SERVICING & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

440 ESSA ROAD MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT CITY OF BARRIE

PREPARED FOR:

ONE URBAN DEVELOPMENTS INC.

PREPARED BY:

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DECEMBER 2020

CFCA FILE NO. 1321-5312

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Revision Number	Date	Comments
Rev. 0	September 23, 2019	Issued for ZBA.
Rev. 1	December 22, 2020	Issued for First Submission.

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1.0 Introduction

C.F. Crozier & Associates Inc. (Crozier) was retained by ONE Urban Developments Inc. to complete a Servicing & Stormwater Management Implementation Report in support of the Site Plan Application for a proposed mixed-use development within the City of Barrie.

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate that the proposed site can be developed in accordance with the City of Barrie and Lake Simcoe Conservation Authority (LSRCA) guidelines from a servicing & stormwater management perspective.

The following reports and design standards were referenced during the preparation of this report:

- City of Barrie Official Plan (January 2018)
- City of Barrie Development Manual (2017)
- City of Barrie Water Transmission and Distribution Policies and Design Guidelines (2017)
- City of Barrie Sanitary Sewage Collection System Policies and Design Guidelines (2017)
- City of Barrie Stormwater Management Policies and Design Guidelines (2017)
- City of Barrie Comprehensive Zoning By-Law (August 2009)
- LSRCA Technical Guideline for Stormwater Management Submissions (June 2016)
- Lake Simcoe Protection Plan (July 2009)
- Ministry of the Environment Design Guideline's for Drinking-Water Systems (2008)

2.0 General Site Description

The subject property is approximately 0.50 hectares in size and is located at 440 Essa Road in City of Barrie, County of Simcoe. The property is bounded by Essa Road to the west, undeveloped grassed lands to the north (430 Essa Road), and existing residential dwellings to the east and south. A site-specific Zoning By-Law Amendment has been approved in 2020 to rezone the subject property from General Commercial (C4) area to Mixed-use Corridor (MU2) with special provisions. **Figure 1** illustrates the site location.

The proposed Site Plan consists of an eight storey mixed use building containing 194 residential units and commercial space, with above-ground parking areas and a two storey underground parking area. Access to the site will be provided by way of Essa Road and connection to 430 Essa Road. The proposed development Site Plan has been included in **Appendix D**.

The site currently consists of a gas station, convenience store, restaurant, and above-ground paved and gravel parking areas. The site is relatively flat, with an elevation change of approximately 0.5 m across the site. The site has split drainage with much of the western portion of the site draining towards Essa Road, and the remainder of the site draining towards the eastern border of the site. Existing catchbasins located along Essa Road and McCausland Court capture stormwater runoff from the site.

External documents/plans were reviewed in the course of completing this engineering assessment. As such, the servicing and design considerations contained herein are dependent on the following:

- Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Investigation by Fisher Environmental Ltd. July 2017
- As-built drawings of Essa Road and Veterans Drive provided by the City of Barrie

The Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Investigation by Fisher Environmental Ltd. (July, 2017) was prepared for a proposed development located at 430 Essa Road, located along the north border of the subject site. On-site soils primarily consisted of silt and fine sand and can be classified of hydrologic group B (MTO Drainage Management Manual, 1997). The subsoil conditions identified in this investigation were assumed to be representative of the subsoil soil conditions within the subject site, as a geotechnical investigation was not available for the subject site at the time of completion of this report.

3.0 Water Servicing

3.1 Existing Water Servicing

As-built drawings of existing watermain infrastructure for the surrounding area were provided by the City of Barrie. There is an existing 300 mm diameter watermain running along Essa Road and three (3) separate service connections to the site. Two existing fire hydrants are located on the west side of the Essa Road Right-of-Way. Refer to **Appendix D** for as-built drawings of Essa Road and Veterans Drive.

A hydrant flow test has been completed to confirm the available flows and pressures in this system and is provided in **Appendix A**.

3.2 Proposed Water Servicing

Fire service and domestic water service connections (150 mm diameter and 100 mm diameter respectively) are proposed to service the development via the existing 300 mm diameter watermain along Essa Road. The domestic water service will connect to the existing northmost stub extending to the property line. A new 150 mm dia. fire line will be extended from the existing main in Essa Road. The proposed building is within a 90 m radius of the existing fire hydrants on Essa Road and therefore internal hydrants are not required.

Available pressures expected throughout the proposed development will be confirmed in the detailed design process. A hydrant test will be obtained or provided during detailed design.

Domestic water demands for the site were estimated using the following criteria as specified in the City of Barrie Guidelines and Ministry of the Environment - Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems (2008):

- Average Residential Flow Rate 225 L/cap/day
- Average Commercial Flow Rate 28000 L/ha/day
- Peak Factors: Peak Day/ Peak Hour 2.74/3.98
- Population Density 1.67 Persons Per Unit

Table 1 summarizes the design flow calculations based on the values estimated for water demand for 440 Essa Road.

Table 1: Summary of Water Design Flow Calculations

A	Residential Flow		Commercial Flow		Max Day		Peak Hour	
(ha)	Unit Flow (L/cap/d)	Total Flow (L/s)	Unit Flow (L/ha/d)	Total Flow (L/s)	Peak Factor	Total Flow (L/s)	Peak Factor	Total Flow (L/s)
0.50	225	0.84	28,000	0.04	2.74	2.41	3.98	3.51

The maximum daily and peak hour water demands from the development are approximately 2.41 and 3.51 L/s, respectively.

Fire flows required to service the site were determined to be 317 L/s per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. The total design flow for the water distribution system is 321 L/s. All internal building water connections will be designed by the mechanical engineer. **Drawing C101** illustrates the layout of the proposed watermain connections and system. Potable water demand calculations are provided in **Appendix A**.

