2019

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 698. cm Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

WELL DATA (MS-106s)

Initial Displacement: 206. cm Static Water Column Height: 698. cm
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 698. cm Screen Length: 152. cm
 Casing Radius: 2.54 cm Well Radius: 7.62 cm

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Bouwer-Rice
 K = 8.039E-6 cm/sec y0 = 201.4 cm



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Appendix D

Groundwater Level Data

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 22-May-2018 | | 2-Aug-2018 | | 6-Sep-2018 | | 28-Sep-2018 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | 1.73 | 256.52 | 2.59 | 255.66 | 2.68 | 255.57 | 2.85 | 255.40 |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | 3.69 | 256.76 | 4.70 | 255.75 | 4.87 | 255.58 | 5.05 | 255.40 |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | 0.17 | 252.08 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |

Notes:

"-" denotes data unavailable

Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 24-Oct-2018 | | 29-Nov-2018 | | 17-Dec-2018 | | 1-Feb-2019 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | 2.92 | 255.33 | 2.15 | 256.10 | 2.19 | 256.06 | 2.55 | 255.70 |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | 5.14 | 255.31 | 4.62 | 255.83 | 4.47 | 255.98 | 4.68 | 255.77 |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | Flowing | Flowing | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Flowing | Flowing | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen |

Notes:

"-" denotes data unavailable

Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 1-Mar-2019 | | 2-Apr-2019 | | 6-May-2019 | | 29-May-2019 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | 2.69 | 255.56 | 2.37 | 255.88 | 1.46 | 256.79 | 1.87 | 256.38 |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | 4.83 | 255.62 | 4.70 | 255.75 | 3.61 | 256.84 | 4.00 | 256.45 |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Frozen | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Frozen | Frozen | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |

Notes:

"-" denotes data unavailable

Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 25-Jun-2019 | | 26-Aug-2019 | | 23-Oct-2019 | | 16-Dec-2019 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | 2.19 | 256.06 | - | - | 3.18 | 255.07 | 2.62 | 255.63 |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | 4.34 | 256.11 | 6.00 | 254.45 | 5.36 | 255.09 | 4.93 | 255.52 |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | Flowing | Flowing | - | - | Flowing | Flowing | Frozen | Frozen |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Flowing | Flowing | - | - | Flowing | Flowing | Frozen | Frozen |

Notes:

"-" denotes data unavailable

Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 26-Mar-2020 | | 24-Jun-2020 | | 21-Sep-2020 | | 17-Dec-2020 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | 1.49 | 256.76 | 2.27 | 255.98 | - | - | Removed | - |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | 3.68 | 256.77 | 4.24 | 256.21 | 4.03 | 256.42 | Removed | - |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Frozen | Frozen |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |

Notes:

