

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT, WATER REPORT AND TRAFFIC BRIEF

**1911882 ONTARIO INC.
ADDITION AND RENOVATIONS TO
GOOD STORAGE PLUS
620 VETERANS DRIVE
CITY OF BARRIE
COUNTY OF SIMCOE**



**PEARSON
ENGINEERING**

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1. TERMS OF REFERENCE	1
2. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT	1
2.1. ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY	2
2.2. EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	2
2.3. PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	2
2.4. STORMWATER QUANTITY CONTROL	3
2.5. STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL	3
2.5.1. PERMANENT QUALITY CONTROL	4
2.5.2. QUALITY CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION	4
3. PHOSPHORUS BUDGET	4
4. WATER BALANCE	5
5. FIRE FLOW	5
6. TRAFFIC BRIEF	5
6.1. EXISTING CONDITIONS	5
6.2. EXISTING ROAD GEOMETRICS	6
6.3. PROPOSED CONDITIONS	6
7. CONCLUSIONS	7



APPENDICES

- Appendix A** – Stormwater Management Calculations
- Appendix B** – Water Balance Calculations
- Appendix C** – Phosphorus Budget Calculations
- Appendix D** – Stormtech Storage System Information
- Appendix E** – Mapleview Industrial Subdivision Storm Drainage Drawing
- Appendix F** – Flow Test Results
- Appendix G** - Traffic Counts and Trip Generation
- Appendix H** – Pearson Engineering Drawings

LIST OF FIGURES & DRAWINGS

- Figure 1** - Site Location Plan
- Dwg SG-1** - Site Grading Plan
- Dwg SS-1** - Site Servicing Plan
- Dwg STM-1** - Pre-Development Catchment Plan
- Dwg STM-2** - Post-Development Catchment Plan
- Dwg EP-1** - Erosion Protection Plan



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT, WATER REPORT AND TRAFFIC BRIEF 620 VETERANS DRIVE, BARRIE

1 . INTRODUCTION

PEARSON Engineering Ltd. has been retained by 1911882 Ontario Inc. (Client) to prepare a Stormwater Management (SWM) Report, Water Report and Traffic Brief in support of the proposed building expansion located at 620 Veterans Drive within the Mapleview Industrial Developments subdivision in the City of Barrie (City), County of Simcoe (County). The subject property is located on the west side of Veterans Drive, South of Mapleview Drive and can be seen on Figure 1.

The subject property is approximately 0.85 ha in size and is currently occupied by the existing Good Storage Plus building and Auto Match by Jackson's Toyota with a 1304 m² two storey commercial building and 102 m² car wash building. The Project site is bounded by Petro-Canada to the north, Veterans Drive to the east, Barrie Nissan dealership to the south and Jackson's Toyota dealership to the west and drains towards Veterans Drive. The Project proposes the development of a three-storey 1,740 m² building addition and associated parking lot.

1 . 1 . TERMS OF REFERENCE

The intent of this SWM Report is to:

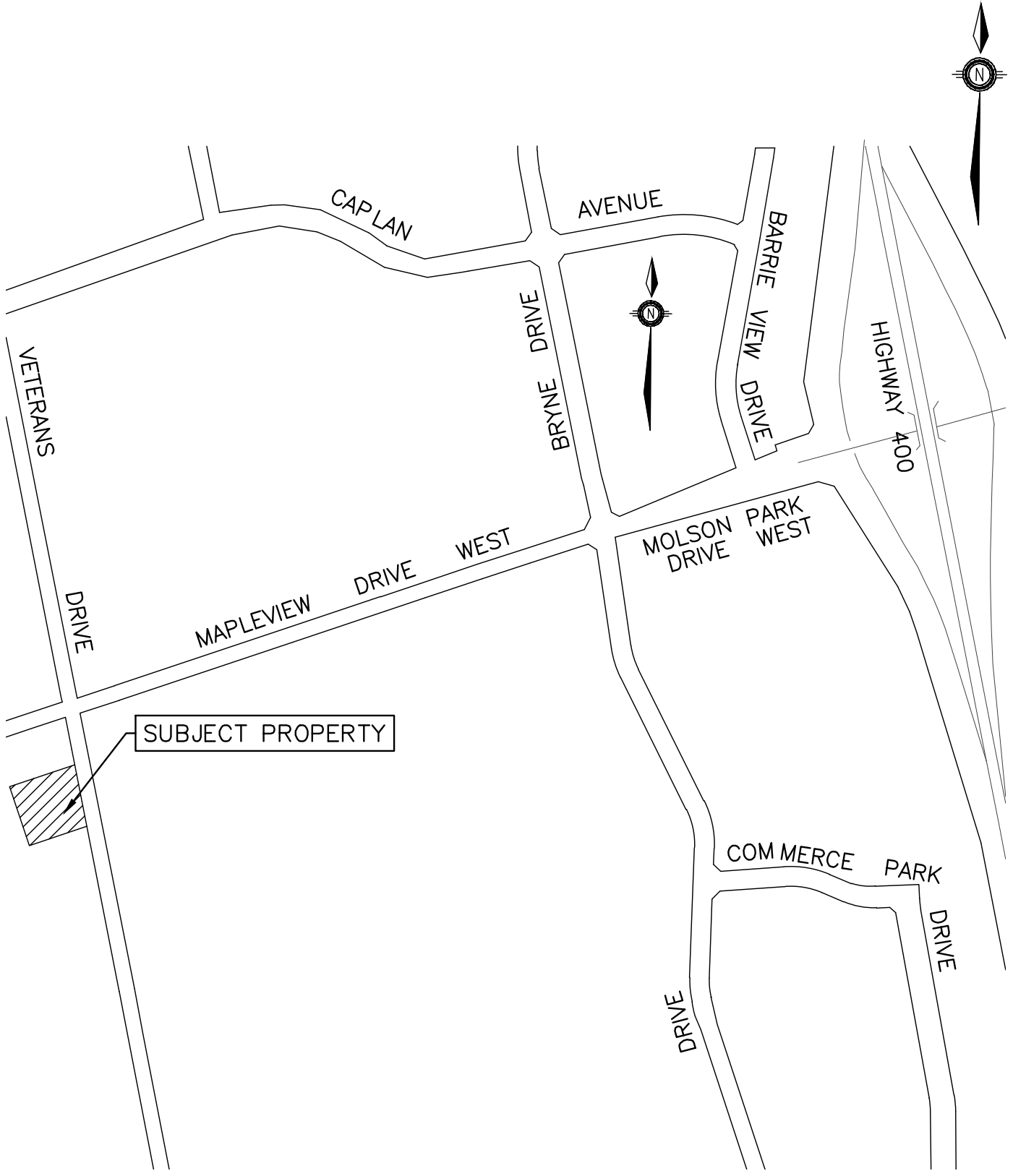
- Identify the existing site characteristics including any external drainage conditions;
- Illustrate the design of the stormwater conveyance and detention system, capable of accommodating both minor and major storm flows from the site;
- Incorporate the appropriate Best Management Practices for controlling on-site erosion and sedimentation during construction while ultimately ensuring that the post-development release of stormwater is of adequate quality; and
- Summarize this design in a technically comprehensive and concise manner.

2 . STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

A key component of the development needs to address environmental and related SWM issues. These are examined in a framework aimed at meeting the City, and Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) requirements. SWM parameters have evolved from an understanding of the location and sensitivity of the site's natural systems. This SWM Report focuses on the necessary measures to satisfy the MECP's SWM requirements.

It is understood the objectives of the SWM plan are to:

- Protect life and property from flooding and erosion.
- Maintain water quality for ecological integrity, recreational opportunities etc.
- Protect and maintain groundwater flow regime(s).
- Protect aquatic and fishery communities and habitats.
- Maintain and protect significant natural features.



1911882 ONTARIO INC.
620 VETERANS DRIVE
CITY OF BARRIE



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FIGURE 1

DESIGNED BY	AMC	HORIZ SCALE	N/A	PROJECT #	14072.01
DRAWN BY	JP	VERT SCALE	N/A	DRAWING #	FIG-1
CHECKED BY	GMP	DATE	SEPT 2021	REVISION #	0



2.1. ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

The design of the SWM Facilities for this site has been conducted in accordance with:

- The Ministry of the Environment Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, March 2003
- City of Barrie, Storm Drainage and Stormwater Management Policies and Design Guidelines – August 2020

In order to design the facilities to meet these requirements, it is essential to select the appropriate modeling methodology for the storm system design. Given the size of the site, the Modified Rational Method is appropriate for the design for the SWM system.

2.2. EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The Project site fronts onto Veterans Drive and has an existing storm conveyance system designed by Pearson Engineering in 2015. The site currently drains via a catchbasin and storm sewer system with a connection to the existing storm sewer on Veterans Drive. Underground storage tanks were provided to infiltrate rooftop runoff, while parking lot ponding and storage within the storm sewers and manholes are providing quantity control for the site. An existing 300 mm diameter pipe located downstream of STM MH1 is restricting the flows to obtain allowable peak flow values.

The approved subdivision drawings completed by Richardson Foster Ltd, Consulting Engineers states in their catchment plan that the allowable runoff coefficient for this lot is 0.75 which can be seen in DWG 9120-STM drawing in Appendix E.

According to the *Soil Survey of Simcoe County, Report No. 25 of the Ontario Soil Survey, Ministry of Agriculture and Food*, the project site is comprised of Bondhead sandy loam and Alliston sandy loam. Bondhead loam is characterized as light grey, calcareous, loam and sandy loam till with good drainage. Alliston sandy loam is characterized as grey, calcareous outwash sand with imperfect drainage.

The proposed site is to maintain the existing drainage flows towards Veterans Drive. The allowable peak flows for the proposed condition will be calculated using a runoff coefficient of 0.75 as per the approved Subdivision Storm Drainage Plan. The allowable peak flows are shown in Table 1. Detailed calculations can be found in Appendix A.

Table 1: Allowable Peak Flows

	2 Year Storm	5 Year Storm	10 Year Storm	25 Year Storm	50 Year Storm	100 Year Storm
Total Site Peak Flow (m ³ /s)	0.15	0.20	0.23	0.29	0.35	0.40

2.3. PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

Post development drainage conditions will generally follow pre-development. The proposed development will not increase the imperviousness of the site as the proposed building addition is replacing existing asphalt. Parking lot runoff with drain via catchbasins and a storm sewer system. The majority of the existing storm sewer will be maintained, with one section being removed as it is located below the proposed building addition. The Project's storm sewer was sized for the minor storm, defined as all storms up to and including the 5-year storm event, using the rational method.



The existing infiltration tanks are located within the building addition area and therefore will be removed and replaced. Rooftop runoff will be conveyed to the proposed tanks which will infiltrate stormwater. The storm sewer system ultimately drains to the existing storm sewer on Veterans Drive.

In the event of a storm event greater than the 5-year storm, the storm sewer will overflow, and the site has been graded to allow stormwater to drain overland towards the driveway entrance to Veterans Drive and ultimately into the downstream wet pond constructed for the Maplevue Industrial Subdivision located on the west side of Reid Drive, north of Maplevue. The proposed storm drainage patterns can be seen on drawing STM-2 in Appendix G.

2.4. STORMWATER QUANTITY CONTROL

The calculated runoff coefficient of the development after the proposed building and site works is 0.85. This is larger than the allowable 0.75 and thus additional quantity control measures have been implemented on site. Runoff coefficient calculations can be found in Appendix A.

Quantity control storage will be provided via pipes and manholes and parking lot ponding. The existing 300 mm diameter pipe located downstream of STM MH1 will restrict flow and reduce the post development peak flows of the parking lot to allowable values while the driveway entrance will act as an emergency overflow weir.

Given the size of the site, the Modified Rational Method will be used to determine the SWM release rates. The City of Barrie (Aug. 2020) IDF curve parameters were used for determining the storm intensity values and the following post development release rates have been calculated. Calculations in Appendix A demonstrate that a storage volume of 28m³ is required for the 100 year storm. The site will provide 29 m³ of storage in the structures and pipes, 3 m³ of surface ponding for a total of 32 m³ of storage. By comparing Table 1 and Table 2 below, it can be seen that the proposed SWM controls will reduce peak flows to allowable flows.

Table 2: Post-Development Peak Flows

	2 Year Storm	5 Year Storm	10 Year Storm	25 Year Storm	50 Year Storm	100 Year Storm
Controlled Peak Flows (m ³ /s)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
Uncontrolled Peak Flow (m ³ /s)	0.14	0.18	0.21	0.27	0.30	0.33
Total Peak Flow (m ³ /s)	0.15	0.19	0.23	0.29	0.32	0.35

2.5. STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL

The MECP in March 2003 issued a “Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual”. This manual has been adopted by a variety of agencies including the City of Barrie. The development’s Stormwater Quality Control objective is to provide Enhanced Protection quality control as stated in the MECP manual. To achieve enhanced protection, permanent and temporary control of erosion and sediment transport are proposed and are discussed in the following sections.



2.5.1. PERMANENT QUALITY CONTROL

The development's active parking facilities pose a risk to stormwater quality through the collection of grit, salt, sand and oils on the paved surfaces. The downstream wet pond constructed for the Mapleview Industrial Subdivision located on the west side of Reid Drive, north of Mapleview treats the stormwater released from this site to the MECP's Enhanced or Level 1 Protection Standard.

2.5.2. QUALITY CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION

During construction, earth grading, and excavation will create the potential for soil erosion and sedimentation. It is imperative that effective environmental and sedimentation controls are in place and maintained throughout the duration of construction activities to ensure the stormwater runoff's quality.

Therefore, the following recommendations shall be implemented and maintained during construction to achieve acceptable stormwater runoff quality:

- Installation of filter strips, silt fences and rock check dams or other similar facilities throughout the site, and specifically during all construction activities, in order to reduce stormwater drainage velocities and trap sediment on-site; and,
- Restoration of exposed surfaces with vegetative and non-vegetative material as soon as construction schedules permit; the duration in which surfaces are disturbed/exposed shall not exceed 30 days.
- Provision of a mud-mat where applicable at the construction entrances in order to control the tracking of sediment and debris onto municipal streets.
- Reduce stormwater drainage velocities where possible.
- Minimize the amount of existing vegetation removed.

3. PHOSPHORUS BUDGET

Local conservation authorities have determined the importance of reducing phosphorus levels in water courses in this area. The reduction was based on conservative values derived from the NVCA. As such, best efforts are to be employed in order to reduce phosphorus levels to pre-development levels or better.

The existing developed site generates approximately 0.94 kg of phosphorus annually. Best efforts will be used in order to reduce the phosphorus loading as much as is reasonably possible.

It is recommended to utilize the existing treatment train approach to minimize the amount of phosphorus discharged from the site. The roof area is increasing and parking area decreasing therefore providing greater treatment compared to the existing development. The following are the recommended phosphorus reduction rates based on NVCA Phosphorus tool: rooftop infiltration 100% and wet detention pond 63%.

Table 7 details the anticipated phosphorus loadings for pre and post-development conditions based on the above noted treatment train approach and detailed phosphorous loading calculations can be found in Appendix C.

Table 3: Phosphorus Loadings

	Total P (kg)
Pre-Development & Uncontrolled Post-Development	0.94
Controlled Post-Development	0.22



4. WATER BALANCE

The post development state will not increase the imperviousness of the site, however City of Barrie guidelines require that 5 mm of rainfall over the entire site is infiltrated to meet water balance objectives. Therefore, for a site area of 0.85 ha, a volume of 42.7 m³ is required. A storage volume of 44.1 m³ is provided in the underground chambers to ensure that the runoff is infiltrated. Calculations for water balance can be found in Appendix C.

5. FIRE FLOW

An existing 150 mm diameter fire fighting water service provides water supply for internal fire suppression and the onsite hydrant for the existing building. Both the existing and proposed building are expected to be sprinklered. The existing fire hydrant is being relocated adjacent to the driveway on the northeast corner of the site to provide adequate firefighting coverage for the proposed development as per City Standards. Refer to Drawing SS-1 for the fire hydrant locations.

The required fire flow was calculated as per the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) assessment and was determined to be approximately 233 L/s. However, as per the City of Barrie Water Guidelines, commercial land use requires a minimum fire flow of 283 L/s. The building construction consists of a fully sprinklered water system and a structure made from non-combustible materials. Fire flow calculations included in Appendix A were completed based on the FUS guide for the determination of required fire flow.

Vipond Inc. completed water pressure tests on March 10, 2015 indicating that a static pressure of 58 psi was available. This flow test also resulted in a fire flow that can be supplied to the Project site with a flow of approximately 73 L/s at a residual pressure of 56 psi from the existing hydrant. From extrapolation of the hydrant flow test, a flow of 283 L/s would result in an approximate residual pressure 48 psi. As the required fire flow for the development is 283 L/s, the proposed water infrastructure can supply the flow as per the City of Barrie requirements. Provided fire flow information can be found in Appendix F.