4.0 Sanitary Servicing

4.1 Existing Sanitary Servicing

As-built drawings of existing sanitary sewer infrastructure for the surrounding area were provided by the City. There is an existing 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer that runs northeast along Essa Road. An existing 200 mm diameter sanitary stub extends from the sewer along Essa Road to an existing sanitary manhole located on-site.

4.2 Proposed Sanitary Servicing

Sanitary flows from the site will be directed to the existing 200 mm diameter sanitary stub extending from the sewer along Essa Road. The existing sanitary manhole is to be removed and replaced with a proposed manhole at the property line. The design of the internal collection system for this area will be completed by the Mechanical Engineer.

The site has 194 proposed residential units across 0.50 ha, designating the site as a high-density residential development per the City of Barrie Standards. In addition to the 194 residential units, approximately 1100 m² of retail space is proposed.

Preliminary sanitary flows for the site were estimated using the following values, per the City of Barrie Standards:

- Average Flow Rate 225 L/cap/day
- Infiltration 0.1 L/s/ha
- Peaking Factor 4.06 (Harmon)
- Population Density 1.67 Persons/Unit

Table 2 summarizes the design sewage flow calculations.

Table 2: Summary of Sewage Design Flow Calculations

Aver	Residential Flow		Commercial Flow		Infiltration		Peak Factor	Total Peak
Area (ha)	Unit Flow (L/cap/d)	Total Flow (L/s)	Unit Flow (L/ha/d)	Total Flow (L/s)	Unit Flow (L/s/ha)	Total Flow (L/s)	(Residential/ Commercial)	Daily Flow (L/s)
0.50	225	0.84	28,000	0.04	0.10	0.05	4.06/2.0	3.55

Based on these values it is estimated that peak sanitary flow from the site will be 3.55 L/s. It is assumed that the municipal sanitary system has sufficient capacity to accept flows from the existing 200 mm diameter sanitary lead extending to the site. All internal building sanitary connections will be reconfigured to suit by the mechanical engineer. The sanitary servicing demand calculations can be found in **Appendix B**. Refer to **Drawing C101** for the proposed sanitary servicing for the development.

5.0 Drainage Conditions

5.1 Pre-Development

On-site soils were estimated to consist of silt and fine sand as outlined in the Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Investigation by Fisher Environmental Ltd. (July, 2017) for the property located at 430 Essa Road.

Existing drainage patterns were identified during on-site reconnaissance and a review of the topographic survey prepared by Rudy Mak Surveying Ltd. Drainage from the subject site is predominately overland sheet flow from east to west towards Essa Road. A single catchbasin is present along the western border of the property and collects internal runoff from Catchment 101 and conveys it to the existing 525 mm dia. storm sewer located within Essa Road (Essa Road Improvements As-Built drawings – City of Barrie Engineering Department, March 2016). An area in the north eastern portion of the site (approximately 2100 m²), herein referred to as Catchment 102, currently drains overland from west to east to eastern border of the subject site. This runoff is conveyed to an existing catchbasin located on McCausland Court through an overland flow spillway.

The pre-development drainage plan is illustrated in Figure 2.

5.2 Post-Development

The proposed development will be graded with varying slopes typically ranging from 0.5% - 5.0% to promote stormwater drainage towards proposed area drains throughout the site. Stormwater runoff that is captured in these area drains will be conveyed through a series of pipes and directed to a storage tank located in parking floor 1. The internal layout of storm conveyance pipes is to be determined by the mechanical engineer. Discharge from the storage tank will controlled with a 160 mm dia. orifice plate located in storage tank. The controlled discharge from the development will be conveyed to the existing storm sewer in Essa Road through a 375 mm dia. storm sewer.

Stormwater generated on the roof of the building will be detained in rooftop storage. This runoff will be controlled to a release rate of 42 L/s/ha and will be directed from the roof to STM MH2. The rooftop will provide 110 m³ of storage.

Two small areas, herein referred to Catchments 202 and 203, will drain uncontrolled off the site. Catchment 202 is located along the frontage of Essa Road. This Catchment will drain uncontrolled towards the Essa Road Right-of-Way (ROW). Catchment 203 is located in the north east corner of the site and will drain uncontrolled to McCausland Court. The uncontrolled flows for each of these catchments are considered to be negligible and have not been considered in the SWM calculations.

An emergency overland flow route has been provided via the internal parking road. In the event of a major storm or if the area drains significantly clog, stormwater will be safely conveyed along the internal road towards McCausland Court via the existing stormwater spillway. A curb cut has been provided along the parking area in the north east corner of the site to allow water to spill towards McCausland Court. The curb cut elevation has been set at a minimum elevation of 19 cm above all area drains to ensure that overland flow will only spill through the curb cut in emergency events.

The proposed site grading plan is shown in **Drawing C102**. **Figure 3** illustrates the post-development drainage plan.

6.0 Stormwater Management

Stormwater management (SWM) for the proposed development must comply with the policies and standards of various agencies including the City of Barrie and the Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority (LSRCA).

The recommended stormwater management strategy for the proposed development based on these efforts has been included below:

- Water Quantity Control
 - Control of the post development 100-year peak flow rate to the 5-year predevelopment peak flow rate
- Water Quality Control
 - Provide an Enhanced Level of Protection (80% TSS removal for 90% of the annual runoff)
- Water Balance
 - o Best efforts to maintain pre-development infiltration rates
- Phosphorus Control
 - At a minimum, removal of 80% of the annual Total Phosphorus load from the development area. Any Phosphorus load that cannot be controlled will be offset at a ratio of 2.5:1

6.1 Stormwater Quantity Control

A hydrologic stormwater analysis was completed using the rational method to analyze and compare pre- and post-development conditions. Rainfall events were modeled using the IDF data provided in the City of Barrie Design Standards. A summary of resultant peak flows is presented in **Table 3**. Refer to **Appendix C** for the detailed rational method calculations.