"-" denotes data unavailable

Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

Table D-1
Groundwater Elevations

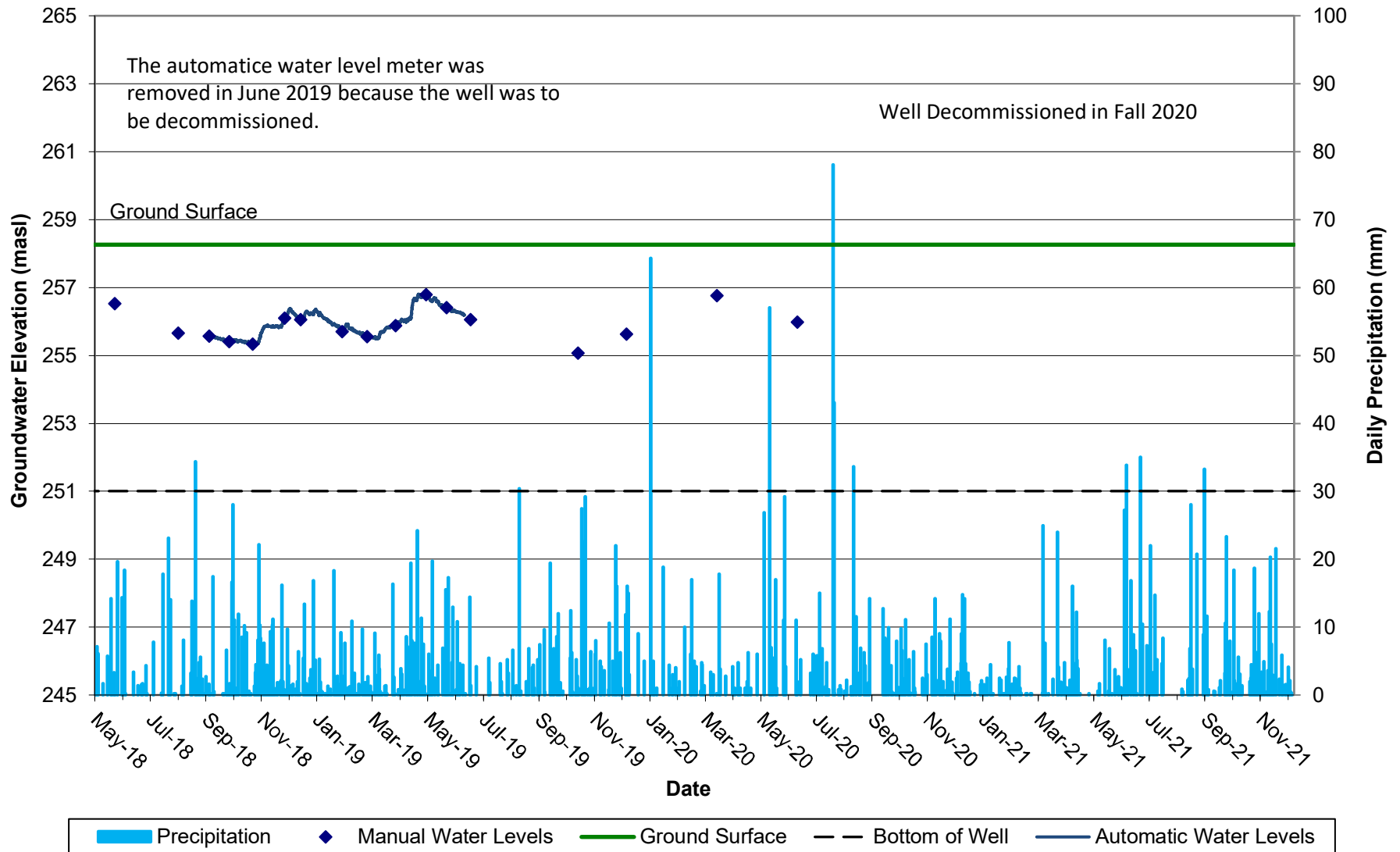
| | Well Depth (mbgl) | Ground Surface Elevation (masl) | 1-Apr-2021 | | 24-Aug-2021 | | 14-Dec-2021 | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) | Water Level (mbgs) | Water Elevation (masl) |
| MS-101 | 7.24 | 258.25 | Removed | - | Removed | - | Removed | - |
| MS-103 | 7.32 | 260.45 | Removed | - | Removed | - | Removed | - |
| MS-106s | 6.06 | 252.25 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |
| MS-106d | 11.71 | 252.28 | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing | Flowing |

Notes:

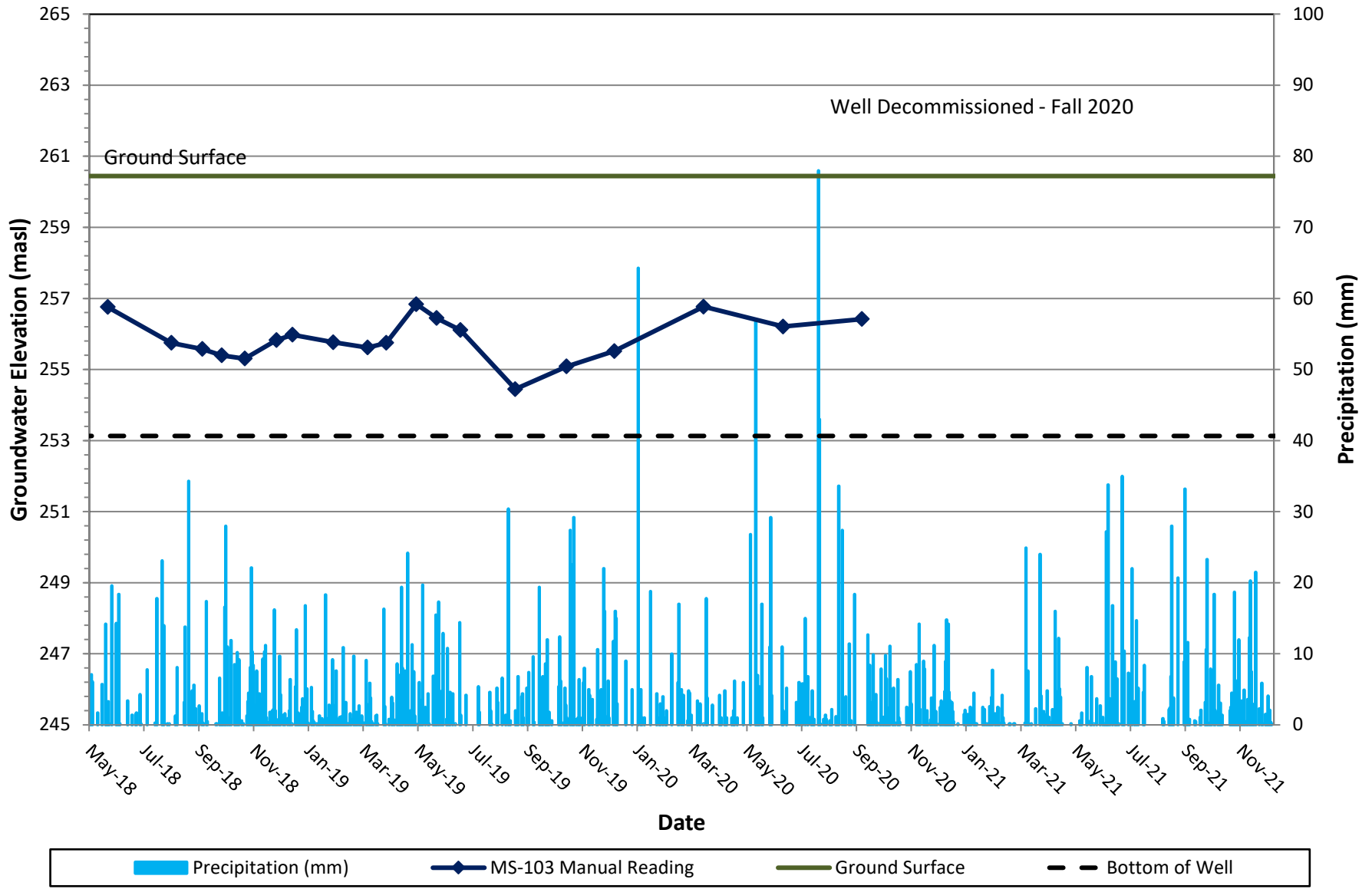
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Ground elevations from Cambium Incorporated

MS-101 (Well Depth 7.2 m, Screened in Sandy Silt Till/Sand) **Groundwater Elevations**