6. TRAFFIC BRIEF

6.1. EXISTING CONDITIONS

Historical traffic data has been provided by the City, found in Appendix G, for the intersection of Mapleview Drive and Veterans Drive and factored into the data for base 2021 trip data for Veterans Drive Traffic Count Data in Table 4 below. A 2% Annual Growth Rate has been applied to the 2018 data and average annual daily traffic (AADT) has been estimated using the following formula based on the methodology outlined in Section 5.2.2 in the Ontario Traffic Manual Book 15.

$$\text{AADT} = 8\text{-hour traffic volumes} \times 2$$

Table 4: Traffic Count Data

Intersection	Count Date	8-Hour Peak	AM Peak Hour	MD Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	8-hr Traffic Volumes	AADT
Mapleview Drive at Veterans Drive	Nov. 18, 2018	07:00 to 09:00 11:00 to 14:00 15:00 to 18:00	08:00 to 09:00 972	12:45 to 13:45 1,012	16:30 to 17:30 1,491	8,534	17,068



Trip generations are based on land use and types of development. Using trip generation charts from the 7th Edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Volume 2 & 3, projected vehicle trip ends were determined. The Land Use used to determine these volumes are classified as New Car Sales (ITE land use code 841) and Mini-Warehouse (ITE land use code 151). The utilized charts can be found in Appendix G. The existing Project site is utilized as both storage and car dealership creating the following trip generation.

Table 5: Existing Trip Generation

Land Use	GFA	Weekday AM Peak	Traffic Distribution		Weekday PM Pear	Traffic Distribution		Saturday Peak	Traffic Distribution	
			In	Out					In	Out
Car Sales	447 m ²	10.6	56%	44%	13.1	45%	55%	14.3	51%	49%
Self-Storage Facility	2,161 m ²	6.5	48%	52%	6.7	53%	47%	9.3	n/a	n/a
TOTAL		17.1			19.8			23.6		

6.2. EXISTING ROAD GEOMETRICS

The Project site is located on Veterans Drive between Mapleview Drive West and King Street. More specifically, the Project site shared driveway is approximately 112m south of the signalized Mapleview Drive/Veterans Drive intersection and approximately 202m north of the King Street/Veterans Drive non signalized Intersection.

Veterans Drive is a north-south arterial road under the jurisdiction of the City of Barrie and consists of a 5-lane arterial road cross section with a posted speed limit of 60 km/hr.

Veterans Drive has an existing capacity of 3000 vehicles based on 750 vehicles/lane/hour and 4 travel lanes (not including 1 turning lane) and the 2021 PM Peak Hour based on traffic counts from the City of Barrie fronting the Project site on Veterans is 1491. Therefore, the Veterans Drive fronting the Project site is operating at a maximum 49.7% of the road's capacity.

6.3. PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The Project site will be removing the car dealership use of the site and expanding the storage portion of the business. The following trip generations are expected.

Table 6: Proposed Trip Generation

Land Use	GFA	Weekday AM Peak	Traffic Distribution		Weekday PM Pear	Traffic Distribution		Saturday Peak	Traffic Distribution	
			In	Out					In	Out
Self-Storage Facility	7828 m ²	23.6	48%	52%	24.4	53%	47%	33.7	n/a	n/a
TOTAL		23.6			24.4			33.7		

Therefore, the trip generations for the Project site are expected to be marginally larger, however based on the existing capacity of Veterans Drive and the increased traffic from the site a nominal increase of Veterans Drive capacity to 1501 trips or 50.0% of the roads capacity.



7. CONCLUSIONS

The existing downstream SWM pond will provide the required quality control to satisfy the MECP Enhanced level requirements.

Quantity control for the development is provided in the StormTech underground storage units, storm structures and surface ponding allowing post-development peak flows to be released at the allowable values through.

A treatment train approach has been implemented in order to reduce the phosphorous loading for the site and water balance will be achieved by infiltrating the 14mm storm over the rooftop area.

The required fire flow is available for the proposed building.

The change in use and increased building size will create a nominal increase to traffic on Veterans Drive.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

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APPENDIX A

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATION

620 Veterans Drive Calculation of Runoff Coefficients

Runoff Coefficient	=	0.10	0.95	0.95	0.40	0.95	Weighted Runoff Coefficient
Surface Cover	=	Grass	Asphalt	Building	Gravel	Conc.	
Pre-Development							
	Total Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	
	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	
1	1090	123	942	22	0	3	0.85
2	1328	0	1154	130	0	44	0.95
3	1375	0	1184	0	0	191	0.95
4	2367	0	984	1326	0	58	0.95
5	1271	55	1103	0	0	113	0.91
6	1114	770	245	0	0	99	0.36
Pre Total	8545	948	5611	1478	0	508	0.86
Post-Development							
	Total Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	
	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	(m ²)	
1	1090	123	942	22	0	3	0.85
2	1091	0	884	155	0	53	0.95
3	703	0	681	0	0	22	0.95
4	3096	0	0	3096	0	0	0.95
5	860	21	776	0	0	63	0.93
6	1114	770	245	0	0	99	0.36
7	591	0	591	0	0	0	0.95
Post Total	8545	914	4118	3273	0	240	0.86

620 Veterans Drive Allowable Peak Flows

Storm Event (yrs)	City of Barrie		
	Coeff A	Coeff B	Coeff C
2	678.085	4.699	0.781
5	853.608	4.699	0.766
10	975.865	4.699	0.760
25	1146.275	4.922	0.757
50	1236.152	4.699	0.751
100	1426.408	5.273	0.759

Modified Rational Method
 $Q = C_i C_i A / 360$

Where:

- Q - Flow Rate (m^3/s)
- C - Rational Method Runoff Coefficient
- I - Storm Intensity (mm/hr)
- A - Area (ha.)
- C_i - Peaking Coefficient

Area Number	
Area	0.85 ha
Runoff Coefficient	0.75
Time of Concentration	10 min
Return Rate	2 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	83.1 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.15 m^3/s

Return Rate	5 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	108.9 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.19 m^3/s

Return Rate	10 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	126.5 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.23 m^3/s

Return Rate	25 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.10
Rainfall Intensity	148.2 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.29 m^3/s

Return Rate	50 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.20
Rainfall Intensity	164.2 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.35 m^3/s

Return Rate	100 year
Peaking Coefficient (C _i)	1.25
Rainfall Intensity	180.2 mm/hr
Pre-Development Peak Flow	0.40 m^3/s

620 Veterans Drive Post-Development Peak Flows

Storm Event (yrs)	City of Barrie			Modified Rational Method Q = CiCIA / 360
	Coeff A	Coeff B	Coeff C	
2	678.085	4.699	0.781	
5	853.608	4.699	0.766	
10	975.865	4.699	0.760	
25	1146.275	4.922	0.757	
50	1236.152	4.699	0.751	
100	1426.408	5.273	0.759	

Where:

- Q - Flow Rate (m³/s)
- C - Rational Method Runoff Coefficient
- I - Storm Intensity (mm/hr)
- A - Area (ha.)
- Ci - Peaking Coefficient

Area Number	Controlled Area	Uncontrolled Area
Area	0.74 ha	0.11 ha
Runoff Coefficient	0.93	0.36
Time of Concentration	10 min	10 min
Return Rate	2 year	2 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.00	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	83.1 mm/hr	83.1 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.16 m ³ /s	0.01 m ³ /s

Return Rate	5 year	5 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.00	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	108.9 mm/hr	108.9 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.21 m ³ /s	0.01 m ³ /s

Return Rate	10 year	10 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.00	1.00
Rainfall Intensity	126.5 mm/hr	126.5 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.24 m ³ /s	0.01 m ³ /s

Return Rate	25 year	25 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.10	1.10
Rainfall Intensity	148.2 mm/hr	148.2 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.31 m ³ /s	0.02 m ³ /s

Return Rate	50 year	50 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.20	1.20
Rainfall Intensity	164.2 mm/hr	164.2 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.38 m ³ /s	0.02 m ³ /s

Return Rate	100 year	100 year
Peaking Coefficient (Ci)	1.25	1.25
Rainfall Intensity	180.2 mm/hr	180.2 mm/hr
Post-Development Peak Flow	0.43 m ³ /s	0.03 m ³ /s

620 Veterans Drive Front Parking Area Storage Volumes

Storm Sewer Pipes

Pipe Diameter	=	0.3 m		
Length	=	213.6 m		
Pipe Area	=	Π	x	r^2
	=	Π	x	0.023
	=	0.07 m ²		
Volume	=	Area	x	L
	=	0.07	x	213.6
	=	15		m ³

Manholes

Manhole Diameter	=	1.2 m		
Height	=	1.5 m		
# of Manholes	=	8		
MH Area	=	Π	x	r^2
	=	Π	x	0.300
	=	1.13 m ²		
Volume	=	Area	x	Height
	=	1.13	x	1.5
	=	14		x
				# of Manholes
				8
				m ³

Surface Storage

Ponding Elevation	=	308.67 m
Ponding Area	=	m
CB Rim Elevation	=	308.54 m
Volume (from AutoCAD)	=	3 m ³

Total Storage Volume	=	Underground	+	Pipe	+	Manholes	+	Surface
	=	0	+	15.1	+	14	+	3
	=	32						m ³

Required Storage Volume for 100 year storm is 28m³.

620 Veterans Drive Stage-Storage-Discharge Table

Elevation (m)	Area (m ²)	Parking Lot Ponding (m ³)	Pipe & Manhole (m ³)	Cum. Vol. (m ³)	Orifice 1 Head (m)	Orifice 1 Flow (m ³ /s)	Weir Head (m)	Weir Flow (m ³ /s)	Total Flow (m ³ /s)
306.95	0	0	0.0	0	0.040	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.050
307.00	0	0	1.1	1	0.090	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.075
307.05	0	0	1.1	2	0.140	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.094
307.10	0	0	1.1	3	0.190	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.109
307.15	0	0	1.1	4	0.240	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.123
307.20	0	0	1.1	5	0.290	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.135
307.25	0	0	1.1	6	0.340	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.146
307.30	0	0	1.1	7	0.390	0.156	0.000	0.000	0.156
307.35	0	0	1.1	9	0.440	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.166
307.40	0	0	1.1	10	0.490	0.175	0.000	0.000	0.175
307.45	0	0	1.1	11	0.540	0.184	0.000	0.000	0.184
307.50	0	0	1.1	12	0.590	0.192	0.000	0.000	0.192
307.55	0	0	1.1	13	0.640	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.200
307.60	0	0	1.1	14	0.690	0.208	0.000	0.000	0.208
307.65	0	0	1.1	15	0.740	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.215
307.70	0	0	1.1	16	0.790	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.223
307.75	0	0	1.1	17	0.840	0.230	0.000	0.000	0.230
307.80	0	0	1.1	18	0.890	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.236
307.85	0	0	1.1	19	0.940	0.243	0.000	0.000	0.243
307.90	0	0	0.5	20	0.990	0.249	0.000	0.000	0.249
307.95	0	0	0.5	20	1.040	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.255
308.00	0	0	0.5	21	1.090	0.262	0.000	0.000	0.262
308.05	0	0	0.5	21	1.140	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.267
308.10	0	0	0.5	22	1.190	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.273
308.15	0	0	0.5	22	1.240	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.279
308.20	0	0	0.5	23	1.290	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.284
308.25	0	0	0.5	23	1.340	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.290
308.30	0	0	0.5	24	1.390	0.295	0.000	0.000	0.295
308.35	0	0	0.5	24	1.440	0.301	0.000	0.000	0.301
308.40	0	0	0.5	25	1.490	0.306	0.000	0.000	0.306
308.45	0	0	0.5	25	1.540	0.311	0.000	0.000	0.311
308.50	0	0	0.5	26	1.590	0.316	0.000	0.000	0.316
308.55	10	0	0.5	27	1.640	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.321
308.60	15	1	0.5	28	1.690	0.326	0.000	0.000	0.326
308.65	45	1	0.5	30	1.740	0.330	0.030	0.106	0.436
308.70	60	3	0.5	33	1.790	0.335	0.080	0.462	0.797
308.75	0	0	0.5	33	1.840	0.340	0.130	0.956	1.296
308.80	0	0	0.5	34	1.890	0.344	0.180	1.558	1.902

Orifice 1		
Diameter		300 mm
Invert Elevation		306.76
Orifice Constant		0.80
Orifice Centroid		306.91
Orifice Flow Formula		$0.80\pi(D/2000)^2x(2x9.81xH)^{0.5}$

Major Storm Control Weir		
Width		12.00 m
Invert of Weir		308.62 m
Weir Flow Formula		$1.7WH^{1.5}$

**620 Veterans Drive
Quantity Control Volume Calculations**

DATE: 14-Jan-22
 FILE: 14072.01
 CONTRACT/PROJECT: 620 Veterans
 COMPLETED BY: AMC

Modified Rational Method Parameters

Pre Development Area (ha)	Post Development Area (ha)	Time of Concentration (min)	Time Increments (min)	Allowable Runoff Coefficient	Post Development Runoff Coefficient
0.85	0.74	10	1	0.75	0.93

Note: Refer to page Calculation of Runoff Coefficients for detailed calculations of Modified Rational Method parameters.

Pre-Development Runoff Rate

	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
C	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.83	0.90	0.94
I	83.11	108.92	126.55	148.15	164.22	180.15
A	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Q	0.148	0.194	0.225	0.290	0.351	0.401

Note: Q= 0.00278CIA

Rainfall Station	Barrie

SWM Pond Design Input

Storm Event (yrs)	Chicago Storm Coefficient	Chicago Storm Coefficient	Chicago Storm Coefficient	Allowable Outflow	Post Development Runoff Coefficient
	A	B	C	(m3/s)	
2	678.085	4.699	0.781	0.139	0.929662226
5	853.608	4.699	0.766	0.182	0.929662226
10	975.865	4.699	0.760	0.211	0.929662226
25	1146.275	4.922	0.757	0.271	1
50	1236.152	4.699	0.751	0.300	1
100	1426.408	5.273	0.759	0.327	1

Results

Storm Event (yrs)	Storage m ³	Time min
2	13	11
5	17	11
10	19	11
25	22	11
50	24	11
100	28	12

Note: Storage volume calculated as per Hydrology Handbook, Second Edition, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1996

Time (min)	2 Year					5 Year					10 Year					25 Year					50 Year					100 Year				
	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference	Intensity mm/hr	Inflow m ³ /s	Outflow m ³ /s	Storage m ³	Difference
1	174.18	0.335	0.139	-26	11	225.07	0.432	0.182	-34	14	260.01	0.499	0.211	-40	17	298.22	0.616	0.271	-52	21	334.55	0.691	0.300	-57	23	353.96	0.731	0.327	-64	25
2	153.52	0.295	0.139	-15	8	198.85	0.382	0.182	-20	11	229.94	0.441	0.211	-23	12	264.99	0.547	0.271	-32	15	296.30	0.612	0.300	-34	17	316.38	0.653	0.327	-40	18
3	137.71	0.264	0.139	-6	6	178.75	0.343	0.182	-9	8	206.87	0.397	0.211	-11	9	239.26	0.494	0.271	-17	11	266.91	0.551	0.300	-18	12	286.90	0.592	0.327	-21	14
4	125.19	0.240	0.139	-1	4	162.79	0.312	0.182	-1	6	188.54	0.362	0.211	-2	7	218.67	0.451	0.271	-5	8	243.52	0.503	0.300	-5	9	263.10	0.543	0.327	-7	11
5	114.99	0.221	0.139	4	3	149.77	0.287	0.182	4	4	173.57	0.333	0.211	5	5	201.77	0.416	0.271	3	6	224.41	0.463	0.300	4	7	243.43	0.502	0.327	3	8
6	106.50	0.205	0.139	7	2	138.93	0.267	0.182	9	3	161.10	0.309	0.211	10	4	187.63	0.387	0.271	9	5	208.47	0.430	0.300	11	5	226.85	0.468	0.327	11	6
7	99.33	0.191	0.139	9	2	129.73	0.249	0.182	12	2	150.52	0.289	0.211	14	3	175.59	0.362	0.271	14	3	194.94	0.402	0.300	16	4	212.68	0.439	0.327	17	4
8	93.16	0.179	0.139	11	1	121.83	0.234	0.182	14	1	141.42	0.271	0.211	16	2	165.20	0.341	0.271	17	2	183.29	0.378	0.300	20	2	200.41	0.414	0.327	22	3
9	87.81	0.169	0.139	12	1	114.96	0.221	0.182	16	1	133.51	0.256	0.211	18	1	156.14	0.322	0.271	20	1	173.15	0.357	0.300	22	1	189.66	0.391	0.327	25	2
10	83.11	0.160	0.139	13	0	108.92	0.209	0.182	16	0	126.55	0.243	0.211	19	0	148.15	0.306	0.271	21	1	164.22	0.339	0.300	24	1	180.15	0.372	0.327	27	1
11	78.94	0.152	0.139	13	0	103.57	0.199	0.182	17	0	120.37	0.231	0.211	19	0	141.05	0.291	0.271	22	0	156.30	0.323	0.300	24	0	171.69	0.354	0.327	28	0
12	75.23	0.144	0.139	13	-13	98.78	0.190	0.182	17	-17	114.85	0.220	0.211	19	-19	134.69	0.278	0.271	21	-21	149.22	0.308	0.300	24	-24	164.09	0.339	0.327	28	-28
13	71.88	0.138	0.000	0	0	94.48	0.181	0.000	0	0	109.89	0.211	0.000	0	0	128.97	0.266	0.000	0	0	142.84	0.295	0.000	0	0	157.23	0.325	0.000	0	0
14	68.86	0.132	0.000	0	0	90.58	0.174	0.000	0	0	105.39	0.202	0.000	0	0	123.77	0.255	0.000	0	0	137.07	0.283	0.000	0	0	151.00	0.312	0.000	0	0
15	66.12	0.127	0.000	0	0	87.04	0.167	0.000	0	0	101.30	0.194	0.000	0	0	119.04	0.246	0.000	0	0	131.81	0.272	0.000	0	0	145.31	0.300	0.000	0	0
16	63.61	0.122	0.000	0	0	83.80	0.161	0.000	0	0	97.56	0.187	0.000	0	0	114.71	0.237	0.000	0	0	127.00	0.262	0.000	0	0	140.09	0.289	0.000	0	0
17	61.31	0.118	0.000	0	0	80.82	0.155	0.000	0	0	94.12	0.181	0.000	0	0	110.72	0.229	0.000	0	0	122.58	0.253	0.000	0	0	135.29	0.279	0.000	0	0
18	59.19	0.114	0.000	0	0	78.08	0.150	0.000	0	0	90.95	0.175	0.000	0	0	107.05	0.221	0.000	0	0	118.50	0.245	0.000	0	0	130.86	0.270	0.000	0	0
19	57.23	0.110	0.000	0	0	75.55	0.145	0.000	0	0	88.02	0.169	0.000	0	0	103.64	0.214	0.000	0	0	114.72	0.237	0.000	0	0	126.75	0.262	0.000	0	0
20	55.41	0.106	0.000	0	0	73.19	0.140	0.000	0	0	85.30	0.164	0.000	0	0	100.48	0.207	0.000	0	0	111.22	0.230	0.000	0	0	122.92	0.254	0.000	0	0