Table 3: Pre- and Post-Development Peak Flows (L/s)

Catchment	2-year	5-year	10-year	25-year	50-year	100-year	
Pre-Development							
101	53	69	80	103	123	142	
102	42	55	64	82	93	104	
		Post	-Developr	nent			
201	91	119	138	178	209	232	
202	7	9	11	14	15	17	
203	0	0	1	1	1	1	

Stormwater runoff from the site will be discharged to the existing storm sewer in Essa Road. Stormwater flows will be controlled to meet the 5-year pre-development peak flow rate from Catchment 101 as this catchment currently outlets to Essa Road and signifies the existing site drainage discharging to the Essa Road Sewer. The control of this flow from the development will prevent surcharging of the existing storm sewer within Essa Road. Runoff from the development will be stored on-site through a combination of rooftop ponding and an underground storage tank. Peak flows will be controlled by an 160mm dia. orifice control plate located on the outlet of the storage tank. A summary of the on-site storage is provided in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Stormwater Storage System Summary

	Rooftop S	torage (m³)	Underground Storage (m³)		
	Required	Provided	Required	Provided	
5-year	45	45	38	38	
100-year	110	110	59	60	

Stormwater quantity control calculations are provided in **Appendix C**.

Storage Tank

The storage tank has been designed to provide 60 m³ of storage on-site to meet the quantity control requirements. The tank will include an access manhole that will be accessible from outside of the proposed building along the west property line. The bottom of the tank will have an elevation of 311.31 and the top of the tank will have an elevation of 312.55. The outlet of the tank has been set at an elevation 311.31 to allow for drainage via gravity to the existing storm sewer in Essa Road. Therefore, the 15 m³ of storage located between elevations of 311.31 and 311.01 will be considered "dead storage", while the 60 m³ of storage above the outlet elevation of 311.31 will be active storage. The dead storage within the tank will be utilized for on-site water re-use.

6.2 Stormwater Quality Control

To provide an enhanced level of protection for water quality control, a Up-Flo Filter has been provided within the storage tank. The Up-Flo filter has been sized to provide 82.5% TSS removal from 92.1% of the annual runoff using the ETV particle size distribution. Refer to **Appendix** C for additional design details on the Up-Flo filter.

6.3 Water Balance

Best efforts to maintain pre-development infiltration rates were made due to limited infiltration opportunities within the proposed development. The Thornthwaite method was used to determine pre- and post-development infiltration rates. Annual infiltration volumes have been decreased from 155 m³/year to 121 m³/year.

To maintain pre-development water balance, approximately 0.5 m³ (the first 0.2 mm of rainfall across the ground-level impervious surfaces) of water will need to be captured and re-used annually. A dead storage volume of 15 m³ has been provided within the storage tank and is to be re-used on-site, exceeding the required volume to meet the water balance criteria. Potential re-use opportunities include:

- An internal car wash station utilizing captured stormwater runoff to reduce runoff from the development
- Using captured runoff for irrigating landscaped areas

Refer to **Appendix C** for water balance calculations.

6.4 Phosphorus Control

A phosphorus budget analysis was completed to determine pre- and post-development phosphorus loads. The redevelopment of the existing development will result in a decrease of phosphorus loads from 0.912 kg/yr in pre-development to 0.661 kg/yr in post-development. Additional phosphorus removal will be provided by the proposed Up-Flo Filter. Refer to **Appendix C** for the Phosphorus loading calculations.

It is noted that any phosphorus that cannot be offset from the development will be subject to the Lake Simcoe Offsetting Policy fees and will be required to be offset at a ratio of 2.5:1. Phosphorus Offsetting rates can been estimated elements using the following equation:

Phosphorus Loading (Kg/year) x \$3,500 \$/kg + 15% administration fee.

7.0 Utilities

The Subject Site is proposed to be serviced with natural gas, telephone, cable TV and hydro. Utilities have not been contacted at the time of this investigation. Site Plan circulation and coordination with the aforementioned utilities will be undertaken immediately to confirm capacity.

8.0 Road standard

Access to the site will be provided by entrances from Essa Road and the 430 Essa Road development. The internal parking area will be constructed to geotechnical recommendations, City of Barrie standards and in compliance with Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA). The internal paved private parking lot areas will be constructed complete with concrete curb. Refer to **Drawing C104** for details regarding the internal pavement structure.

9.0 Erosion & Sediment Controls During Construction

Erosion and Sediment controls will be installed prior to the commencement of any construction activities and will be maintained until the site is stabilized or as directed by the Site Engineer and/or the City of Barrie. Controls will be inspected after each significant rainfall event and maintained in proper working condition. Further details on the specified controls are provided below.

Silt Fencing: Silt fence will be installed where required to intercept sheet flow. Silt fence will be located around the downstream side of the work zone limits. It should be noted that additional silt fencing may be added based on field decisions by the Site Engineer prior to, during and following construction.

Silt Sacks on Catchbasins: The existing catchbasins located along Essa Road at the location of the site shall be equipped with silt sacks during construction.

Rock Mud Mat: A rock mud mat will be installed at the entrance to the construction zone in order to prevent mud tracking from the site onto the surrounding lands and perimeter roadway network.

Dust Suppression: During construction activities, the Contractor is responsible to ensure that measures for dust suppression are provided as required, such as the application of water or lime.

10.0 Conclusions & Recommendations

Based on the information contained within this report, we offer the following conclusions:

- 1. A 150 mm dia. domestic water service and 100 mm dia. fire line have been provided to the building from the existing watermain located in Essa Road. Hydrants are not required within the proposed development.
- 2. A sanitary manhole and 200 mm dia. service have been provided at the west property boundary of the site from the existing sanitary service on-site.
- 3. Stormwater quantity control is to be provided through a combination of rooftop storage and a storage tank and orifice control to meet the 5-year pre-development flow rate to Essa Road.
- 4. Water quality control will be provided by a proposed Up-Flow in the storage tank.
- 5. Best efforts will be made to maintain pre-development water balance by utilizing dead storage in the storage tank for on-site water re-use.
- 6. The redevelopment of the site will result in an overall reduction in phosphorus loading. Any remaining phosphorus will be required to be offset at a ratio of 2.5:1.