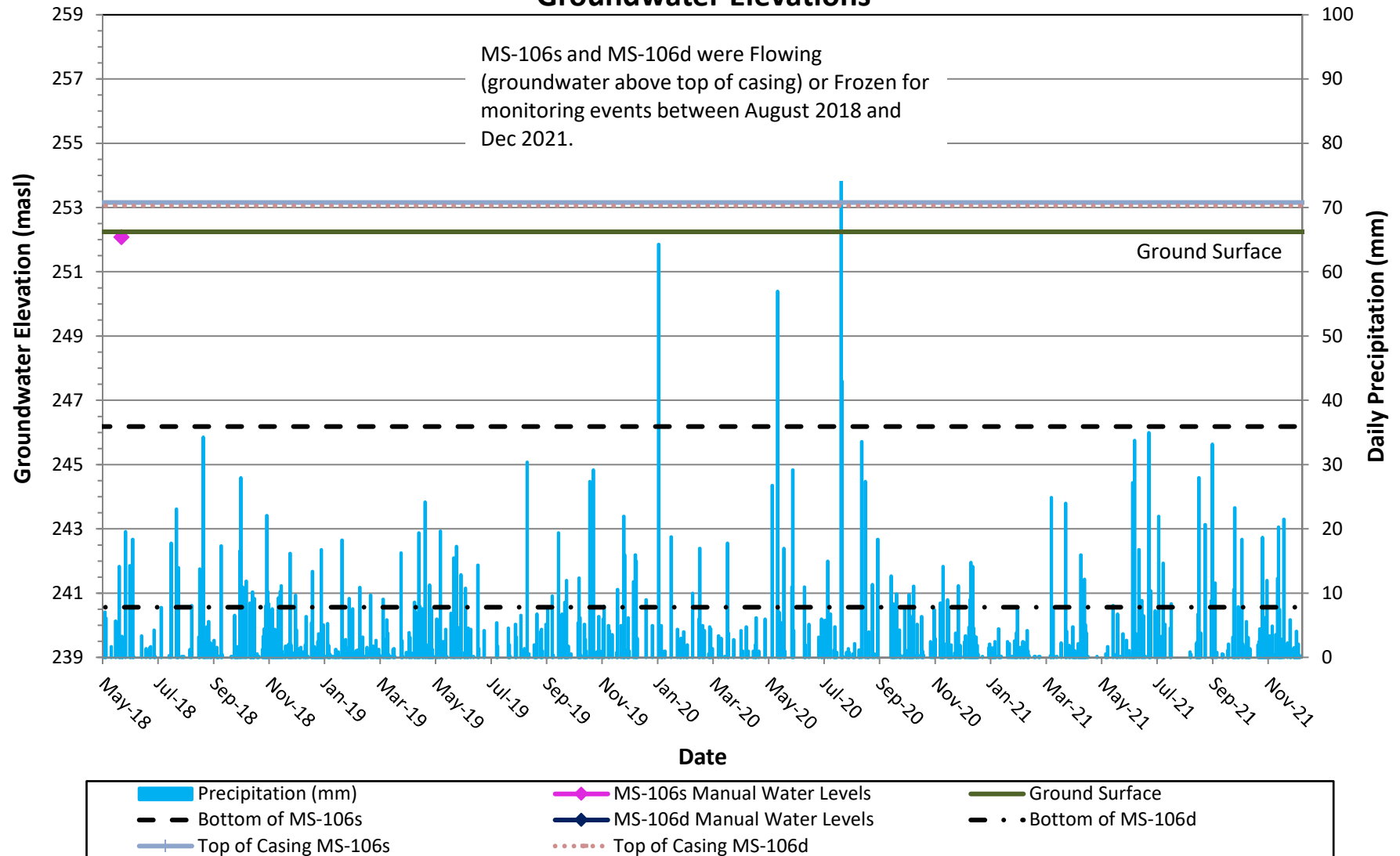


MS-103 (Well Depth: 7.3 m, Screened in Sandy Silt Till) Groundwater Elevations



MS-106s (Well Depth: 6.0 m, Screened in Silty Sandy Clay)
MS-106d (Well Depth: 11.7 m, Screened in Sand)