Maximum Storage Volume

$Q = 0.0028 \cdot C \cdot I \cdot A \text{ (m}^3\text{/s)}$
 $C = \text{Runoff Coefficient}$
 $I = \text{Rainfall Intensity} = A / (\text{Time} + B)^C$
 $A = \text{Area (ha)}$

620 Veterans Drive Storm Sewer Design 5-Year Storm Event

DATE: 14-Jan-22
 FILE: 14072.01
 CONTRACT/PROJECT: 620 Veterans

Areas	Manhole		Length (m)	Increment			Total CA	Flow Time (min)		I (mm/h)	Total Q (m ³ /s)	S (%)	D (mm)	Q Full (m ³ /s)	V Full (m/s)
	From	To		C	A	CA		TO	IN						
	1.0	CB1		MH2	30.8	0.85		0.11	0.09						
-	MH2	MH3	19.7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	10.48	0.34	106.25	0.03	0.5	300.0	0.07	0.97
2.0	MH3	MH4	65.7	0.95	0.11	0.10	0.20	10.82	1.13	104.47	0.06	0.5	300.0	0.07	0.97
-	MH4	DCBMH1	20.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	11.96	1.13	98.98	0.05	0.5	300.0	0.07	0.97
5.0	CBMH3	DCBMH1	35.0	0.93	0.09	0.08	0.08	10.00	0.60	108.92	0.02	0.5	300.0	0.07	0.97
7.0	DCBMH1	EX STMMH2	39.4	0.95	0.06	0.06	0.14	10.60	0.60	105.62	0.04	0.5	300.0	0.07	0.97



APPENDIX B

WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS

Table 3.1: Hydrologic Cycle Component Values

	Water Holding Capacity mm	Hydrologic Soil Group	Precipitation mm	Evapo- transpiration mm	Runoff mm	Infiltration* mm																			
Urban Lawns/Shallow Rooted Crops (spinach, beans, beets, carrots)																									
Fine Sand	50	A	940	515	149	276																			
Fine Sandy Loam	75	B	940	525	187	228																			
Silt Loam	125	C	940	536	222	182																			
Clay Loam	100	CD	940	531	245	164																			
Clay	75	D	940	525	270	145																			
Moderately Rooted Crops (corn and cereal grains)																									
Fine Sand	75	A	940	525	125	291																			
Fine Sandy Loam	150	B	940	539	160	241																			
Silt Loam	200	C	940	543	199	199																			
Clay Loam	200	CD	940	543	218	179																			
Clay	150	D	940	539	241	160																			
Pasture and Shrubs																									
Fine Sand	100	A	940	531	102	307																			
Fine Sandy Loam	150	B	940	539	140	261																			
Silt Loam	250	C	940	546	177	217																			
Clay Loam	250	CD	940	546	197	197																			
Clay	200	D	940	543	218	179																			
Mature Forests																									
Fine Sand	250	A	940	546	79	315																			
Fine Sandy Loam	300	B	940	548	118	274																			
Silt Loam	400	C	940	550	156	234																			
Clay Loam	400	CD	940	550	176	215																			
Clay	350	D	940	549	196	196																			
<p>Notes: Hydrologic Soil Group A represents soils with low runoff potential and Soil Group D represents soils with high runoff potential. The evapotranspiration values are for mature vegetation. Streamflow is composed of baseflow and runoff.</p> <p><i>*This is the total infiltration of which some discharges back to the stream as base flow. The infiltration factor is determined by summing a factor for topography, soils and cover.</i></p> <table> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3"><u>Topography</u></td> <td>Flat Land, average slope < 0.6 m/km</td> <td>0.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rolling Land, average slope 2.8 m to 3.8 m/km</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hilly Land, average slope 28 m to 47 m/km</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3"><u>Soils</u></td> <td>Tight impervious clay</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Medium combinations of clay and loam</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Open Sandy loam</td> <td>0.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2"><u>Cover</u></td> <td>Cultivated Land</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Woodland</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>							<u>Topography</u>	Flat Land, average slope < 0.6 m/km	0.3	Rolling Land, average slope 2.8 m to 3.8 m/km	0.2	Hilly Land, average slope 28 m to 47 m/km	0.1	<u>Soils</u>	Tight impervious clay	0.1	Medium combinations of clay and loam	0.2	Open Sandy loam	0.4	<u>Cover</u>	Cultivated Land	0.1	Woodland	0.2
<u>Topography</u>	Flat Land, average slope < 0.6 m/km	0.3																							
	Rolling Land, average slope 2.8 m to 3.8 m/km	0.2																							
	Hilly Land, average slope 28 m to 47 m/km	0.1																							
<u>Soils</u>	Tight impervious clay	0.1																							
	Medium combinations of clay and loam	0.2																							
	Open Sandy loam	0.4																							
<u>Cover</u>	Cultivated Land	0.1																							
	Woodland	0.2																							

620 Veterans Drive Water Balance Calculations

Minimum Infiltration Volume as per City of Barrie Storm Drainage and Stormwater Management Policies and Design Guidelines Section 4.1.3 is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Storage Volume Required} &= \text{Site Area} \times 5 \text{ mm} \\ &= 8,545 \times 0.005 \\ &= 42.7 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

It is proposed to infiltrate the 14 mm storm event over the rooftop area, resulting in a storage volume of 45m³ exceeding the City of Barrie Criteria. Therefore, water balance for the site is achieved.



APPENDIX C

PHOSPHORUS BUDGET CALCULATIONS

Veterans Drive Commercial Building Phosphorus Loading

Phosphorus Export Coefficients from the Phosphorus Budget Tool in Support of Sustainable Development for the Lake Simcoe Watershed
Dissolved % from The National Stormwater Quality Database - US

	Commercial Development
Phosphorus Export (kg/ha/year)	1.1

Pre-Development Condition

Total Annual Rainfall Percipitation (Barrie)	mm / year
Area (ha):	Commercial 0.85
Total P (kg) :	0.94
Total Pre-Development P (kg) :	0.94

Post Development Condition

	Commercial Development
Area (ha):	0.85
Total P (kg) :	0.94
Total Uncontrolled (kg):	0.94
<u>Area from Rooftop Draining to Infiltration</u>	Commercial
Area (ha):	0.31
Total P (kg) :	0.34
<u>Soakaway Infiltration</u>	
Total P (kg):	0.34
Soakaway Infiltration Proficiency (%):	100
P Removed (kg):	0.34
P Remaining (kg):	0.00
<u>Area Draining to Wet Detention Pond</u>	Commercial
Area (ha):	0.54
Total P (kg) :	0.60
<u>Wet Detention Ponds</u>	
Total P (kg):	0.60
Wet Detention Ponds Proficiency (%):	63
P Removed (kg):	0.38
P Remaining (kg):	0.22
 Total Post-Development P (kg):	 0.22



APPENDIX D

STORMTECH STORAGE SYSTEM INFORMATION

STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER

Designed to meet the most stringent industry performance standards for superior structural integrity while providing designers with a cost-effective method to save valuable land and protect water resources. The StormTech system is designed primarily to be used under parking lots, thus maximizing land usage for private (commercial) and public applications. StormTech chambers can also be used in conjunction with Green Infrastructure, thus enhancing the performance and extending the service life of these practices.

STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER (not to scale)

Nominal Chamber Specifications

Size (L x W x H)
85.4" x 51" x 30"
2,170 mm x 1,295 mm x 762 mm

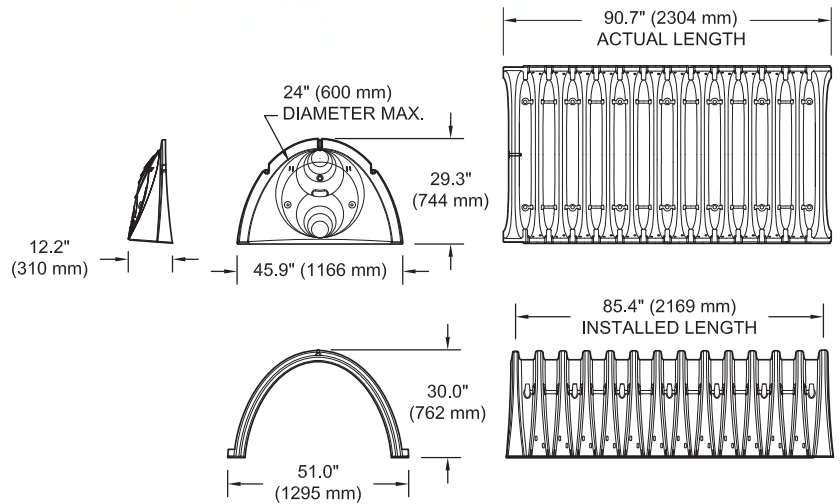
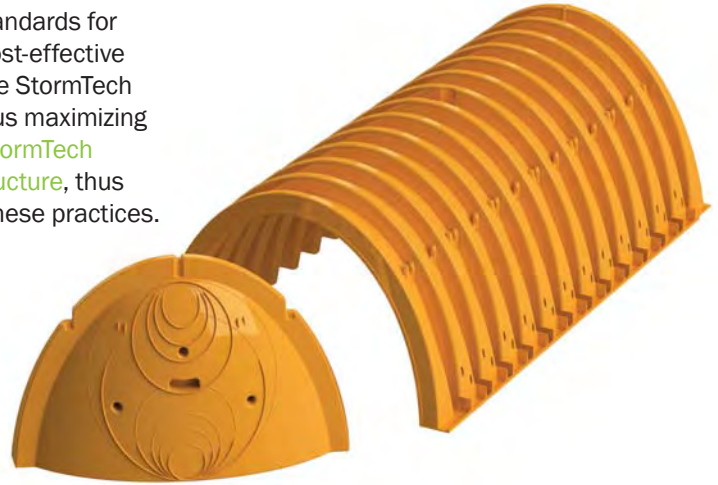
Chamber Storage
45.9 ft³ (1.30 m³)

Min. Installed Storage*
74.9 ft³ (2.12 m³)

Weight
74.0 lbs (33.6 kg)

Shipping
30 chambers/pallet
60 end caps/pallet
12 pallets/truck

*Assumes 6" (150 mm) stone above, below and between chambers and 40% stone porosity.



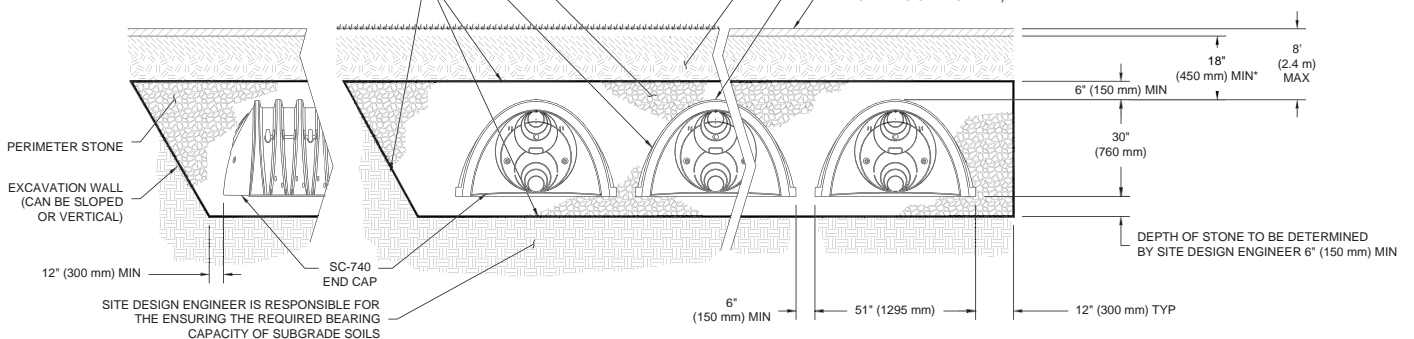
EMBEDMENT STONE SHALL BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED AND ANGULAR STONE WITH AN AASHTO M43 DESIGNATION BETWEEN #3 AND #57 CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ASTM F2418 POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CHAMBERS OR ASTM F922 POLYETHYLENE (PE) CHAMBERS

ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE ALL AROUND CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR EMBEDMENT STONE

GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES, COMPACT IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO 95% PROCTOR DENSITY. SEE THE TABLE OF ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS.

CHAMBERS SHALL BE BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".

PAVEMENT LAYER (DESIGNED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER)



*MINIMUM COVER TO BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT. FOR UNPAVED INSTALLATIONS WHERE RUTTING FROM VEHICLES MAY OCCUR, INCREASE COVER TO 24" (600 mm).

SC-740 CUMULATIVE STORAGE VOLUMES PER CHAMBER

Assumes 40% Stone Porosity. Calculations are Based Upon a 6" (150 mm) Stone Base Under Chambers.

Depth of Water in System Inches (mm)	Cumulative Chamber Storage ft ³ (m ³)	Total System Cumulative Storage ft ³ (m ³)
42 (1067)	45.90 (1.300)	74.90 (2.121)
41 (1041)	45.90 (1.300)	73.77 (2.089)
40 (1016)	45.90 (1.300)	72.64 (2.057)
39 (991)	45.90 (1.300)	71.52 (2.025)
38 (965)	45.90 (1.300)	70.39 (1.993)
37 (940)	45.90 (1.300)	69.26 (1.961)
36 (914)	45.90 (1.300)	68.14 (1.929)
35 (889)	45.85 (1.298)	66.98 (1.897)
34 (864)	45.69 (1.294)	65.75 (1.862)
33 (838)	45.41 (1.286)	64.46 (1.825)
32 (813)	44.81 (1.269)	62.97 (1.783)
31 (787)	44.01 (1.246)	61.36 (1.737)
30 (762)	43.06 (1.219)	59.66 (1.689)
29 (737)	41.98 (1.189)	57.89 (1.639)
28 (711)	40.80 (1.155)	56.05 (1.587)
27 (686)	39.54 (1.120)	54.17 (1.534)
26 (660)	38.18 (1.081)	52.23 (1.479)
25 (635)	36.74 (1.040)	50.23 (1.422)
24 (610)	35.22 (0.977)	48.19 (1.365)
23 (584)	33.64 (0.953)	46.11 (1.306)
22 (559)	31.99 (0.906)	44.00 (1.246)
21 (533)	30.29 (0.858)	4.185 (1.185)
20 (508)	28.54 (0.808)	39.67 (1.123)
19 (483)	26.74 (0.757)	37.47 (1.061)
18 (457)	24.89 (0.705)	35.23 (0.997)
17 (432)	23.00 (0.651)	32.96 (0.939)
16 (406)	21.06 (0.596)	30.68 (0.869)
15 (381)	19.09 (0.541)	28.36 (0.803)
14 (356)	17.08 (0.484)	26.03 (0.737)
13 (330)	15.04 (0.426)	23.68 (0.670)
12 (305)	12.97 (0.367)	21.31 (0.608)
11 (279)	10.87 (0.309)	18.92 (0.535)
10 (254)	8.74 (0.247)	16.51 (0.468)
9 (229)	6.58 (0.186)	14.09 (0.399)
8 (203)	4.41 (0.125)	11.66 (0.330)
7 (178)	2.21 (0.063)	9.21 (0.264)
6 (152)	0 (0)	6.76 (0.191)
5 (127)	0 (0)	5.63 (0.160)
4 (102)	0 (0)	4.51 (0.128)
3 (76)	0 (0)	3.38 (0.096)
2 (51)	0 (0)	2.25 (0.064)
1 (25)	0 (0)	1.13 (0.032)

Note: Add 1.13 ft³ (0.032 m³) of storage for each additional inch (25 mm) of stone foundation.