Therefore, we recommend approval of the Site Plan Application from the perspective of servicing and stormwater management.

Respectfully submitted,

C.F. CROZIER & ASSOCIATES INC.

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C.F. CROZIER & ASSOCIATES INC.

Brent Layton, E.I.T. Engineering Intern

/bl/rc

Rebecca Alexander, P.Eng. Project Manager

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APPENDIX A

Water Calculations



File: 1321-5312 Date: 22-Dec-20

By: BL Check By: RA

440 Essa Road, City of Barrie Development - Water Design Criteria

Site Information	mation
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Developed Site Area 0.50 ha
Retail Floor Space 0.11 ha
Number of residential units 194 units

Commercial & Residential Water Design Flows Per City of Barrie Design Standards

Residential:

Average Day Domestic Demand per capita

High Density Population (54-300 units/hectare per City of Barrie Standards)

Residential population

225 L/cap/d

1.67 people/unit
324 people

Average Day Domestic Demand 0.84 L/s

Commercial:

Equivalent domestic unit flow for commercial (MOE Design Guidelines 2008) 28000 L/ha/d

Average Day Commercial Flow 0.04 L/s

Total average daily water demand for building: 0.88

Max Day Peak Factor2.74Max Day Demand Flow2.41 ⊥/s

Peak Hour Factor 3.98
Peak Hour Flow 3.51 L/s

Fire Flow Demand (per City of Barrie Standards)

From Fire Underwriters Survey, fire flow requirements are: 317 L/s **Design Peak Flow** 321 L/s

FUS Fire Flow Calculations

440 Essa Road, City of Barrie - Mixed Use Development Fire Protection Volume Calculation CFCA File: 1321-5312

2020-12-22

Page 1

Water Supply for Public Fire Protection - 1999 Fire Underwriters Survey

Part II - Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow

1. An estimate of fire flow required for a given area may be determined by the formula:

F = 220 * C * sqrt A

where

F = the required fire flow in litres per minute

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

- = 1.5 for wood frame construction (structure essentially all combustible)
- = 1.0 for ordinary construction (brick or other masonry walls, combustible floor and interior)
- = 0.8 for non-combustible construction (unprotected metal structural components)
- = 0.6 for fire-resistive construction (fully protected frame, floors, roof)
- A = The total floor area in square metres (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50 percent below grade) in the building considered.

Proposed Buildings

Non-Combustible

16607 sq.m. total floor area

0.8 C

Therefore F= 23,000 L/min (rounded to nearest 1000 L/min)

Fire flow determined above shall not exceed:

30,000 L/min for wood frame construction 30,000 L/min for ordinary construction

25,000 L/min for non-combustible construction 25,000 L/min for fire-resistive construction

2. Values obtained in No. 1 may be reduced by as much as 25% for occupancies having low contents fire hazard or may be increased by up to 25% surcharge for occupancies having a high fire hazard.

Non-Combustible -25% Free Burning 15% Limited Combustible -15% Rapid Burning 25%

Combustible No Charge

Low fire Hazard occupancy for dwellings 15% reduction

3,450 L/min reduction

Note: Flow determined shall not be less than 2,000 L/min

 Sprinklers - The value obtained in No. 2 above maybe reduce by up to 50% for complete automatic sprinkler protection.

Buildings will have automatic sprinklers (typical 30% reduction) 6,900 L/min reduction

440 Essa Road, City of Barrie - Mixed Use Development Fire Protection Volume Calculation

2020-12-22

CFCA File: 1321-5312 Page 2

Water Supply for Public Fire Protection - 1999 Fire Underwriters Survey

Part II - Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow

4. Exposure - To the value obtained in No. 2, a percentage should be added for structures exposed within 45 metres by the fire area under consideration. The percentage shall depend upon the height, area, and construction of the building(s) being exposed, the separation, openings in the exposed building(s), the length and height of exposure, the provision of automatic sprinklers and/or outside sprinklers in the building(s) esposed, the occupancy of the exposed building(s) and the effect of hillside locations on the possible spread of fire.

Separation	Charge	Separation	Charge
0 to 3 m	25%	20.1 to 30 m	10%
3.1 to 10 m	20%	30.1 to 45 m	5%
10.1 to 20 m	15%		

Exposed buildings

Name		Distance		
North	Adjacent Dwelling	18.16	15%	2932.5
East	Adjacent Dwelling	23.11	10%	1955
South	Adjacent Dwelling	20.38	10%	1955
West	Adjacent Dwelling	66.03	0%	0

6,843 L/min Surcharge

Determine Required Fire Flow

No.1 23,000 No. 2 3,450 reduction

No. 3 6,900 reduction No. 4 <u>6,843</u> surcharge

Required Flow: 19,493 L/min

Rounded to nearest 1000l/min: 19,000 L/min or 316.7 L/s 5,019 USGPM

Determine Required Fire Storage Volume

Flow from above 19,000 L/min

Required duration 4.50 hours

Therefore: 5,130,000 Litres or

5,130 cu.m. is the required fire storage volume.