Groundwater Elevations





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Appendix E

Water Quality

Table E-1
Groundwater Quality

| Monitoring Well | | | | MS-103 |
|--|----------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Date Sampled | | | | 6-May-19 |
| Parameter | Unit | RDL | PWQO | |
| Electrical Conductivity | µS/cm | 2 | | 536 |
| pH | pH Units | NA | (6.5-8.5) | 7.79 |
| Saturation pH | | | | 7.23 |
| Langelier Index | | | | 0.56 |
| Total Hardness (as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 0.5 | | 239 |
| Total Dissolved Solids | mg/L | 20 | | 306 |
| Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 5 | | 179 |
| Bicarbonate (as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 5 | | 179 |
| Carbonate (as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 5 | | <5 |
| Hydroxide (as CaCO ₃) | mg/L | 5 | | <5 |
| Fluoride | mg/L | 0.05 | | <0.05 |
| Chloride | mg/L | 0.10 | | 18 |
| Nitrate as N | mg/L | 0.05 | | 1.75 |
| Nitrite as N | mg/L | 0.05 | | <0.05 |
| Bromide | mg/L | 0.05 | | <0.05 |
| Sulphate | mg/L | 0.10 | | 10.3 |
| Ortho Phosphate as P | mg/L | 0.10 | | <0.10 |
| Ammonia as N | mg/L | 0.02 | | <0.02 |
| Total Phosphorus | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Total Organic Carbon | mg/L | 1.0 | | 4.8 |
| Colour | TCU | 5 | | <5 |
| Turbidity | NTU | 15 | | 26400 |
| Calcium | mg/L | 0.05 | | 85.5 |
| Magnesium | mg/L | 0.05 | | 6.24 |
| Sodium | mg/L | 0.05 | | 7.52 |
| Potassium | mg/L | 0.05 | | 0.83 |
| Aluminum (Dissolved) | mg/L | 0.004 | 0.075 | 0.007 |
| Antimony | mg/L | 0.003 | | <0.003 |
| Arsenic | mg/L | 0.003 | 1 | <0.003 |
| Barium | mg/L | 0.002 | | 0.023 |
| Beryllium | mg/L | 0.001 | | <0.001 |
| Boron | mg/L | 0.010 | 2 | <0.010 |
| Cadmium | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.0002 | <0.001 |
| Chromium | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.009 | <0.003 |
| Cobalt | mg/L | 0.001 | | <0.001 |
| Copper | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.005 | <0.003 |
| Iron | mg/L | 0.010 | 0.3 | <0.010 |
| Lead | mg/L | 0.001 | 0.001 | <0.001 |
| Manganese | mg/L | 0.002 | | <0.002 |
| Mercury (Dissolved) | mg/L | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | <0.0001 |
| Molybdenum | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.04 | <0.002 |
| Nickel | mg/L | 0.003 | 0.025 | <0.003 |
| Selenium | mg/L | 0.004 | 0.01 | <0.004 |
| Silver | mg/L | 0.002 | <0.002 | <0.002 |
| Strontium | mg/L | 0.005 | | 0.161 |
| Thallium | mg/L | 0.006 | 0.0003 | <0.006 |
| Tin | mg/L | 0.002 | | <0.002 |
| Titanium | mg/L | 0.002 | | <0.002 |
| Tungsten | mg/L | 0.010 | | <0.010 |
| Uranium | mg/L | 0.002 | 0.005 | <0.002 |
| Vanadium | mg/L | 0.002 | | <0.002 |
| Zinc | mg/L | 0.005 | 0.03 | <0.005 |
| Zirconium | mg/L | 0.004 | | <0.004 |
| % Difference/ Ion Balance | % | NA | | 7.4 |

RDL - Reported Detection Limit

PWQS - Provincial Water Quality Standards



BURNSIDE

[THE DIFFERENCE IS OUR PEOPLE]

Appendix F

Water Balance

Appendix F

WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS

Mapleview South - Block 192
Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, ON
PROJECT No.300042309



TABLE F-1

| Water Balance Components | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Based on Thornthwaite's Soil Moisture Balance Approach with a Soil Moisture Retention of 150 mm (moderately-rooted vegetation in sandy loam soils) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Precipitation data from Barrie WPCC Climate Station (1981 - 2010) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Potential Evapotranspiration Calculation | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | YEAR |
|--|------|---------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| Average Temperature (Degree C) | -7.7 | -6.6 | -2.1 | 5.6 | 12.3 | 17.9 | 20.8 | 19.7 | 15.3 | 8.7 | 2.7 | -3.5 | 6.9 |
| Heat index: $i = (t/5)^{1.514}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.19 | 3.91 | 6.90 | 8.66 | 7.97 | 5.44 | 2.31 | 0.39 | 0.00 | 36.8 |
| Unadjusted Daily Potential Evapotranspiration U (mm) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 25.18 | 58.76 | 88.02 | 103.48 | 97.59 | 74.33 | 40.47 | 11.47 | 0.00 | 499 |
| Adjusting Factor for U (Latitude 44° 20' N) | 0.81 | 0.82 | 1.02 | 1.13 | 1.27 | 1.29 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.04 | 0.95 | 0.8 | 0.76 | |
| Adjusted Potential Evapotranspiration PET (mm) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 135 | 117 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 593 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WATER BALANCE COMPONENTS | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | YEAR |
| Precipitation (P) | 83 | 62 | 58 | 62 | 82 | 85 | 77 | 90 | 94 | 78 | 89 | 74 | 933 |
| Potential Evapotranspiration (PET) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 135 | 117 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 593 |
| P - PET | 83 | 62 | 58 | 34 | 8 | -29 | -57 | -27 | 17 | 39 | 80 | 74 | 340 |
| Change in Soil Moisture Storage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -29 | -57 | -27 | 17 | 39 | 58 | 0 | 0 |
| Soil Moisture Storage max 150 mm | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 121 | 64 | 37 | 53 | 92 | 150 | 150 | |
| Actual Evapotranspiration (AET) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 135 | 117 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 593 |
| Soil Moisture Deficit max 150 mm | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 86 | 113 | 97 | 58 | 0 | 0 | |
| Water Surplus - available for infiltration or runoff | 83 | 62 | 58 | 34 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 74 | 340 |
| Potential Infiltration (based on MOE methodology*; independent of temperature) | 50 | 37 | 35 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 44 | 204 |
| Potential Direct Surface Water Runoff (independent of temperature) | 33 | 25 | 23 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 29 | 136 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IMPERVIOUS AREA WATER SURPLUS | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | YEAR |
| Precipitation (P) | 933 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Evaporation (PE) from impervious areas (assume 15%) | 140 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P-PE (surplus available for runoff from impervious areas) | 793 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |

Assume January storage is 100% of Soil Moisture Storage
Soil Moisture Storage

150 mm

-- See "Water Holding Capacity" values in Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

*MOE SWM infiltration calculations

topography - hilly land (avg slope ~ 5%)

soils - combinations of sandy loam and loam

cover - predominantly cultivated land

Infiltration factor

0.1

0.4

0.1

0.6

-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

Latitude of site (or climate station)

44 ° N.

WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS

Mapleview South - Block 192
Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, ON
PROJECT No.300042309



TABLE F-2

| Water Balance Components | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Based on Thornthwaite's Soil Moisture Balance Approach with a Soil Moisture Retention of 75 mm (urban lawn in sandy loam soils) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Precipitation data from Barrie WPCC Climate Station (1981 - 2010) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Potential Evapotranspiration Calculation | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | YEAR |
|--|------|---------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| Average Temperature (Degree C) | -7.7 | -6.6 | -2.1 | 5.6 | 12.3 | 17.9 | 20.8 | 19.7 | 15.3 | 8.7 | 2.7 | -3.5 | 6.9 |
| Heat index: $i = (t/5)^{1.514}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.19 | 3.91 | 6.90 | 8.66 | 7.97 | 5.44 | 2.31 | 0.39 | 0.00 | 36.8 |
| Unadjusted Daily Potential Evapotranspiration U (mm) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 25.18 | 58.76 | 88.02 | 103.48 | 97.59 | 74.33 | 40.47 | 11.47 | 0.00 | 499 |
| Adjusting Factor for U (Latitude 44° 20' N) | 0.81 | 0.82 | 1.02 | 1.13 | 1.27 | 1.29 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.04 | 0.95 | 0.8 | 0.76 | |
| Adjusted Potential Evapotranspiration PET (mm) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 135 | 117 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 593 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WATER BALANCE COMPONENTS | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | YEAR |
| Precipitation (P) | 83 | 62 | 58 | 62 | 82 | 85 | 77 | 90 | 94 | 78 | 89 | 74 | 933 |
| Potential Evapotranspiration (PET) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 135 | 117 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 593 |
| P - PET | 83 | 62 | 58 | 34 | 8 | -29 | -57 | -27 | 17 | 39 | 80 | 74 | 340 |
| Change in Soil Moisture Storage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -29 | -46 | 0 | 17 | 39 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Soil Moisture Storage max 75 mm | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 56 | 75 | 75 | |
| Actual Evapotranspiration (AET) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 75 | 114 | 123 | 90 | 77 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 555 |
| Soil Moisture Deficit max 75 mm | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 75 | 75 | 58 | 19 | 0 | 0 | |
| Water Surplus - available for infiltration or runoff | 83 | 62 | 58 | 34 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 74 | 378 |
| Potential Infiltration (based on MOE methodology*; independent of temperature) | 54 | 40 | 38 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 48 | 246 |
| Potential Direct Surface Water Runoff (independent of temperature) | 29 | 22 | 20 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 26 | 132 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IMPERVIOUS AREA WATER SURPLUS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Precipitation (P) | 933 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Evaporation (PE) from impervious areas (assume 15%) | 140 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P-PE (surplus available for runoff from impervious areas) | 793 | mm/year | | | | | | | | | | | |