For more information on the StormTech SC-740 Chamber and other ADS products, please contact our Customer Service Representatives at 1-800-821-6710

STORAGE VOLUME PER CHAMBER FT³ (M³)

	Bare Chamber Storage ft ³ (m ³)	Chamber and Stone Foundation Depth in. (mm)		
		6 (150)	12 (300)	18 (450)
SC-740 Chamber	45.9 (1.3)	74.9 (2.1)	81.7 (2.3)	88.4 (2.5)

Note: Assumes 6" (150 mm) stone above chambers, 6" (150 mm) row spacing and 40% stone porosity.

AMOUNT OF STONE PER CHAMBER

ENGLISH TONS (yds ³)	Stone Foundation Depth		
	6"	12"	16"
SC-740	3.8 (2.8)	4.6 (3.3)	5.5 (3.9)
METRIC KILOGRAMS (m ³)	150 mm	300 mm	450 mm
SC-740	3,450 (2.1)	4,170 (2.5)	4,490 (3.0)

Note: Assumes 6" (150 mm) of stone above and between chambers.

VOLUME EXCAVATION PER CHAMBER YD³ (M³)

	Stone Foundation Depth		
	6 (150)	12 (300)	18 (450)
SC-740	5.5 (4.2)	6.2 (4.7)	6.8 (5.2)

Note: Assumes 6" (150 mm) of row separation and 18" (450 mm) of cover. The volume of excavation will vary as depth of cover increases.



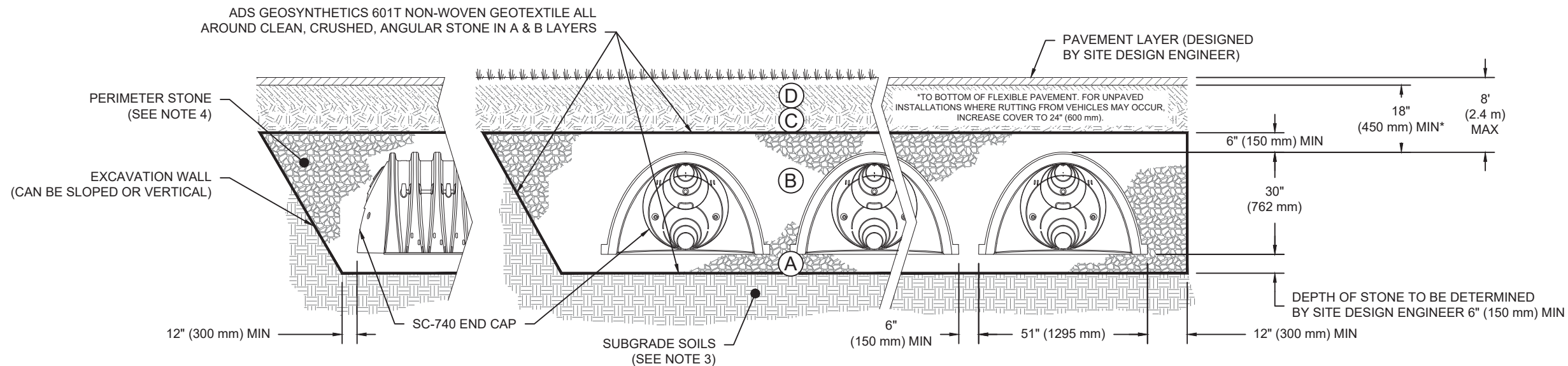
Working on a project?
Visit us at www.stormtech.com
and utilize the StormTech Design Tool

ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

MATERIAL LOCATION		DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER.	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED INSTALLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.
C	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 18" (450 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 ¹ A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 12" (300 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. ROLLER GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 12,000 lbs (53 kN). DYNAMIC FORCE NOT TO EXCEED 20,000 lbs (89 kN).
B	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.
A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE. ^{2,3}

PLEASE NOTE:

- THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".
- STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 6" (150 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR.
- WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.
- ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION.



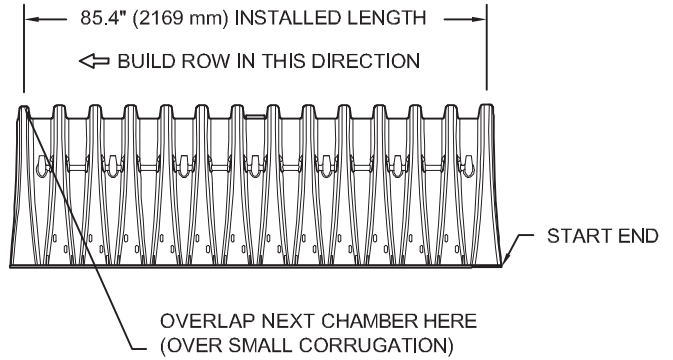
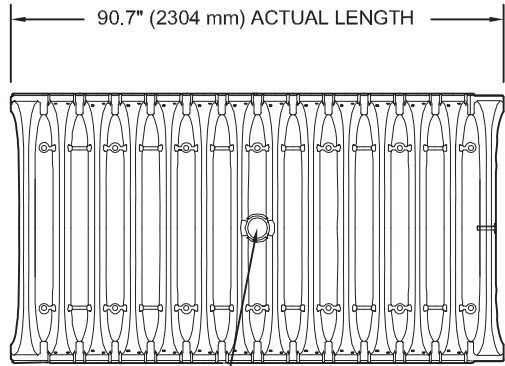
NOTES:

- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418-16a, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.
- PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2".
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 550 LBS/IN/IN. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.

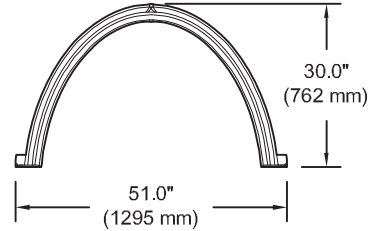
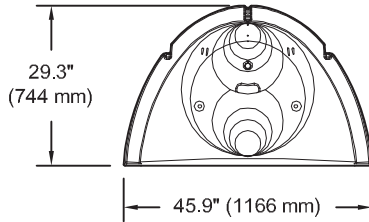
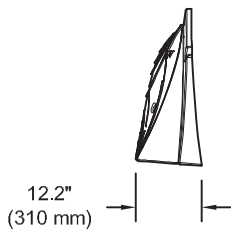
SC-740	STANDARD CROSS SECTION	DATE: 05-10-19	DRAWN: KR
		PROJECT #:	CHECKED: KR
	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DRWN / CHKD
<p style="font-size: small; margin: 0;">70 INWOOD ROAD, SUITE 3 ROCKY HILL CT 06067 860-525-8188 888-892-2694 WWW.STORMTECH.COM</p>			
<p style="font-size: small; margin: 0;">4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026</p>			
<p style="font-size: x-small; margin: 0;">THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.</p>			
1 SHEET		OF 1	

SC-740 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

NTS



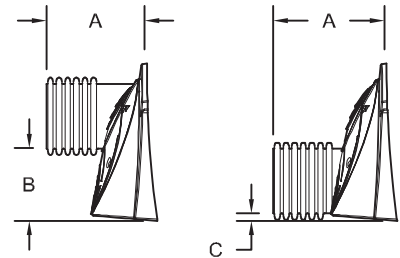
ACCEPTS 4" (100 mm) SCH 40 PVC PIPE FOR INSPECTION PORT. FOR PIPE SIZES LARGER THAN 4" (100 mm) UP TO 10" (250 mm) USE INSERTA TEE CONNECTION CENTERED ON A CHAMBER CREST CORRUGATION



NOMINAL CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

SIZE (W X H X INSTALLED LENGTH)	51.0" X 30.0" X 85.4"	(1295 mm X 762 mm X 2169 mm)
CHAMBER STORAGE	45.9 CUBIC FEET	(1.30 m ³)
MINIMUM INSTALLED STORAGE*	74.9 CUBIC FEET	(2.12 m ³)
WEIGHT	75.0 lbs.	(33.6 kg)

*ASSUMES 6" (152 mm) STONE ABOVE, BELOW, AND BETWEEN CHAMBERS



STUBS AT BOTTOM OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "B"
STUBS AT TOP OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "T"

PART #	STUB	A	B	C
SC740EPE06T / SC740EPE06TPC	6" (150 mm)	10.9" (277 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	—
SC740EPE06B / SC740EPE06BPC			—	0.5" (13 mm)
SC740EPE08T / SC740EPE08TPC	8" (200 mm)	12.2" (310 mm)	16.5" (419 mm)	—
SC740EPE08B / SC740EPE08BPC			—	0.6" (15 mm)
SC740EPE10T / SC740EPE10TPC	10" (250 mm)	13.4" (340 mm)	14.5" (368 mm)	—
SC740EPE10B / SC740EPE10BPC			—	0.7" (18 mm)
SC740EPE12T / SC740EPE12TPC	12" (300 mm)	14.7" (373 mm)	12.5" (318 mm)	—
SC740EPE12B / SC740EPE12BPC			—	1.2" (30 mm)
SC740EPE15T / SC740EPE15TPC	15" (375 mm)	18.4" (467 mm)	9.0" (229 mm)	—
SC740EPE15B / SC740EPE15BPC			—	1.3" (33 mm)
SC740EPE18T / SC740EPE18TPC	18" (450 mm)	19.7" (500 mm)	5.0" (127 mm)	—
SC740EPE18B / SC740EPE18BPC			—	1.6" (41 mm)
SC740EPE24B*	24" (600 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	—	0.1" (3 mm)

ALL STUBS, EXCEPT FOR THE SC740EPE24B ARE PLACED AT BOTTOM OF END CAP SUCH THAT THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE STUB IS FLUSH WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694.

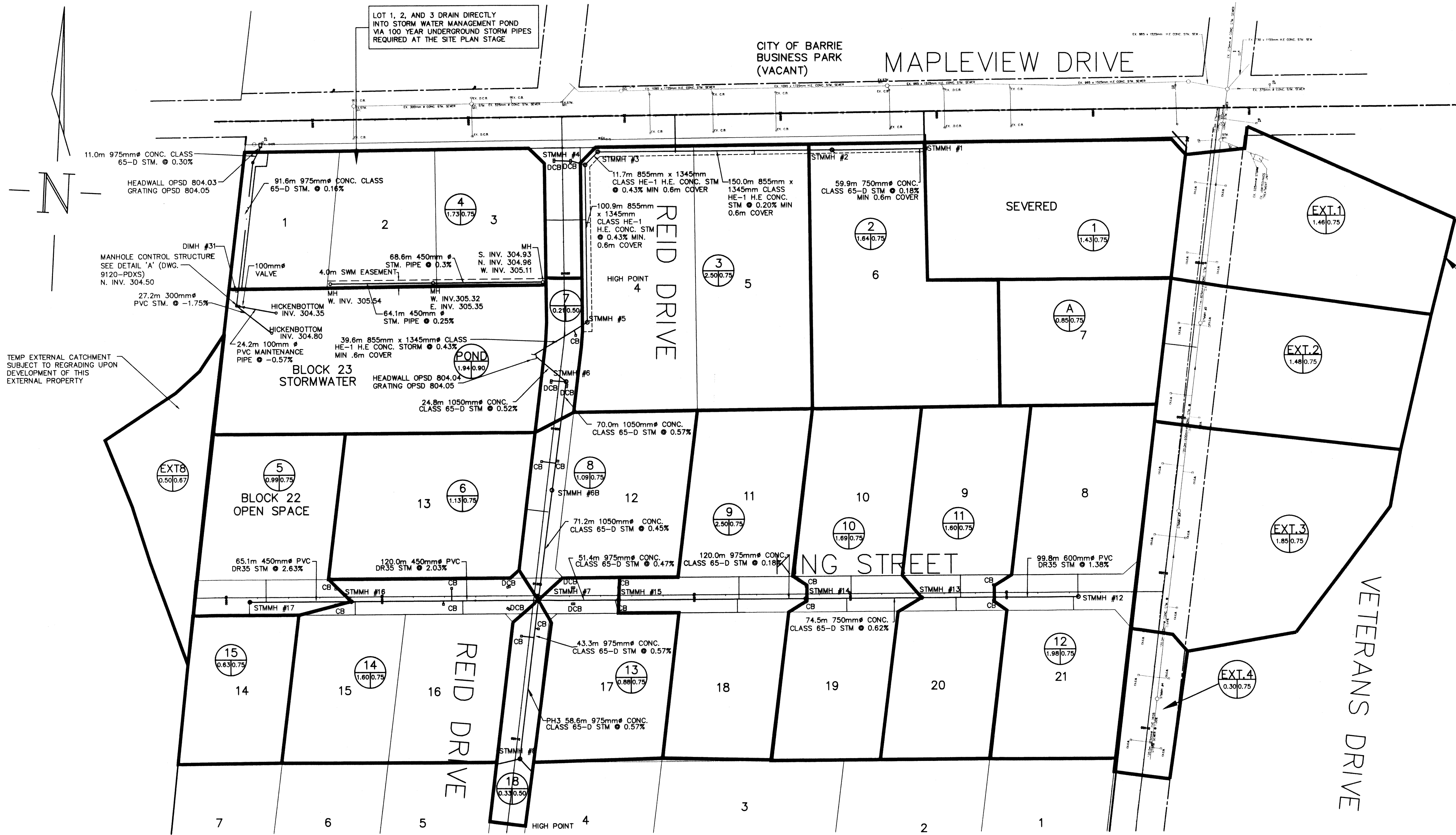
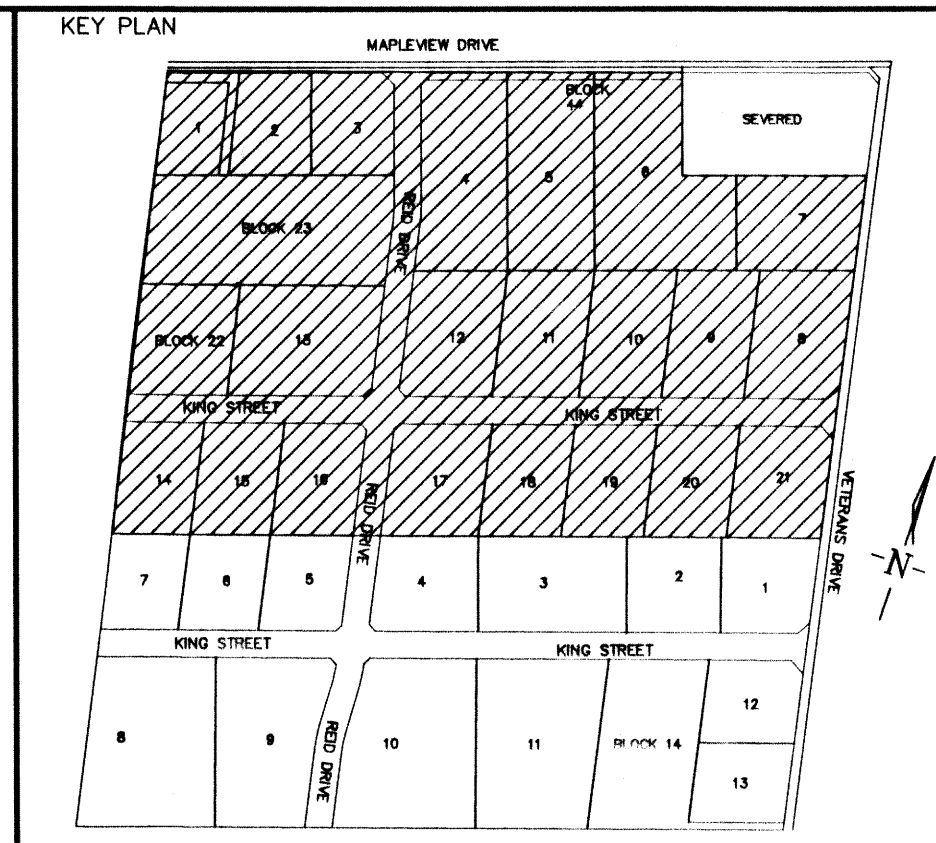
* FOR THE SC740EPE24B THE 24" (600 mm) STUB LIES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP APPROXIMATELY 1.75" (44 mm). BACKFILL MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM BELOW THE N-12 STUB SO THAT THE FITTING SITS LEVEL.