Required Duration of Fire Flow					
Flow Required	Duration				
L/min	(hours)				
2,000 or less	1.0				
3,000	1.25				
4,000	1.5				
5,000	1.75				
6,000	2.0				
8,000	2.0				
10,000	2.0				
12,000	2.5				
14,000	3.0				
16,000	3.5				
18,000	4.0				
20,000	4.5				
22,000	5.0				
24,000	5.5				
26,000	6.0				
28,000	6.5				
30,000	7.0				
32,000	7.5				
34,000	8.0				
36,000	8.5				
38,000	9.0				
40,000 and over	9.5				

440 Essa Road, City of Barrie - Mixed Use Development **Fire Protection Volume Calculation** CFCA File: 1321-5312

2020-12-22

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Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline Part 3 of the Ontario Building Code (2006)

 $Q = KVS_{TOT}$

minimum supply of water in litres (L)

K = V = water supply coefficient

total building volume in cubic metres

 $S_{TOT} =$ total of spatial coefficient values from property line exposures on all sides

K = 18.0 Group C building with combustible construction (Table 1)

40481.05 Total building volume in cubic metres

S_{TOT} = 1 S_{TOT} Need Not Exceed 2.0

Q = 728,659 L

Based on ranges listed in Table 2, the required minimum water supply flow rate is 9000 L/min

> 150 L/s

Hydrant Flow Test Results

FLOW TEST RESULTS



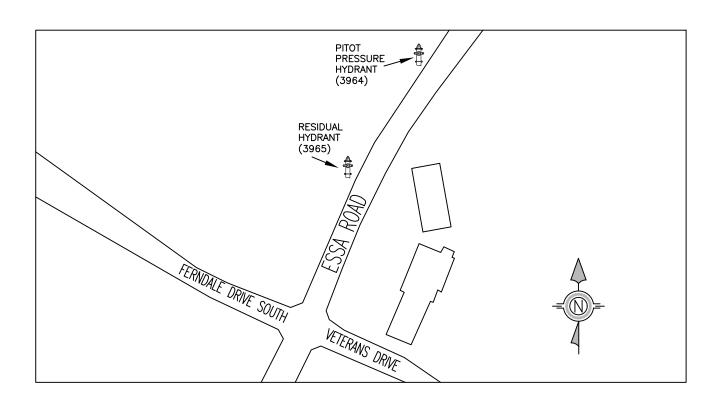
DATE: TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 22, 2020 TIME: 2:30 PM

LOCATION: 440 ESSA ROAD

BARRIE

ONTARIO

TEST BY: VIPOND FIRE PROTECTION AND LOCAL PUC



STATIC PRESSURE : 50 PSI UNDERGROUND TYPE & SIZE: 12" PVC

TEST NO.	NO. OF NOZZLES	NOZZLE DIAMETER (INCHES)	DISCHARGE CO-EFFICIENT	RESIDUAL PRESSURE (PSI)	PITOT PRESSURE (PSI)	DISCHARGE (U.S.GPM)
1	1	1-3/4	0.995	48	38	549
2	1	2-1/2	0.9	45	18	716
3	2	2-1/2	0.9	45	14	1262



HA40 ESSA ROAD

BARRIE

ONTARIO

STATIC:

RESIDUAL:

BY: GUS A.

OFFICE: BARRIE

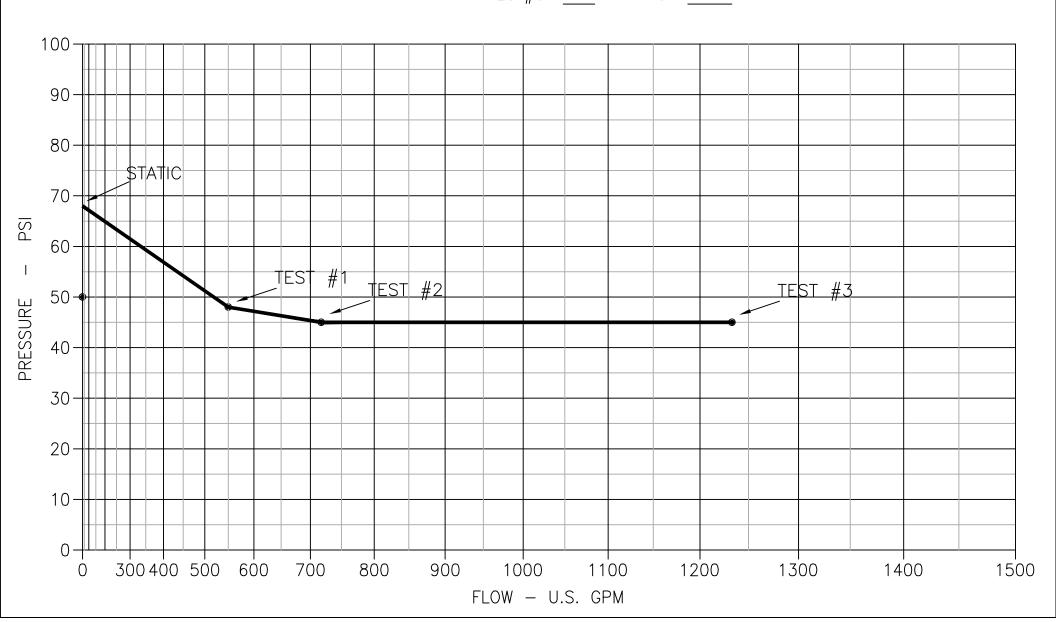
TEST BY: VIPOND & PUC

DATE: SEPTEMBER 22, 2020

STATIC: RESIDUAL: 50 PSI TEST#1 48 PSI

@ <u>549</u> GPM

TEST#2 45 PSI @ 716 GPM TEST#3 45 PSI @ 1262 GPM



APPENDIX B

Sanitary Calculations



File: 1321-5312 Date: 22-Dec-20 By: BL

Check By: RA

440 Essa Road, City of Barrie Development - Sanitary Design Criteria

Site Information:

Developed Site Area 0.50 ha
Retail Floor Space 0.11 ha
Number of residential units 194 units

Sanitary Design Flows Per City of Barrie Design Standards

Residential/Domestic:

Average daily per capita sewage flow

High Density Population (54-300 units/hectare per City of Barrie Standards)

Residential population

Average residential area domestic flow

Harmon Peaking Factor

Residential Maximum Peak Flow

225 L/cap/d

1.67 people/unit

324 people

0.84 L/s

4.06

Residential Maximum Peak Flow

3.43 L/s

Retail Area:

Equivalent domestic unit flow for commercial (per City of Barrie Standards)

Average commercial area daily flow

Peaking Factor

Retail Maximum Peak Flow

28000 L/d/ha
0.04 L/s
2
0.07 L/s

Inflow/Infiltration:

Unit Infiltration Allowance (per City of Barrie Standards)

O.10 L/s/ha
Total Infiltration Allowance

0.05 L/s

Total Sanitary Design Flow 3.55 L/s

APPENDIX C

Stormwater Calculations

Rational Method Calculations



PROJECT: 440 Essa Road PROJECT No.: 1321-5312

FILE: Modified Rational Method

DATE: 11-19-20 DESIGN: BL CHECK: RA

Time of Concentration

10 min

Barrie IDF Curve Parameters							
	а	b	С	i (mm/hr)			
2	678.085	4.699	0.781	83.11			
5	853.608	4.699	0.766	108.92			
10	975.865	4.699	0.760	126.55			
25	1146.275	4.922	0.757	148.15			
50	1236.152	4.966	0.751	162.02			
100	1426.408	5.273	0.759	180.15			

Pre-Development Runoff Coefficient

	Pre-deve	lopment 101	Pre-development 102		
Surface	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient	
Landscaped	0.07	0.16	0.02	0.16	
Rooftop	0.01	0.95	0.04	0.95	
Parking	0.22	0.95	0.15	0.95	
Total *	0.29	0.77	0.21	0.87	

Post-Development Runoff Coefficient

·										
	Post-development 201		Post-deve	elopment 202	Post-development 203					
Surface	Area (ha)	ea (ha) Runoff Coefficient Area (ha)		Runoff Coefficient	Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient				
Landscaped	0.06	0.16	0.00	0.16	0.01	0.16				
Rooftop	0.19	0.95	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.95				
Parking/Walkway	0.21	0.95	0.03	0.95	0.00	0.95				
Total *	0.46	0.85	0.03	0.90	0.01	0.16				

Adjusted Runoff Coefficient

Catchment	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr
101	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.84	0.92	0.96
102	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.00
201	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.93	1.00	1.00
202	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.99	1.00	1.00
203	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.20

Peak Flow Rates (L/s) - Uncontrolled

- can 11011 Hates (2, 5)	••					
Catchment	2 yr	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr
101	52.52	68.84	79.98	102.99	122.87	142.32
102	41.71	54.66	63.51	81.79	93.14	103.56
201	90.66	118.82	138.05	177.78	208.68	232.04
202	6.93	9.08	10.55	13.58	14.97	16.65
203	0.37	0.49	0.57	0.73	0.87	1.01

Control From: Post-development 201 100 yr **Control To:** Pre-development 101 5 yr

Rooftop Control Rate 42 L/s/ha

^{*}Total runoff coefficient based on weighed runoff for landscaped and impervious areas



PROJECT: 440 Essa Road
PROJECT No.: 1321-5312
FILE: Modified Rational Method DATE: DESIGN: BL CHECK: RA 2020-11-19

Modified Rational Method - Storage Sizing: Scenario 100-Post to 5 Pre

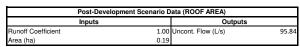
Storm Data							
Inputs Outputs							
IDF Location		Barrie	5 yr Intensity (mm/hr)	108.92			
Return Period	5	100	100 yr Intensity (mm/hr)	180.15			
Time of Concentration (mir	10	10					
Coeff A	854	1426					
Coeff B	4.7	5.3					
Coeff C	0.766	0.8					



 $\frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \bullet C_{\text{post}} \bullet i_{(\text{Td})} \bullet A}$

Target Scenario Data (5 yr Pre-Development)					
Inputs	Outputs				
Runoff Coefficient	0.77	Uncont. Flow (L/s)	68.84		
Area (ha)	0.29				







Post-Development Scenario Data (UNCONTROLLED)					
Inputs	Outputs				
Runoff Coefficient	1.00	Uncont. Flow (L/s)	16.65		
Area (ha)	0.03				

Post-Development Scenario Data (CONTROLLED AREA)					
Outputs					
1.00 Uncont. Flow (L/s)	136.20				
0.27					
	Outputs 1.00 Uncont. Flow (L/s)				

Target Flow for Roof Area (L/s)	7.98

Target Flow for Controlled Area (L/s)	60.86
Controlled Flow from Orifice (L/s)	59.50

REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME ON ROOF (m3):	110
REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME FOR REMAINING AREA (m³)	59
TOTAL REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME (m³)	169