Assume January storage is 100% of Soil Moisture Storage
Soil Moisture Storage

75 mm

<-- See "Water Holding Capacity" values in Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

*MOE SWM infiltration calculations

topography - hilly land (avg slope ~ 5%)

0.1

<-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

soils - combinations of sandy loam and loam

0.4

<-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

cover - urban lawn

0.15

<-- Infiltration Factors from the bottom section of Table 3.1, MOE SWMPDM, 2003

Infiltration factor

0.65

Latitude of site (or climate station)

44 ° N.

WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS

Mapleview South - Block 192
Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, ON
PROJECT No.300042309



TABLE F-3

Water Balance for Pre- and Post-Development Land Use Conditions (with no SWM/LID measures in place)
Site Plan Block 192

| Land Use Description | Approx. Land Area* (m ²) | Estimated Impervious Fraction for Land Use* | Estimated Impervious Area (m ²) | Runoff from Impervious Area** (m/a) | Runoff Volume from Impervious Area (m ³ /a) | Estimated Pervious Area (m ²) | Runoff from Pervious Area** (m/a) | Runoff Volume from Pervious Area (m ³ /a) | Infiltration from Pervious Area** (m/a) | Infiltration Volume from Pervious Area (m ³ /a) | Total Runoff Volume (m ³ /a) | Total Infiltration Volume (m ³ /a) |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Pre-Development Land Use | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Natural Heritage System / Wetland | 185 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.793 | 0 | 185 | 0.136 | 25 | 0.204 | 38 | 25 | 38 |
| Open Space /Agricultural | 7,122 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.793 | 0 | 7,122 | 0.136 | 968 | 0.204 | 1,452 | 968 | 1,452 |
| Rural Residential | 93 | 0.25 | 23 | 0.793 | 18 | 70 | 0.132 | 9 | 0.204 | 14 | 28 | 14 |
| TOTAL PRE-DEVELOPMENT | 7,400 | | 23 | | 18 | 7,377 | | 1,002 | | 1,504 | 1,021 | 1,504 |
| Post-Development Land Use (with no LID measures in place) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,800 | 1.00 | 1,800 | 0.793 | 1,427 | 0 | 0.132 | 0 | 0.246 | 0 | 1,427 | 0 |
| Pavement | 3,000 | 1.00 | 3,000 | 0.793 | 2,379 | 0 | 0.132 | 0 | 0.246 | 0 | 2,379 | 0 |
| Landscaped | 2,400 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.793 | 0 | 2,400 | 0.132 | 318 | 0.246 | 590 | 318 | 590 |
| Landscaped with Underground Parking | 200 | 1.00 | 200 | 0.793 | 159 | 0 | 0.132 | 0 | 0.246 | 0 | 159 | 0 |
| TOTAL POST-DEVELOPMENT | 7,400 | | 5,000 | | 3,965 | 2,400 | | 318 | | 590 | 4,282 | 590 |
| % Change from Pre to Post | | | | | | | | | | | 420 | 61 |
| Effect of development (with no mitigation) | | | | | | | | | | | 4.2 times increase in runoff | 61% reduction of infiltration |

* data provided by Jones Consulting Group Ltd.

** figures from Tables F-1 and F-2

To balance pre- to post-,
the infiltration target (m³/a)=

914

WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS

Mapleview South - Block 192
Mapleview South (Innisfil) Ltd.
Barrie, ON
PROJECT No.300042309

**TABLE F-4**

| Water Balance Mitigation Strategy Direct Runoff to Infiltration Facility | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| Total Area (m²) | Total Annual Precipitation (m)* | Runoff Volume from Impervious Area (m³/a)*** | Runoff Volume from Pervious Area (m³/a)*** | Total Runoff Volume (m³/a) | Potential Infiltration (m³/a) in Facility (assumes 71% capture of total annual runoff volume)** |
| 7,400 | 0.933 | 3,965 | 318 | 4,282 | 3,040 |

* values from Barrie WPCC climate station

** based on data provided by Jones Consulting

*** figures from Table F-3