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL



APPENDIX E

**MAPLEVIEW INDUSTRIAL SUBDIVISION STORM
DRAINAGE DRAWING**



11.0m 975mm# CONC. CLASS 65-D STM @ 0.30%
 HEADWALL OPSD 804.03 GRATING OPSD 804.05

91.6m 975mm# CONC. CLASS 65-D STM @ 0.16%

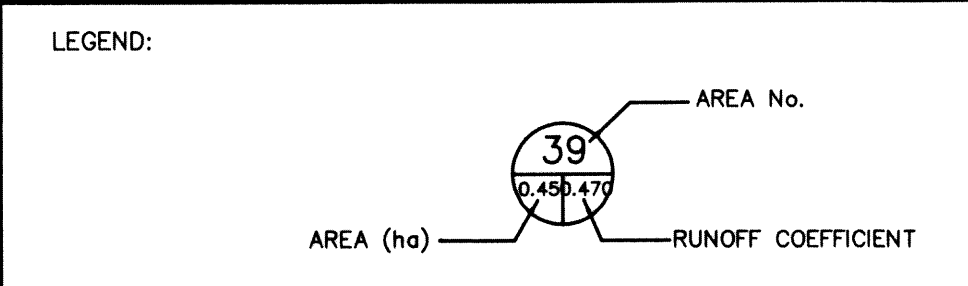
27.2m 300mm# PVC STM @ -1.75%

DIMH #31
 MANHOLE CONTROL STRUCTURE
 SEE DETAIL 'A' (DWG. 9120-PDXS)
 N. INV. 304.50

TEMP EXTERNAL CATCHMENT SUBJECT TO REGRADING UPON DEVELOPMENT OF THIS EXTERNAL PROPERTY

CATCHMENT REFERENCE TO DRAWINGS 9124-STM MAPLEVIEW DRIVE IMPROVEMENTS DATED FEB. 23, 2000 BY RICHARDSON ENGINEERING LIMITED

GENERAL NOTES:
 1. SEE DRAWING 9120-GN FOR NOTES.



No.	REVISION	DATE	APPROVED
1.	AS CONSTRUCTED DRAWING PHASE 2	NOV 2007	B.R.
2.	UPDATE BLOCK 22 AND 23 NUMBERS	02/07/08	B.R.
3.	AS BUILT INFO FOR MAPLEVIEW DRIVE AND VETERANS DRIVE	02/28/08	B.R.

CITY OF BARRIE APPROVED

DATE

DIRECTOR OF MUNICIPAL WORKS



MAPLEVIEW INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMNTS INC.

STORM DRAINAGE PLAN

RICHARDSON FOSTER LTD.
 CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 PHONE: (705) 728-0009 TOLL FREE (1-877) 220-2461 FAX: (705) 727-7774
 4 CEDAR POINTE DRIVE, UNIT L BARRIE, ONTARIO L4N 5R7

CITY OF BARRIE MUNICIPAL WORKS DEPARTMENT		SCALE: 1:1500		D12-197
DESIGN B. SCOTT	REVIEWED B. RICHARDSON	DRAWING No.		
DATE APR. 20, 2001	SHEET No. 7 OF 30	DRAWING No.		
MMA No. 43T-89002		DRAWING No.		9120-STM

2001-084-004



APPENDIX F

FLOW TEST RESULTS

620 Veterans Drive Fire Flow Calculations

Location:	620 Veterans Drive, Barrie ON	
OBC Occupancy	Industrial Occupencies	
Building Foot Print:	3,111 m ² **	
# of Stories:	3	Industrial Building

**existing and proposed building

Construction Class: Non-Combustible

Automated Sprinkler Protection	Credit	Total
NFPA 13 sprinkler standard	Yes 30%	50%
Standard Water Supply	Yes 10%	
Fully Supervised System	Yes 10%	

Project: Good Storage Plus

Project Number: 14072.01

Construction Class	Charge
Wood Frame	1.5
Ordinary	1.0
Non-Combustible	0.8
Fire Resistive	0.6

Contents	Charge
Non-Combustible	-25%
Limited Combustible	-15%
Combustible	0%
Free Burning	15%
Rapid Burning	25%

Contents Factor: Combustible

Charge: 0%

Exposure	Distance to Exposure Building (m)	18.5	15%
Exposure 1 (north)	Distance to Exposure Building (m)	18.5	15%
Exposure 2 (east)	Distance to Exposure Building (m)	>45.1	0%
Exposure 3 (south)	Distance to Exposure Building (m)	>45.1	0%
Exposure 4 (west)	Distance to Exposure Building (m)	10.3	15%

Separation	Charge
0 - 3.0 m	25%
3.1 - 10.0 m	20%
10.1 - 20.0 m	15%
20.1 - 30.0 m	10%
30.1 - 45.0 m	5%
> 45.1 m	0%

Total: 30% *no more than 75%

Are Buildings Contiguous? Yes

Fire Resistant Building: Are vertical openings and exterior vertical communications protected with a minimum one (1) hr rating?

Calculations: C = 0.8 Non-Combustible

RFF = 220 x C x √A A = 9,333 m² Where: RFF= required fire flow in liters per minute
C= Coefficient related to the type of construction
A= the total floor area in square meters (excluding basements in building considered)

RFF = 17,003 L/min
Round to Nearest 1000 L/min RFF = 17,000 L/min *Must be > 2000 L/min or < 45,000 L/min

Correction Factors:

Occupancy	E =	0 L/min
Fire Flow Adjusted for Occupancy	F =	17,000 L/min
Reduction For Sprinkler	G =	8,500 L/min
Fire Flow w/ Sprinkler Reduction		8,500 L/min
Exposure Charge		5,100 L/min
Fire Flow w/ Exposure Charge		13,600 L/min

As per "Water Supply for Public Fire Protection" pg.20 note H:

E	F	G
17,000	8,500	5,100

RFF= 17000 L/min - 8500 L/min + 5100 L/min

RFF = 13,600 L/min

Required Fire Flow: RFF = 13,600 L/min

Round to Nearest 1,000 L/min RFF = 14,000 L/min

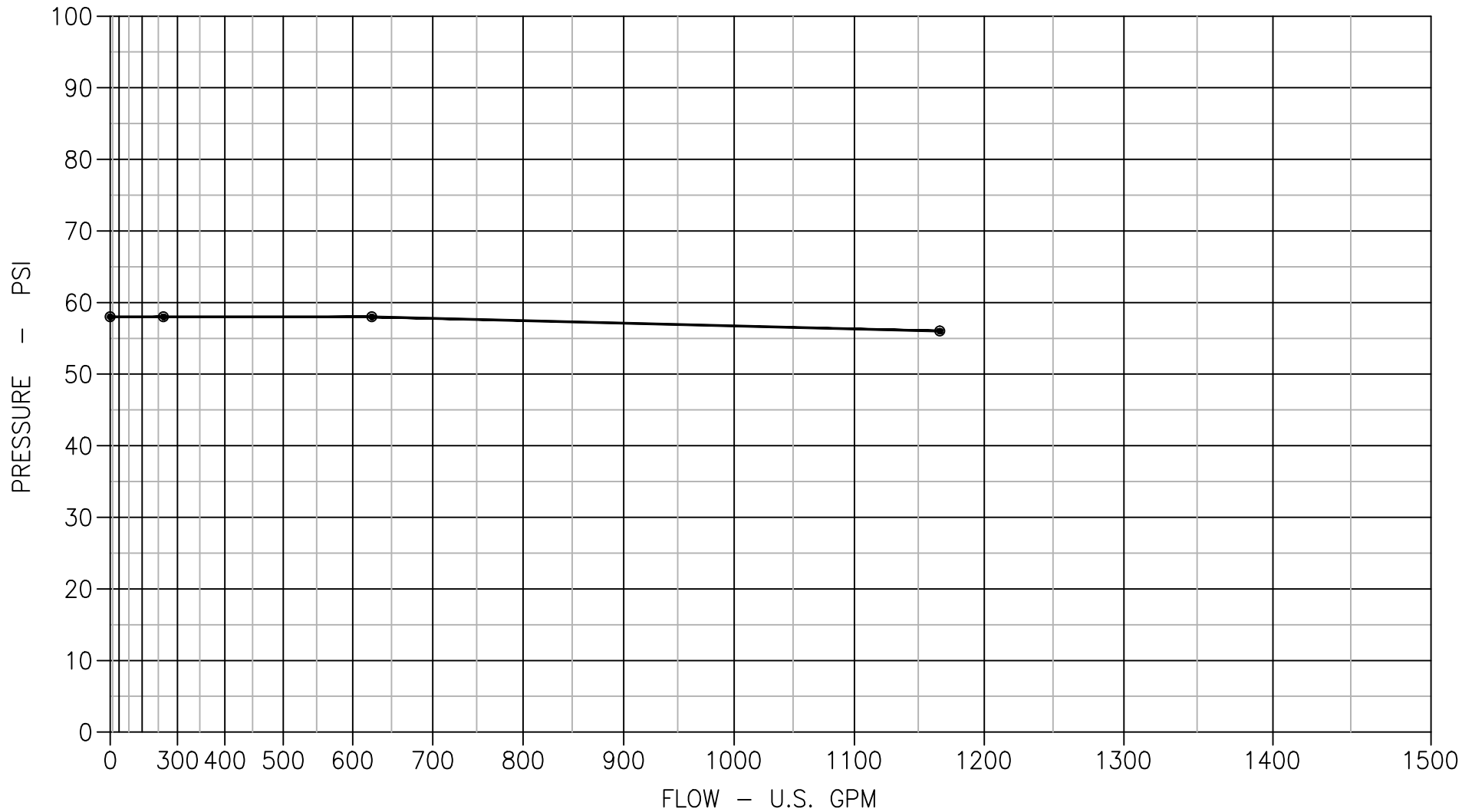
RFF= 3,696 GPM

RFF = 233 L/s



620 VETERANS ROAD	BY : ZAC SCHELL
VETERANS DRIVE & MAPLEVIEW DRIVE	OFFICE : BARRIE
BARRIE, ONTARIO	TEST BY : VIPOND & PUC
	DATE : MARCH 10, 2015

STATIC:	RESIDUAL:	FLOW:
<u>58</u> PSI	TEST#1 <u>58</u> PSI	@ <u>264</u> GPM
	TEST#2 <u>58</u> PSI	@ <u>627</u> GPM
	TEST#3 <u>56</u> PSI	@ <u>1163</u> GPM





APPENDIX G

TRAFFIC COUNTS AND TRIP GENERATION

Trans-Plan Transportation Inc.

Site ID Code:
 Intersection Location:
 Municipality:
 Count Date:
 Weather and Temperature:
 Surveyor:

Mapleview Drive at Veteran's Drive
 Barrie, Ontario
 Thursday, November 15, 2018
 Partly Sunny, -4 Degrees
 TP

AM	NORTH APPROACH										Total	EAST APPROACH										Total	SOUTH APPROACH										Total	WEST APPROACH										Total	Grand Total		
	CAR			TRUCKS			CYCLISTS			Peds		CAR			TRUCKS			CYCLISTS			Peds		CAR			TRUCKS			CYCLISTS			Peds		CAR			TRUCKS			CYCLISTS			Peds				
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R			L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R			L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R			L	T	R	L	T	R								
7:00	49	44	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	103	19	47	20	3	2	6	0	0	0	2	99	8	17	18	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	48	7	143	18	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	173	423		
7:15	48	66	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	27	63	28	1	8	2	0	0	0	0	129	9	14	16	1	2	2	0	0	0	3	47	9	117	15	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	146	440		
7:30	70	95	6	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	175	27	91	24	2	4	1	0	0	0	1	150	7	28	18	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	56	14	185	14	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	215	596		
7:45	77	94	13	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	191	42	103	23	3	6	3	0	0	0	0	180	13	34	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	61	15	168	25	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	210	642		
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MD																																															
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11:15	51	54	12	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	121	32	88	62	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	189	18	40	36	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	13	151	13	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	185	590	
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PM																																															
15:00	69	65	12	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	152	47	162	74	4	7	3	0	0	0	0	297	24	69	46	1	3	2	0	0	0	1	146	15	128	22	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	174	769
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15:30	58	59	11	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	134	43	180	67	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	296	20	52	49	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	128	14	168	22	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	211	769	
15:45	67	83	14	2	5	0	0	1	0	1	173	48	172	62	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	287	28	63	36	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	128	18	152	26	0	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	206	794	
16:00	61	72	11	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	148	45	198	84	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	334	32	74	41	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	154	19	164	19	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	214	850	
16:15	61	71	17	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	153	53	202	76	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	336	32	86	43	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	163	16	171	17	1	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	218	870	
16:30	46	66	12	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	130	41	213	103	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	360	36	108	40	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	187	26	168	23	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	223	900	
16:45	57	87	10	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	158	37	211	86	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	337	46	101	27	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	179	17	133	40	1	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	198	872	
17:00	41	84	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	147	47	220	105	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	375	55	106	37	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	201	33	161	25	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	223	946	
17:15	36	89	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	138	54	202	93	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	351	42	130	39	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	213	27	120	22	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	178	880	
17:30	42	86	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	141	39	197	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	344	47	96	37	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	182	28	118	34	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	182	849	
17:45	48	69	10	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	129	45	171	111	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	332	45	93	35	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	174	21	125	16	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	167	802	



Turning Movement Count Diagram

Intersection: Mapleview Drive at Veteran's Drive

Municipality: Barrie, Ontario

Intersection ID:

Date: Thursday, November 15, 2018

AM Peak Hour: 8:00 to 9:00

MD Peak Hour: 12:45 to 13:45

		Veteran's Drive						
North Total	939				East Total	1785		
North Entering	606	Cyclists	0	0	0	East Entering	687	
North Receiving	333	Truck	2	5	5	East Receiving	1098	
North Peds	0	Cars	35	325	234	East Peds	2	
			↙	↓	↘			
Mapleview Drive		0	3	66	↖	108	6	0
		0	24	724	→	377	17	0
		0	7	83	↘	167	12	0
			↙	↑	↘			
West Total	1394		51	144	105	South Total	916	
West Entering	907		5	6	6	South Entering	317	
West Receiving	487		0	0	0	South Receiving	599	
West Peds	0					South Peds	7	

		Veteran's Drive						
North Total	965				East Total	2125		
North Entering	498	Cyclists	0	0	0	East Entering	1061	
North Receiving	467	Truck	1	4	7	East Receiving	1064	
North Peds	2	Cars	31	210	245	East Peds	2	
			↙	↓	↘			
Mapleview Drive		0	0	43	↖	244	5	0
		0	13	614	→	592	15	0
		0	5	81	↘	203	2	0
			↙	↑	↘			
West Total	1484		85	170	174	South Total	954	
West Entering	756		4	5	11	South Entering	449	
West Receiving	728		0	0	0	South Receiving	505	
West Peds	0					South Peds	5	

PM Peak Hour: 16:30 to 17:30

Total 8-Hour Count

		Veteran's Drive						
North Total	1518				East Total	2359		
North Entering	571	Cyclists	0	0	0	East Entering	1423	
North Receiving	947	Truck	1	2	13	East Receiving	936	
North Peds	2	Cars	49	326	180	East Peds	0	
			↙	↓	↘			
Mapleview Drive		0	2	103	↖	387	4	0
		0	17	582	→	846	5	0
		0	8	110	↘	179	2	0
			↙	↑	↘			
West Total	1906		179	445	143	South Total	1405	
West Entering	822		4	6	1	South Entering	778	
West Receiving	1084		0	0	0	South Receiving	627	
West Peds	0					South Peds	2	

		Veteran's Drive						
North Total	8753				East Total	16210		
North Entering	4439	Cyclists	0	1	0	East Entering	8028	
North Receiving	4314	Truck	14	37	59	East Receiving	8182	
North Peds	10	Cars	332	2135	1861	East Peds	14	
			↙	↓	↘			
Mapleview Drive		0	14	511	↖	1911	50	0
		1	141	4928	→	4561	106	0
		0	43	643	↘	1341	59	0
			↙	↑	↘			
West Total	12057		734	1784	1150	South Total	8042	
West Entering	6281		29	44	42	South Entering	3783	
West Receiving	5776		0	0	0	South Receiving	4259	
West Peds	0					South Peds	37	

Land Use: 151 Mini-Warehouse

Description

Mini-warehouses are buildings in which a number of storage units or vaults are rented for the storage of goods. They are typically referred to as "self-storage" facilities. Each unit is physically separated from other units, and access is usually provided through an overhead door or other common access point.

Additional Data

Truck trips accounted for 2 to 15 percent of the weekday traffic at the sites surveyed.

Vehicle occupancy ranged from 1.2 to 1.9 persons per automobile on an average weekday.

Peak hours of the generator —

The weekday p.m. peak hour was between 1:00 p.m. and 5:00 p.m. The Saturday peak hour was between 12:00 noon and 1:00 p.m. The Sunday peak hour was between 1:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m.

The sites were surveyed from 1979 to 2002 in California, Colorado and New Jersey.