	Storage Volume Determination (ROOF)				Storage Volume Determination (PARKING/TANK)				
T _d	i₁₀₀⊚⊤d	T _d	Q _{post}	S _d	T _d	i₁00@Td	T _d	Q_{post}	S _d
min	mm/hr	sec	m³/s	m³	min	mm/hr	sec	m³/s	m ³
10	180.15	600	0.096	52.7	10	180.15	600	0.136	46.0
15	145.31	900	0.077	63.6	15	145.31	900	0.110	54.2
20	122.92	1200	0.065	71.3	20	122.92	1200	0.093	58.0
25	107.18	1500	0.057	77.2	25	107.18	1500	0.081	59.1
30	95.44	1800	0.051	81.8	30	95.44	1800	0.072	58.5
35	86.31	2100	0.046	85.6	35	86.31	2100	0.065	56.7
40	78.97	2400	0.042	88.9	40	78.97	2400	0.060	54.0
45	72.93	2700	0.039	91.6	45	72.93	2700	0.055	50.7
50	67.87	3000	0.036	94.0	50	67.87	3000	0.051	46.8
55	63.55	3300	0.034	96.0	55	63.55	3300	0.048	42.5
60	59.82	3600	0.032	97.8	60	59.82	3600	0.045	37.9
65	56.56	3900	0.030	99.4	65	56.56	3900	0.043	32.9
70	53.69	4200	0.029	100.8	70	53.69	4200	0.041	27.7
75	51.13	4500	0.027	102.1	75	51.13	4500	0.039	22.2
80	48.84	4800	0.026	103.2	80	48.84	4800	0.037	16.6
85	46.77	5100	0.025	104.2	85	46.77	5100	0.035	10.8
90	44.90	5400	0.024	105.0	90	44.90	5400	0.034	4.8
95	43.19	5700	0.023	105.8	95	43.19	5700	0.033	0.0
100	41.62	6000	0.022	106.5	100	41.62	6000	0.031	0.0
105	40.18	6300	0.021	107.1	105	40.18	6300	0.030	0.0
110	38.85	6600	0.021	107.7	110	38.85	6600	0.029	0.0
115	37.62	6900	0.020	108.2	115	37.62	6900	0.028	0.0
120	36.47	7200	0.019	108.6	120	36.47	7200	0.028	0.0
125	35.41	7500	0.019	108.9	125	35.41	7500	0.027	0.0
130	34.41	7800	0.018	109.3	130	34.41	7800	0.026	0.0
135	33.47	8100	0.018	109.5	135	33.47	8100	0.025	0.0
140	32.59	8400	0.017	109.7	140	32.59	8400	0.025	0.0
145	31.77	8700	0.017	109.9	145	31.77	8700	0.024	0.0
150	30.99	9000	0.016	110.1	150	30.99	9000	0.023	0.0
155	30.25	9300	0.016	110.2	155	30.25	9300	0.023	0.0
160	29.55	9600	0.016	110.2	160	29.55	9600	0.022	0.0
165	28.89	9900	0.015	110.3	165	28.89	9900	0.022	0.0
170	28.27	10200	0.015	110.3	170	28.27	10200	0.021	0.0
175	27.67	10500	0.015	110.3	175	27.67	10500	0.021	0.0
180	27.10	10800	0.014	110.2	180	27.10	10800	0.020	0.0
185	26.56	11100	0.014	110.1	185	26.56	11100	0.020	0.0
190	26.04	11400	0.014	110.0	190	26.04	11400	0.020	0.0
195	25.55	11700	0.014	109.9	195	25.55	11700	0.019	0.0
200	25.07	12000	0.013	109.8	200	25.07	12000	0.019	0.0
205	24.62	12300	0.013	109.6	205	24.62	12300	0.019	0.0
210	24.18	12600	0.013	109.4	210	24.18	12600	0.018	0.0
215	23.76	12900	0.013	109.2	215	23.76	12900	0.018	0.0
220	23.36	13200	0.012	109.0	220	23.36	13200	0.018	0.0



PROJECT: 430 Essa Road PROJECT No.: 1321-4508 FILE: Modified Rational Method DATE: 09-12-17 DESIGN: JE CHECK:

Modified Rational Method - Storage Sizing: Scenario 100-Post to 5 Pre

Storm Data						
Inputs	Outputs					
IDF Location		Barrie	5 yr Intensity (mm/hr)	108.92		
Return Period	5	100	100 yr Intensity (mm/hr)	108.92		
Time of Concentration (mir	10	10				
Coeff A	854	854				
Coeff B	4.7	4.7				
Coeff C	0.766	0.8				



 $\frac{\underline{\text{Peak Flow}}}{Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \bullet C_{\text{post}} \bullet i_{(\text{Td})} \bullet A}$

Target Scenario Data (5 yr Pre-Development)					
Ir	puts	Outputs			
Runoff Coefficient	0.77	Uncont. Flow (L/s)	68.84		
Area (ha)	0.29				

ı	Storage
i	$S_d = Q_{post} \cdot T_d - Q_{Target} (T_d + T_c) / 2$
	Discharge

Post-Development Scenario Data (ROOF AREA)					
Input	ts	Outputs			
Runoff Coefficient	0.95	Uncont. Flow (L/s)	55.05		
Area (ha)	0.19				

Post-Development Scenario Data (UNCONTROLLED)				
Inputs	Outputs			
Runoff Coefficient	0.90	Uncont. Flow (L/s)	9.08	
Area (ha)	0.03			

Post-Development Scenario Data (CONTROLLED AREA)				
Inputs	Outputs			
Runoff Coefficient	0.85 Uncont. Flow (L/s) 118			
Area (ha)	0.46			

Target Flow for Entire Site (L/s)	68.84

Target Flow for Roof Area (L/s) 7.9	98
-------------------------------------	----

Target Flow for Controlled Area (L/s)	60.86

REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME ON ROOF (m ³):	45
REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME FOR REMAINING AREA (m ³)	38
TOTAL REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME (m³)	83