Source Numbers

113, 212, 403, 551, 568

Mini-Warehouse (151)

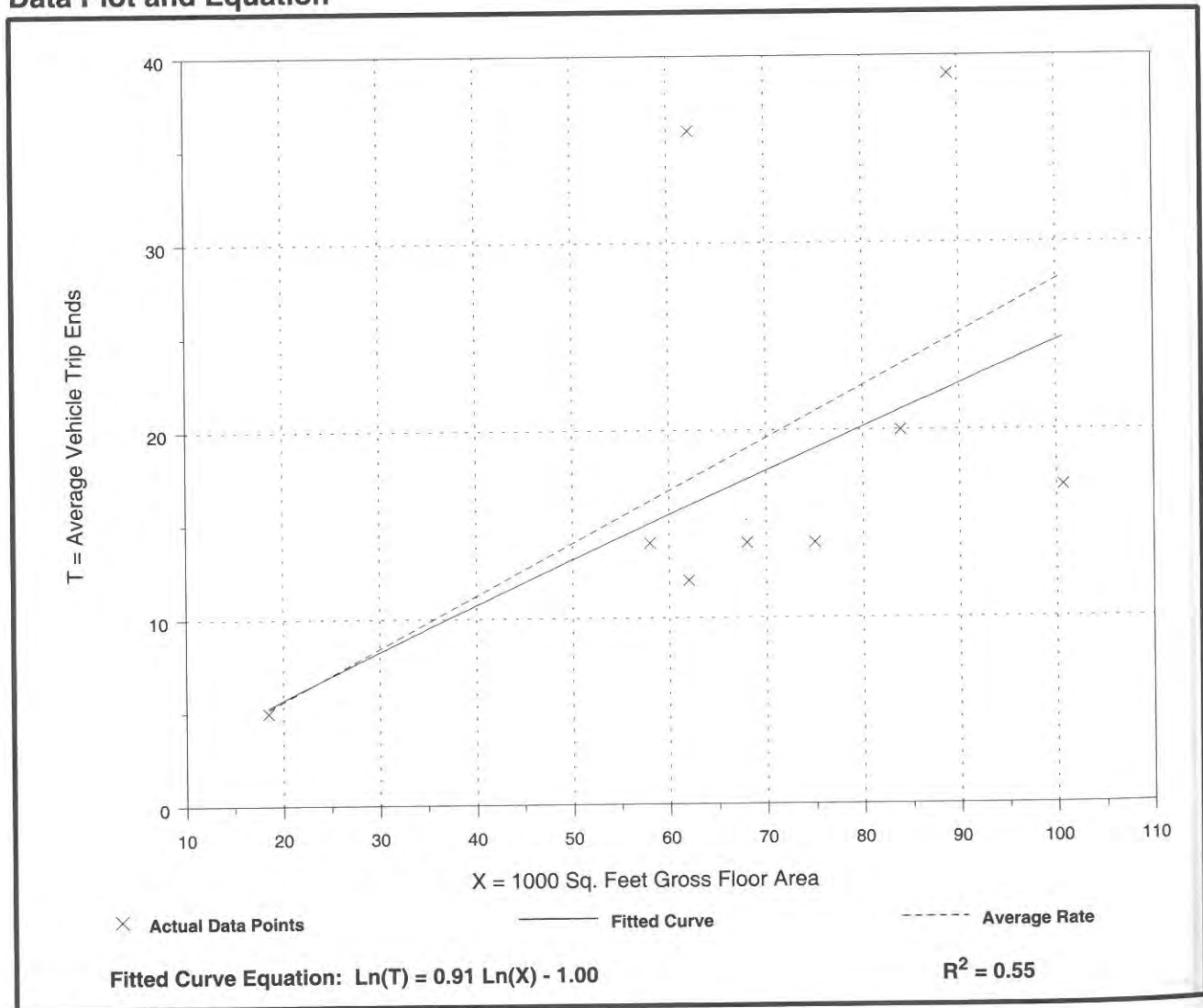
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area
On a: Weekday,
A.M. Peak Hour of Generator

Number of Studies: 9
 Average 1000 Sq. Feet GFA: 69
 Directional Distribution: 48% entering, 52% exiting

Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.28	0.17 - 0.58	0.54

Data Plot and Equation



Mini-Warehouse (151)

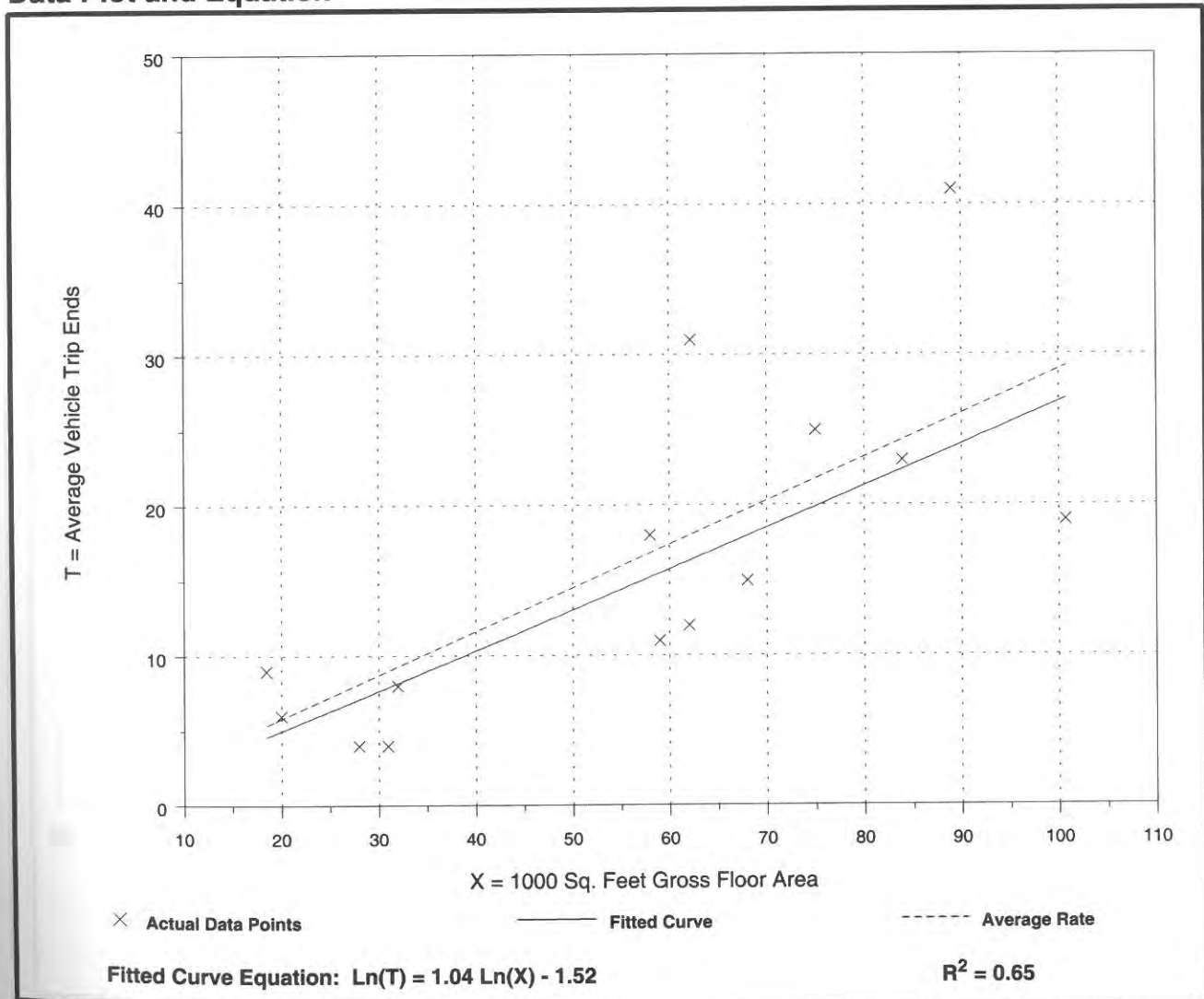
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area
On a: Weekday,
P.M. Peak Hour of Generator

Number of Studies: 14
Average 1000 Sq. Feet GFA: 56
Directional Distribution: 53% entering, 47% exiting

Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.29	0.13 - 0.50	0.54

Data Plot and Equation



Mini-Warehouse (151)

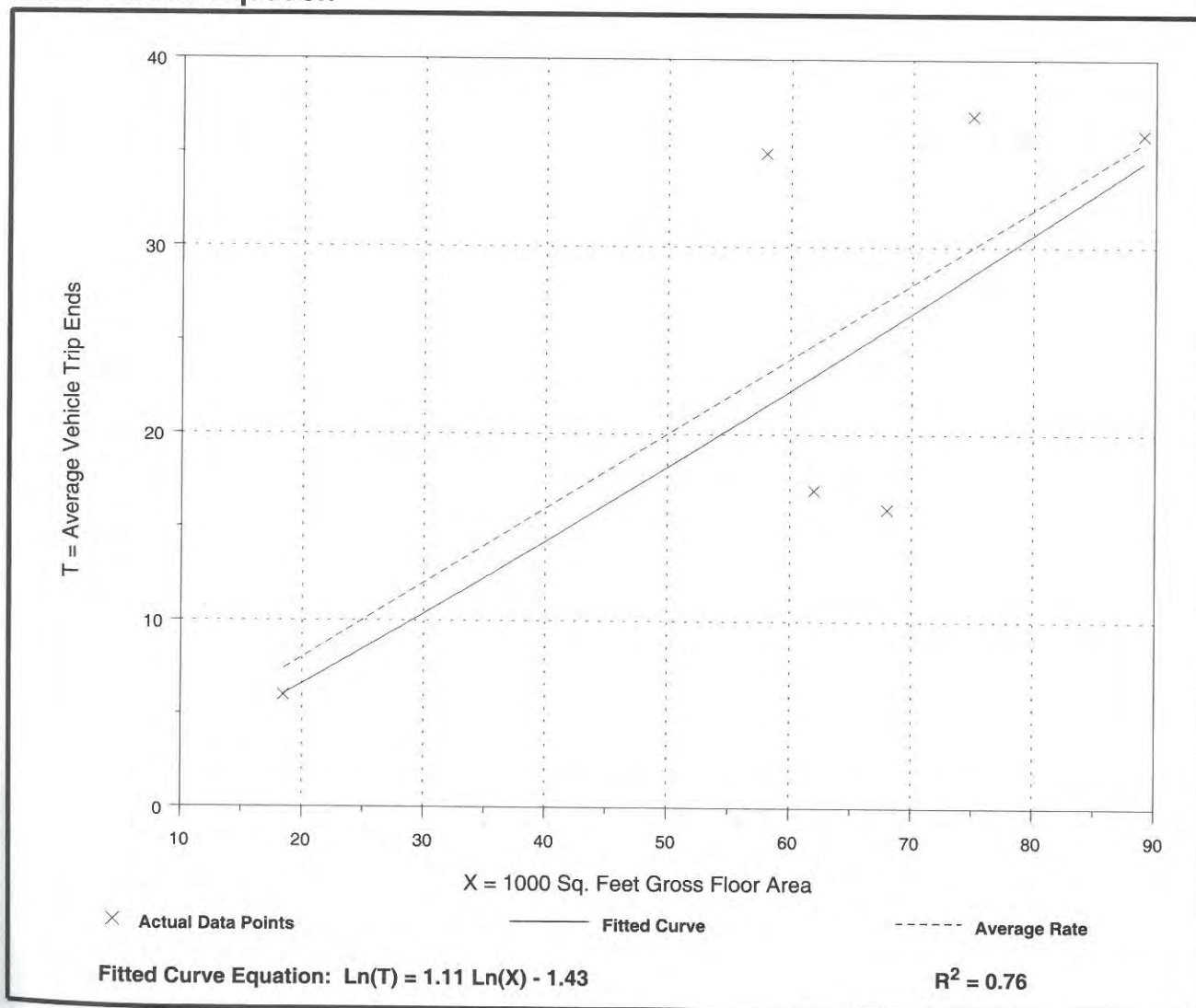
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area
On a: Saturday,
Peak Hour of Generator

Number of Studies: 6
 Average 1000 Sq. Feet GFA: 62
 Directional Distribution: Not available

Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.40	0.24 - 0.60	0.64

Data Plot and Equation



Land Use: 841 New Car Sales

Description

New car sales dealerships are typically located along major arterial streets characterized by abundant commercial development. Automobile services, parts sales and substantial used car sales may also be available. Some dealerships also include leasing options, truck sales and servicing.

Additional Data

Three sites provided information on the number of service stalls. The average number of stalls was 34, which included a range of 12 to 49.

The sites were surveyed from the late 1960s to the 2000s at domestic and foreign dealerships throughout the United States, with many conducted in Florida and California.

Source Numbers

98, 100, 172, 260, 271, 280, 328, 406, 414, 424, 427, 438, 440, 507, 571, 583

New Car Sales (841)

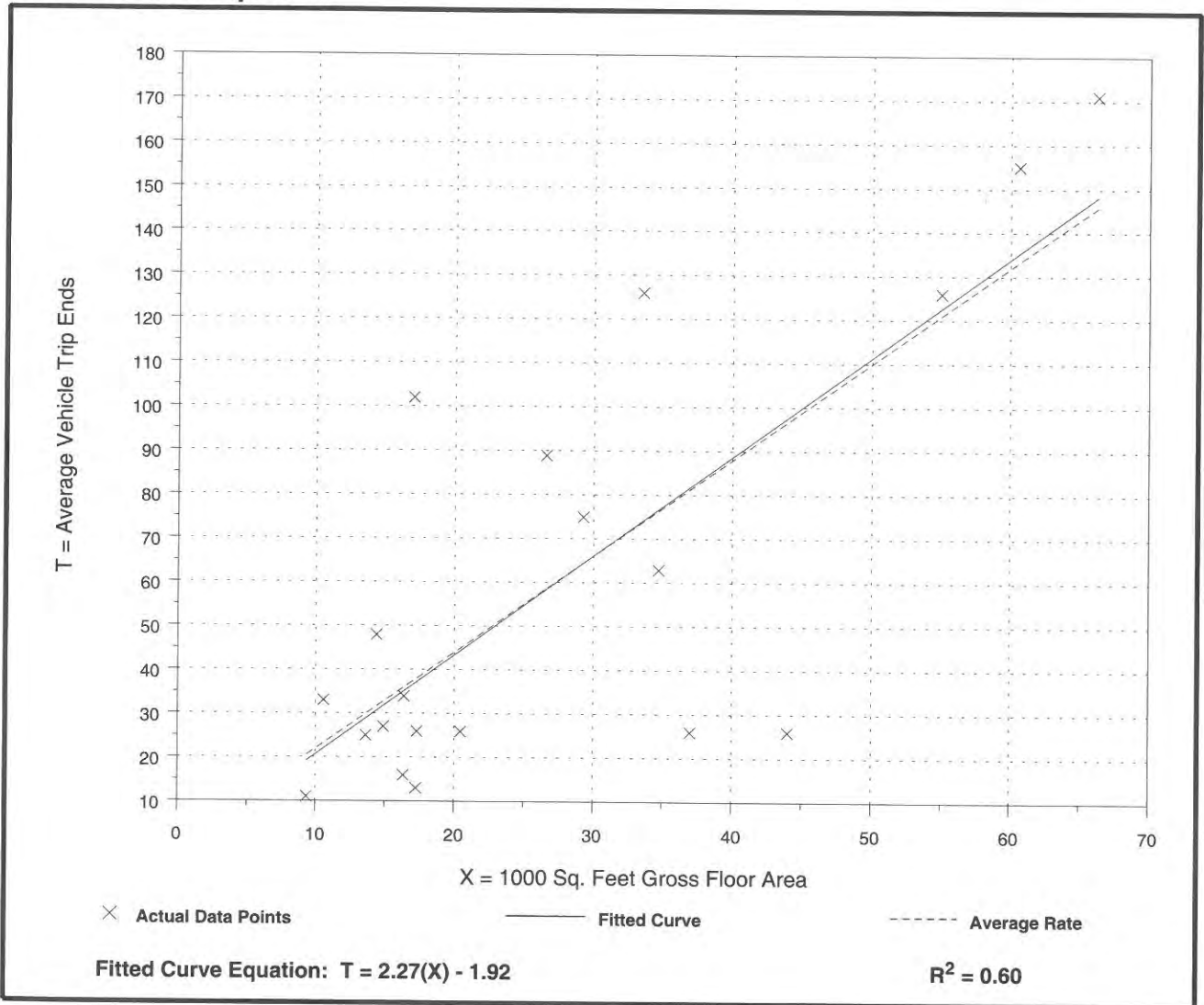
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area
On a: Weekday,
A.M. Peak Hour of Generator

Number of Studies: 20
 Average 1000 Sq. Feet GFA: 28
 Directional Distribution: 56% entering, 44% exiting

Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
2.20	0.59 - 6.00	1.85

Data Plot and Equation



New Car Sales (841)

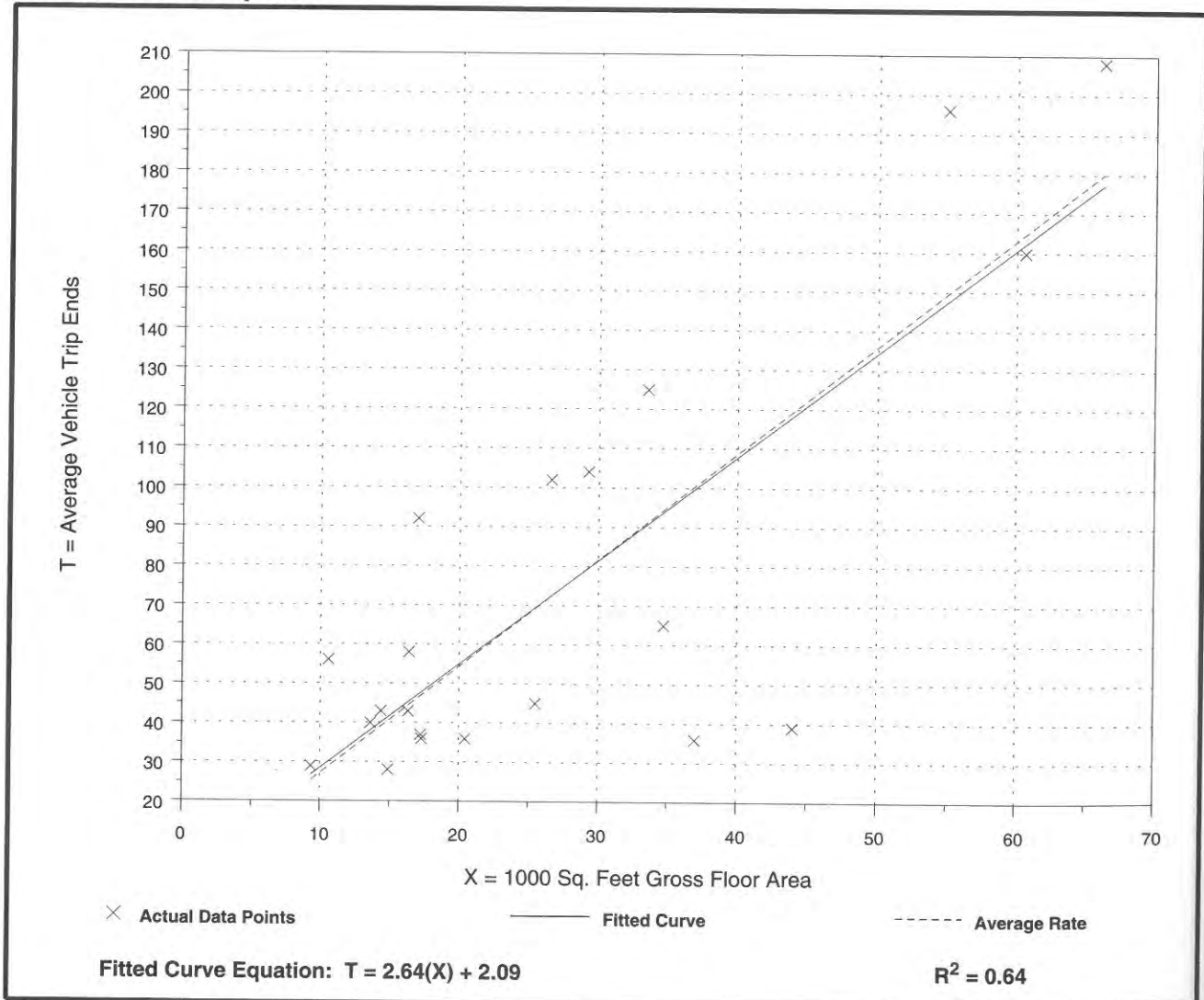
Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area
On a: Weekday,
P.M. Peak Hour of Generator

Number of Studies: 21
 Average 1000 Sq. Feet GFA: 28
 Directional Distribution: 45% entering, 55% exiting

Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Feet Gross Floor Area

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
2.72	0.89 - 5.41	1.96

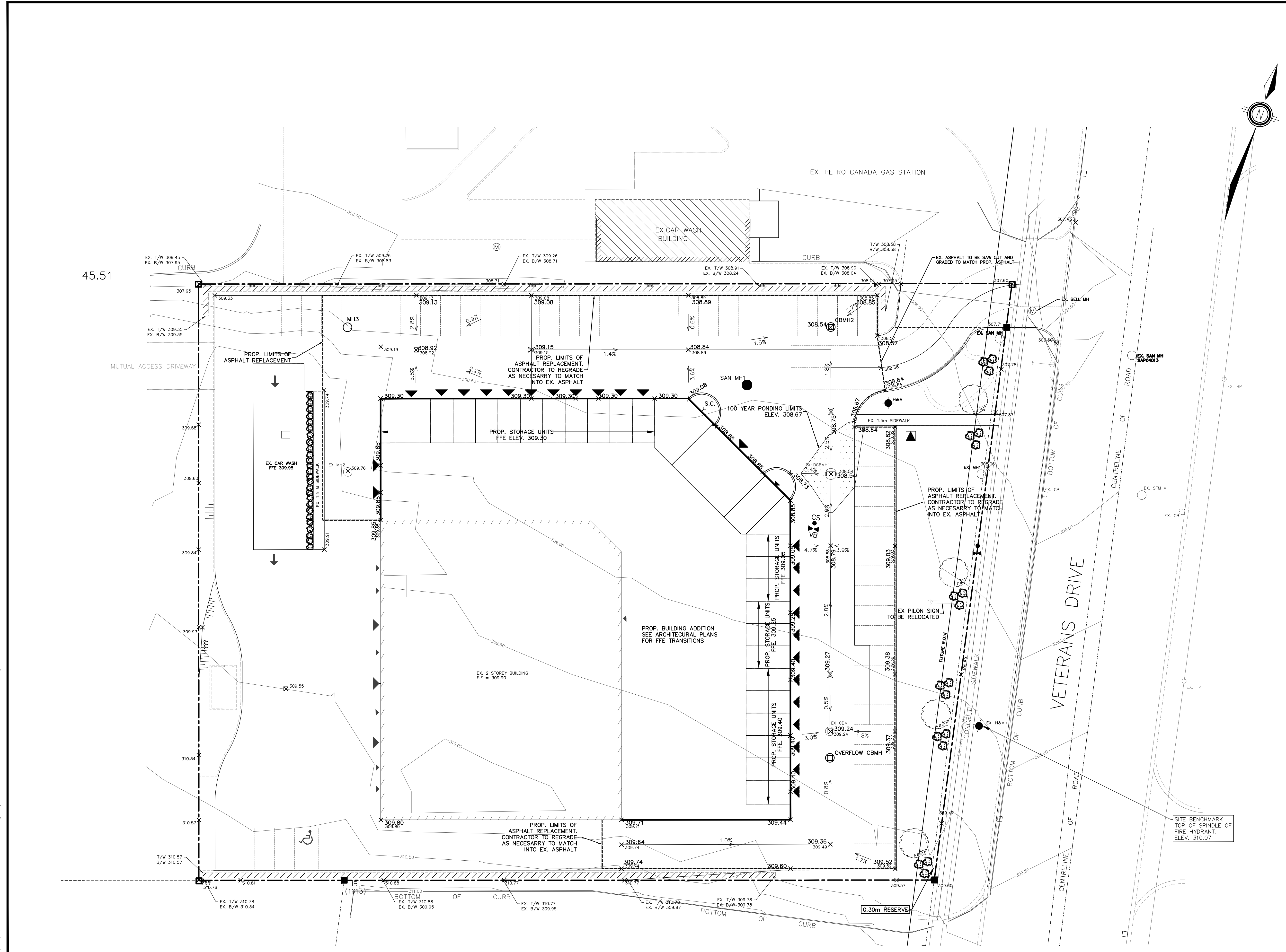
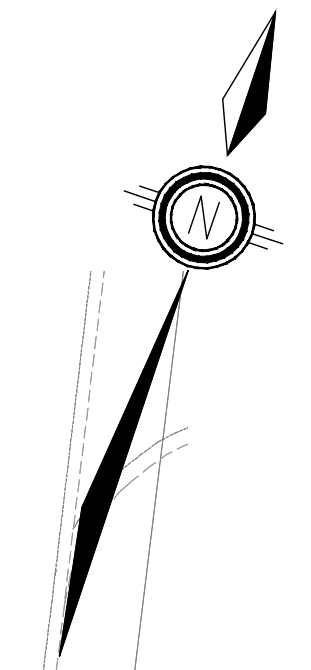
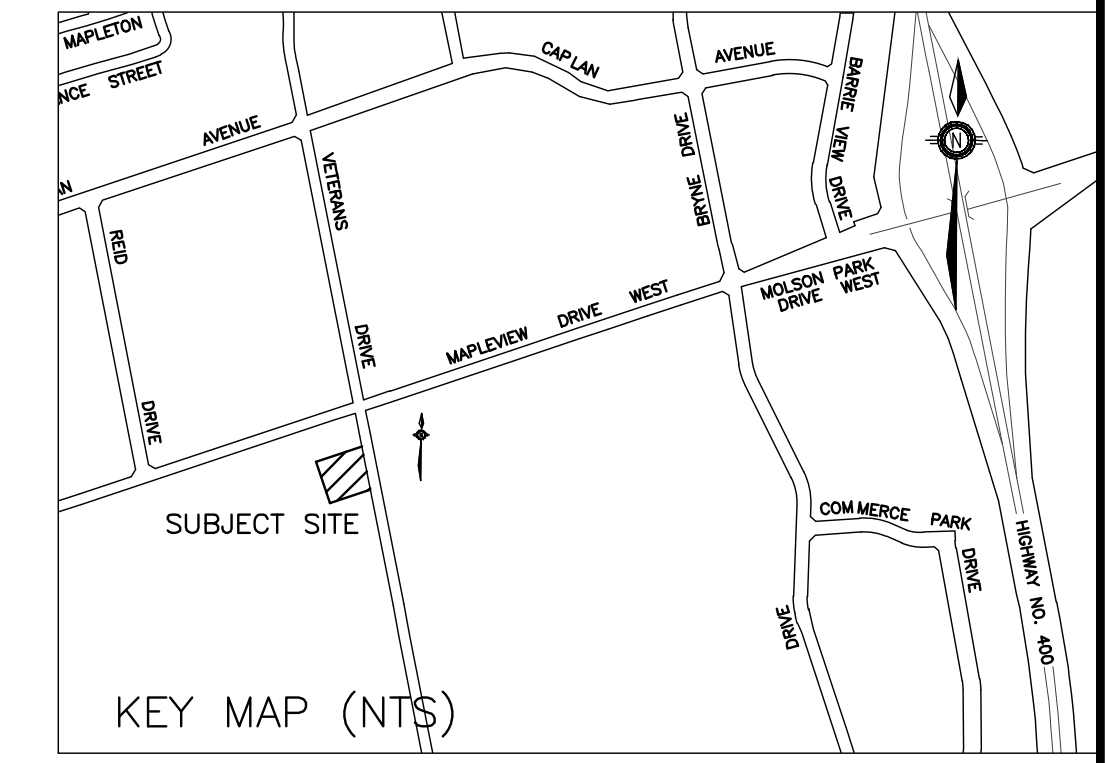
Data Plot and Equation





APPENDIX H

PEARSON ENGINEERING DRAWING



- LEGEND**
- PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
 - EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
 - CATCH BASIN
 - ▣ DOUBLE CATCH BASIN
 - ⊕ DOUBLE CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - ⊙ CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - STORM MANHOLE
 - × 274.37 PROPOSED ELEVATION
 - 274.37 EXISTING ELEVATION
 - 1.6% PROPOSED GRADE
 - ▲ PROPOSED HYDRO TRANSFORMER
 - SERVICE CAP
 - ◆ FIRE HYDRANT
 - ◆ WATER VALVE
 - ◆ CURB STOP
 - ↓ PROPOSED DRIVE IN ENTRANCE
 - LIGHT STANDARD
 - ▶ OVERHEAD DOORS
 - ▶ PEDESTRIAN DOORS
 - DEPRESSED CURB
 - BARRIER CURB

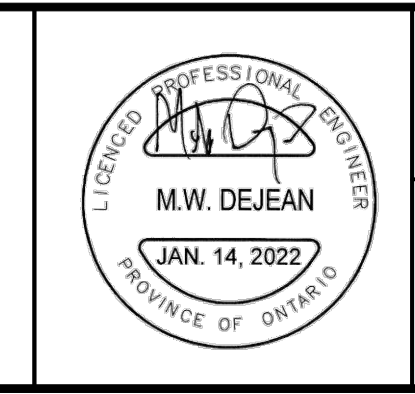
C:\Users\jules\OneDrive\Desktop\Temp\Mapleview\Mapleview_20858\14072.D1 - B.A.S.E.cdwg Layout:SG-1 Plotted: Jan 14, 2022 @ 10:55am by acloves @ PEARSON ENGINEERING LTD.

HORIZONTAL CONTROL: ID# 03120040235 LOCATED BEHIND SOUTH CURB LINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST, APPROXIMATELY 170m EAST OF VETERAN'S DR., OPPOSITE THE YOM FACTORY. NORTHING=N4909639.122m, EASTING=E603897.741m	COMBINED CONTROL: ID# 03120080060 LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 17.4m SOUTH OF CENTERLINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST AND APPROXIMATELY 285m EAST OF ESSA ROAD. ELEVATION=307.474 NORTHING=N4909251.737m, EASTING=E602722.947m
VERTICAL CONTROL: ID# 03120030018 CULVERT INVERT ON NORTHEAST CORNER OF MAPLEVIEW & VETERANS DRIVE. SET FLUSH IN THE EAST FACE OF CULVERT HEADWALL, TABLE IS 110mm BELOW THE TOP OF CULVERT AND 110mm NORTH OF THE SOUTH INSIDE CORNER TO HEADWALL. ELEVATION=306.589	

NO.	REVISION	NOTE	DATE	BY

BENCHMARK:
SITE BENCHMARK IS THE TOP OF THE SPINDLE OF THE FIRE HYDRANT AT THE WEST SIDE OF VETERAN'S DRIVE HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 310.07.

BEARING NOTE:
BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID AND ARE REFERRED TO PART OF THE WESTERLY LIMIT OF VETERAN'S DRIVE AS SHOWN ON REGISTERED PLAN 51M-695, HAVING A BEARING OF N11°01'00"W.



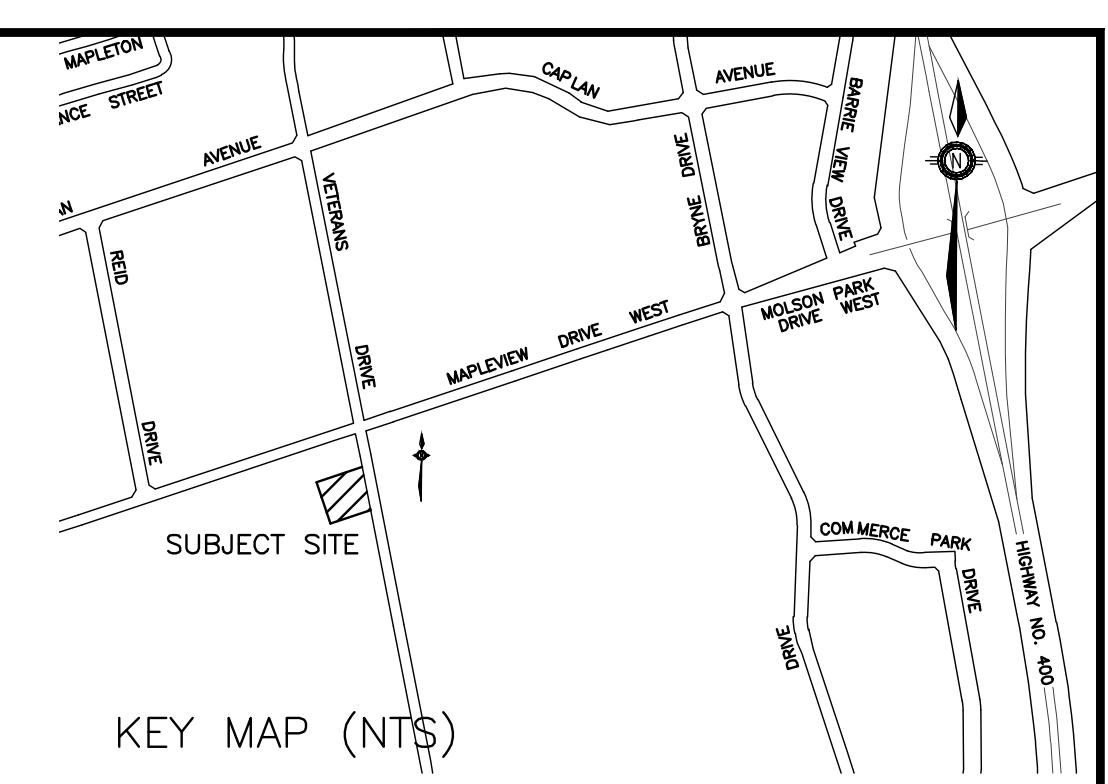
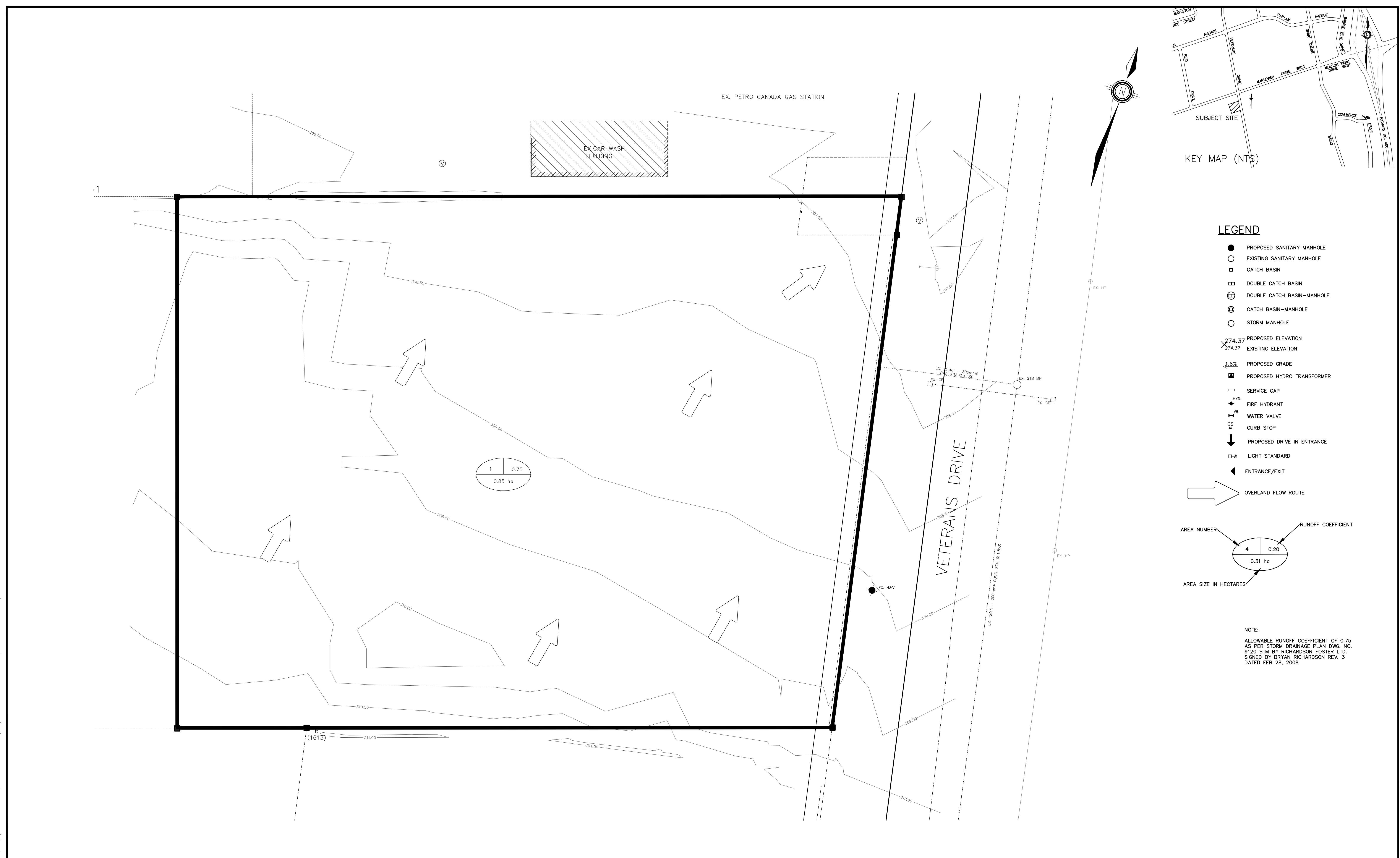
1911882 ONTARIO INC.
620 VETERANS DRIVE
CITY OF BARRIE

SITE GRADING PLAN

DESIGNED BY: AMC	HORIZ SCALE: 1:250	PROJECT #: 14072.01
DRAWN BY: JP	VERT SCALE: VERT	DRAWING #: SG-1
CHECKED BY: GMP	DATE: SEPTEMBER 2021	REVISION #: 0



C:\Users\valdeswa\AppData\Local\Temp\publish_20858\14072.D1 - BASE.dwg Layout: STM-1 Plotted Jun 14, 2022 @ 10:55am by coloves @ PEARSON ENGINEERING LTD.



LEGEND

- PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
 - EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
 - CATCH BASIN
 - ▣ DOUBLE CATCH BASIN
 - ⊕ DOUBLE CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - ⊗ CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - STORM MANHOLE
 - × 274.37 PROPOSED ELEVATION
 - 274.37 EXISTING ELEVATION
 - ↘ 1.6% PROPOSED GRADE
 - ⚡ PROPOSED HYDRO TRANSFORMER
 - ▭ SERVICE CAP
 - ⚡ HYD. FIRE HYDRANT
 - ⚡ WB WATER VALVE
 - ⚡ CS CURB STOP
 - ↓ PROPOSED DRIVE IN ENTRANCE
 - ⊕ LIGHT STANDARD
 - ◀ ENTRANCE/EXIT
 - ➔ OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE
-
- AREA NUMBER
- | | |
|---------|------|
| 4 | 0.20 |
| 0.31 ha | |
- AREA SIZE IN HECTARES
- NOTE:
ALLOWABLE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT OF 0.75 AS PER STORM DRAINAGE PLAN DWG. NO. 9120 STM BY RICHARDSON FOSTER LTD. SIGNED BY BRYAN RICHARDSON REV. 3 DATED FEB 28, 2008

HORIZONTAL CONTROL:
ID# 03120040235
LOCATED BEHIND SOUTH CURB LINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST, APPROXIMATELY 170m EAST OF VETERAN'S DR., OPPOSITE THE YOM FACTORY.
NORTHING=N4909639.122m, EASTING=E603897.741m

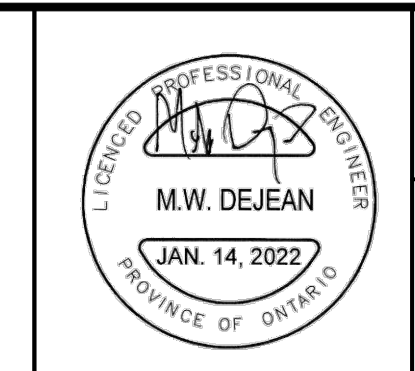
VERTICAL CONTROL:
ID# 03120035018
CULVERT INVERT ON NORTHEAST CORNER OF MAPLEVIEW & VETERANS DRIVE. SET FLUSH IN THE EAST FACE OF CULVERT HEADWALL. TABLE IS 110mm BELOW THE TOP OF CULVERT AND 110mm NORTH OF THE SOUTH INSIDE CORNER TO HEADWALL.
ELEVATION=306.589

COMBINED CONTROL:
ID# 03120080060
LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 17.4m SOUTH OF CENTERLINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST AND APPROXIMATELY 265m EAST OF ESSA ROAD.
ELEVATION=307.474
NORTHING=N4909251.737m, EASTING=E602722.947m

NO.	REVISION NOTE	DATE	BY

BENCHMARK:
SITE BENCHMARK IS THE TOP OF THE SPINDLE OF THE FIRE HYDRANT AT THE WEST SIDE OF VETERAN'S DRIVE HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 310.07.

BEARING NOTE:
BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID AND ARE REFERRED TO PART OF THE WESTERLY LIMIT OF VETERAN'S DRIVE AS SHOWN ON REGISTERED PLAN 51M-695, HAVING A BEARING OF N11°01'00"W.

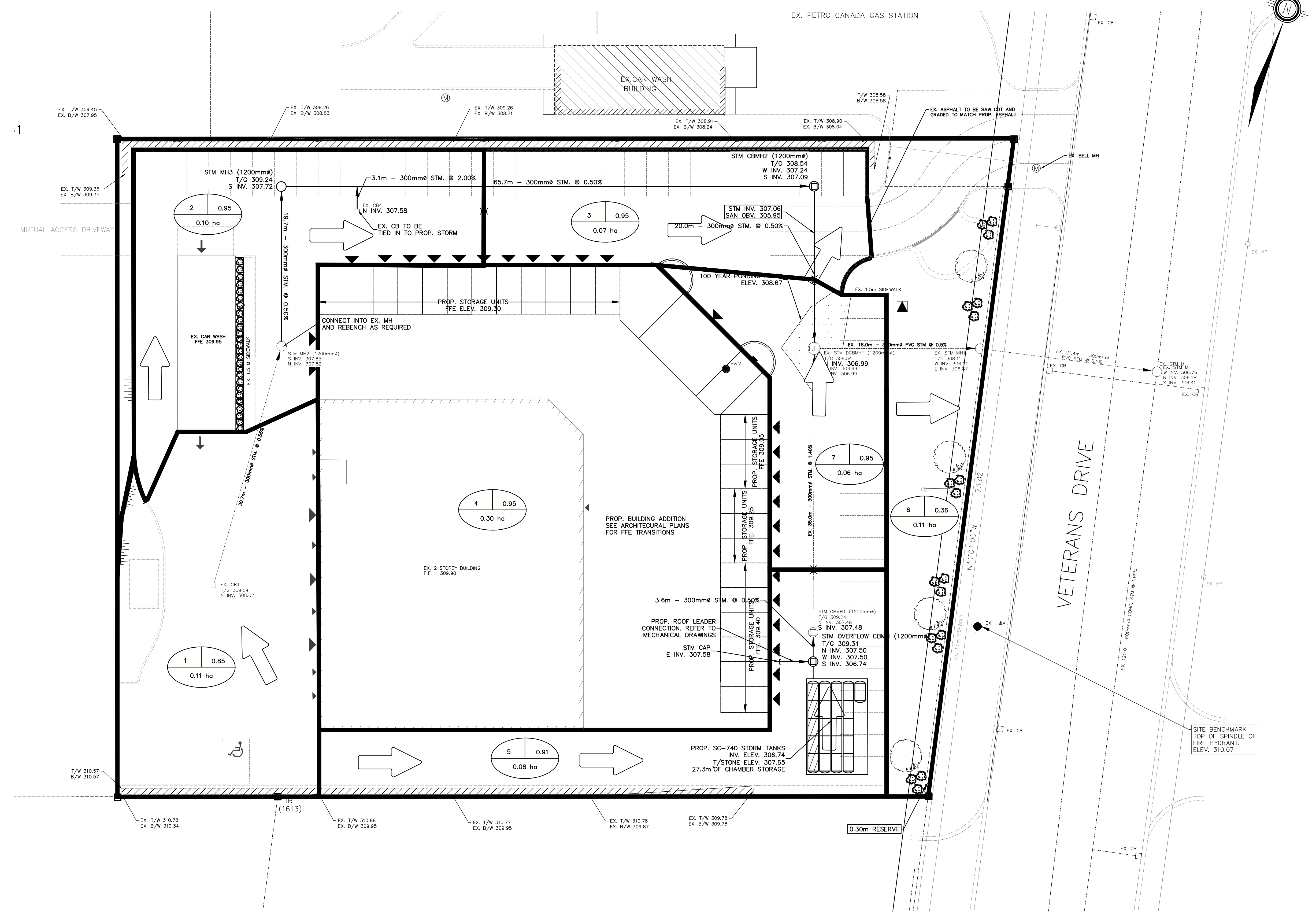
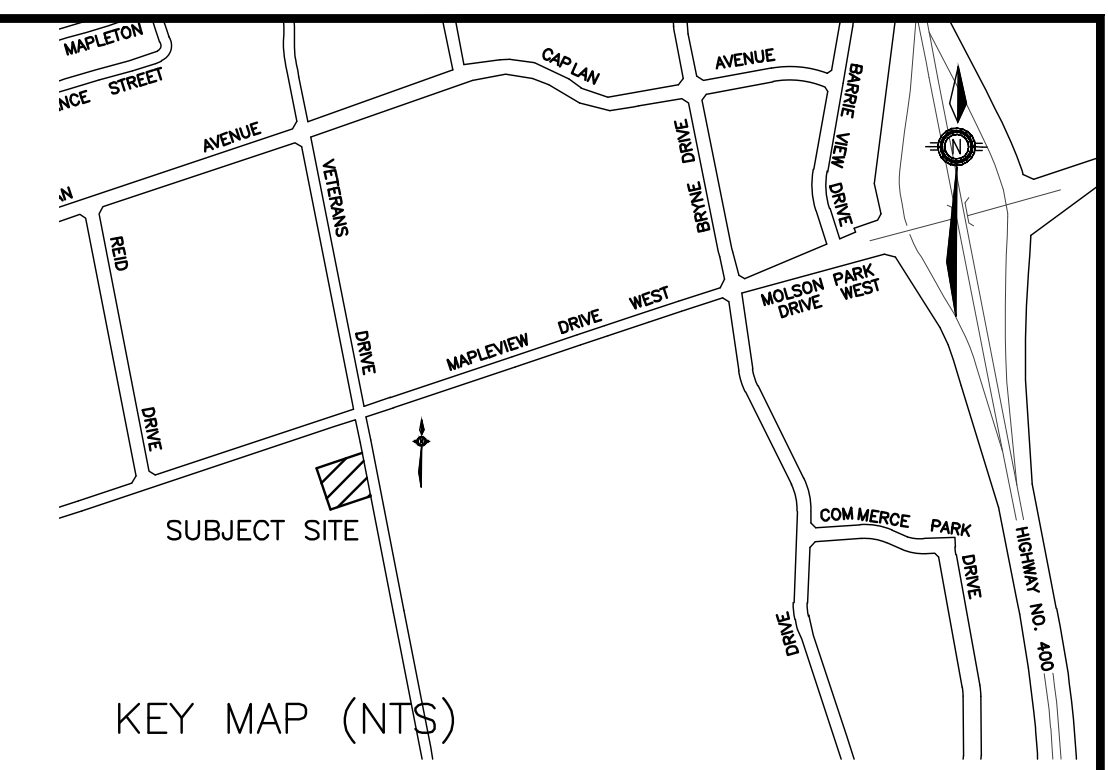


1911882 ONTARIO INC.
620 VETERANS DRIVE
CITY OF BARRIE

PRE-DEVELOPMENT STORM CATCHMENT PLAN

PEARSON ENGINEERING
PEARSONENG.COM PH. 705.719.4785

DESIGNED BY	AMC	HORIZ SCALE	HORIZ	PROJECT #	14072.01
DRAWN BY	JP	VERT SCALE	VERT	DRAWING #	STM-1
CHECKED BY	GMP	DATE	SEPTEMBER 2021	REVISION #	0



- LEGEND**
- PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
 - EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
 - CATCH BASIN
 - DOUBLE CATCH BASIN
 - ⊕ DOUBLE CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - ⊗ CATCH BASIN-MANHOLE
 - STORM MANHOLE
 - 274.37 PROPOSED ELEVATION
 - 274.37 EXISTING ELEVATION
 - 1.6% PROPOSED GRADE
 - ▲ PROPOSED HYDRO TRANSFORMER
 - SERVICE CAP
 - HYD. FIRE HYDRANT
 - WB WATER VALVE
 - CS CURB STOP
 - ↓ PROPOSED DRIVE IN ENTRANCE
 - LIGHT STANDARD
 - ▲ ENTRANCE/EXIT
 - ➔ OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE
- CATCHMENT NUMBER
- AREA SIZE IN HECTARES
- RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

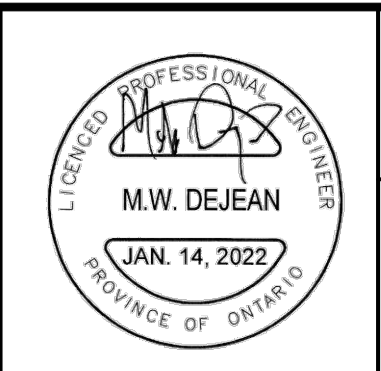
C:\Users\volivevsk\AppData\Local\Temp\Pub\Pub\14072.D1 - BASE.dwg Layout: STM-2 Plotted Jan 14, 2022 @ 10:55am by adboves @ PEARSON ENGINEERING LTD.

HORIZONTAL CONTROL: ID# 03120040335 LOCATED BEHIND SOUTH CURB LINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST, APPROXIMATELY 170m EAST OF VETERAN'S DR., OPPOSITE THE YOM FACTORY. NORTHING=N4909639.122m, EASTING=E603897.741m	COMBINED CONTROL: ID# 03120080060 LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 17.4m SOUTH OF CENTERLINE OF MAPLEVIEW DRIVE WEST AND APPROXIMATELY 265m EAST OF ESSA ROAD. ELEVATION=307.474 NORTHING=N4909251.737m, EASTING=E602722.947m
VERTICAL CONTROL: ID# 03120030018 CULVERT INVERT ON NORTHEAST CORNER OF MAPLEVIEW & VETERANS DRIVE. SET FLUSH IN THE EAST FACE OF CULVERT HEADWALL. TABLE IS 110mm BELOW THE TOP OF CULVERT AND 110mm NORTH OF THE SOUTH INSIDE CORNER TO HEADWALL. ELEVATION=306.589	

NO.	REVISION NOTE	DATE	BY

BENCHMARK:
SITE BENCHMARK IS THE TOP OF THE SPINDLE OF THE FIRE HYDRANT AT THE WEST SIDE OF VETERAN'S DRIVE HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 310.07.

BEARING NOTE:
BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID AND ARE REFERRED TO PART OF THE WESTERLY LIMIT OF VETERAN'S DRIVE AS SHOWN ON REGISTERED PLAN 51M-695, HAVING A BEARING OF N11°01'00"W.



1911882 ONTARIO INC.
620 VETERANS DRIVE
CITY OF BARRIE

POST-DEVELOPMENT STORM CATCHMENT PLAN

DESIGNED BY	AMC	HORIZ SCALE	1:250	PROJECT #	14072.01
DRAWN BY	JP	VERT SCALE	N/A	DRAWING #	STM-2
CHECKED BY	GMP	DATE	SEPTEMBER 2021	REVISION #	0