Storage Volume Determination (ROOF)				Storage Volume Determination (PARKING)					
T _d	i _{100@Td}	T _d	Q _{post}	Sd	T _d	i₁₀₀⊚⊤d	T _d	Q _{post}	Sd
min	mm/hr	sec	m³/s	m³	min	mm/hr	sec	m³/s	m³
10	106.08	600	0.054	27.4	10	106.08	600	0.116	32.9
15	84.52	900	0.043	32.5	15	84.52	900	0.092	37.3
20	70.91	1200	0.036	35.8	20	70.91	1200	0.077	38.1
25	61.46	1500	0.031	38.2	25	61.46	1500	0.067	36.7
30	54.47	1800	0.028	40.0	30	54.47	1800	0.059	33.9
35	49.07	2100	0.025	41.3	35	49.07	2100	0.054	30.2
40	44.75	2400	0.023	42.3	40	44.75	2400	0.049	25.9
45	41.22	2700	0.021	43.1	45	41.22	2700	0.045	21.0
50	38.26	3000	0.019	43.7	50	38.26	3000	0.042	15.7
55	35.75	3300	0.018	44.1	55	35.75	3300	0.039	10.0
60	33.59	3600	0.017	44.4	60	33.59	3600	0.037	4.1
65	31.70	3900	0.016	44.5	65	31.70	3900	0.035	0.0
70	30.04	4200	0.015	44.6	70	30.04	4200	0.033	0.0
75	28.57	4500	0.014	44.6	75	28.57	4500	0.031	0.0
80	27.25	4800	0.014	44.6	80	27.25	4800	0.030	0.0
85	26.07	5100	0.013	44.4	85	26.07	5100	0.028	0.0
90	24.99	5400	0.013	44.3	90	24.99	5400	0.027	0.0
95	24.01	5700	0.012	44.0	95	24.01	5700	0.026	0.0
100	23.12	6000	0.012	43.8	100	23.12	6000	0.025	0.0
105	22.30	6300	0.011	43.5	105	22.30	6300	0.024	0.0
110	21.54	6600	0.011	43.1	110	21.54	6600	0.023	0.0
115	20.84	6900	0.011	42.7	115	20.84	6900	0.023	0.0
120	20.19	7200	0.010	42.3	120	20.19	7200	0.022	0.0
125	19.58	7500	0.010	41.9	125	19.58	7500	0.021	0.0
130	19.01	7800	0.010	41.4	130	19.01	7800	0.021	0.0
135	18.48	8100	0.009	41.0	135	18.48	8100	0.020	0.0
140	17.99	8400	0.009	40.4	140	17.99	8400	0.020	0.0
145	17.52	8700	0.009	39.9	145	17.52	8700	0.019	0.0
150	17.08	9000	0.009	39.4	150	17.08	9000	0.019	0.0
155	16.66	9300	0.008	38.8	155	16.66	9300	0.018	0.0
160	16.27	9600	0.008	38.2	160	16.27	9600	0.018	0.0
165	15.89	9900	0.008	37.6	165	15.89	9900	0.017	0.0
170	15.54	10200	0.008	37.0	170	15.54	10200	0.017	0.0
175	15.20	10500	0.008	36.4	175	15.20	10500	0.017	0.0
180	14.88	10800	0.008	35.7	180	14.88	10800	0.016	0.0
185	14.58	11100	0.007	35.1	185	14.58	11100	0.016	0.0
190	14.29	11400	0.007	34.4	190	14.29	11400	0.016	0.0
195	14.01	11700	0.007	33.8	195	14.01	11700	0.015	0.0
200	13.74	12000	0.007	33.1	200	13.74	12000	0.015	0.0
205	13.49	12300	0.007	32.4	205	13.49	12300	0.015	0.0
210	13.24	12600	0.007	31.7	210	13.24	12600	0.014	0.0
215	13.01	12900	0.007	30.9	215	13.01	12900	0.014	0.0
220	12.78	13200	0.006	30.2	220	12.78	13200	0.014	0.0

Orifice Sizing Calculations



Project: 440 Essa Rd **Project No.:** 1321-5312 **Date:** 2020-12-22

Updated: 2020-12-22

Created By: BL Checked By:

Orifice Calculation

 $Q = CA \times sqrt(2gh)$

Orifice Parameters

Diameter \emptyset (m) = 0.160

Area (A) $(m^2) = 0.020$

Coefficient (C) = 0.62

Orifice Invert = 311.31

Centroid = 311.39

100-Year Water Level = 312.55

Controlled Orifice Flow (L/s) = 59.5

Up-Flo Filter Design Details



ADS UFF Sizing Summary

Project Name: 440 Essa Road

Consulting Engineer: Crozier

Location: Barrie, ON

Sizing Completed By: Cody Neath Email: cody.neath@ads-pipe.com

Recommended Unit					
Recommended Model:	UFF-6				
TSS Removal Percentage:	82.5%				
Total Site Volume Treated:	92.1%				

Site Details					
Site Area:	0.5 ha				
% Impervious:	90%				
Rational C:	0.84				
Rainfall Station:	Barrie, ONT				
Particle Size Distribution:	ETV / NJDEP				
Peak Storm Flowrate:	70 L/s				

Unit Specifications:					
Number of Filter Modules:	6				
Maximum Treatment Flowrate:	9.6 L/s				
Inlet - Outlet Drop:	240 mm*				
Max. Pipe Diameter:	600 mm				

^{*} Drop across unit can be reduced when required.

Site Elevations:						
Rim Elevation:	100.00					
Inlet Pipe Elevation:	98.74					
Outlet Pipe Elevation:	98.50					

Consult approved shop drawings for final elevations. Riser sections (and/or grade rings) may be required to reach final grade on site.

Rainfall Intensity ⁽¹⁾	Fraction of Rainfall ⁽¹⁾	Removal Efficiency ⁽²⁾	Weighted Net- Annual Removal Efficiency	
mm/hr	%	%	%	
0.50	0.1%	92.3%	0.1%	
1.00	18.0%	91.3%	16.4%	
1.50	7.5%	90.4%	6.8%	
2.00	13.7%	89.4%	12.2%	
2.50	4.3%	88.5%	3.8%	
3.00	5.1%	87.6%	4.4%	
3.50	7.8%	86.6%	6.8%	
4.00	3.4%	85.7%	2.9%	
4.50	3.2%	84.8%	2.7%	
5.00	5.3%	83.8%	4.4%	
6.00	4.7%	81.9%	3.8%	
7.00	5.4%	80.1%	4.3%	
8.00	4.6%	78.2%	3.6%	
9.00	2.5%	76.3%	1.9%	
10.00	2.8%	74.4%	2.1%	
20.00	9.9%	55.7%	5.5%	
30.00	1.3%	36.9%	0.5%	
40.00	0.2%	18.1%	0.0%	
50.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
100.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
0.00	0.0%	93.2%	0.0%	
Net A	82.5%			
Total Rui	92.1%			

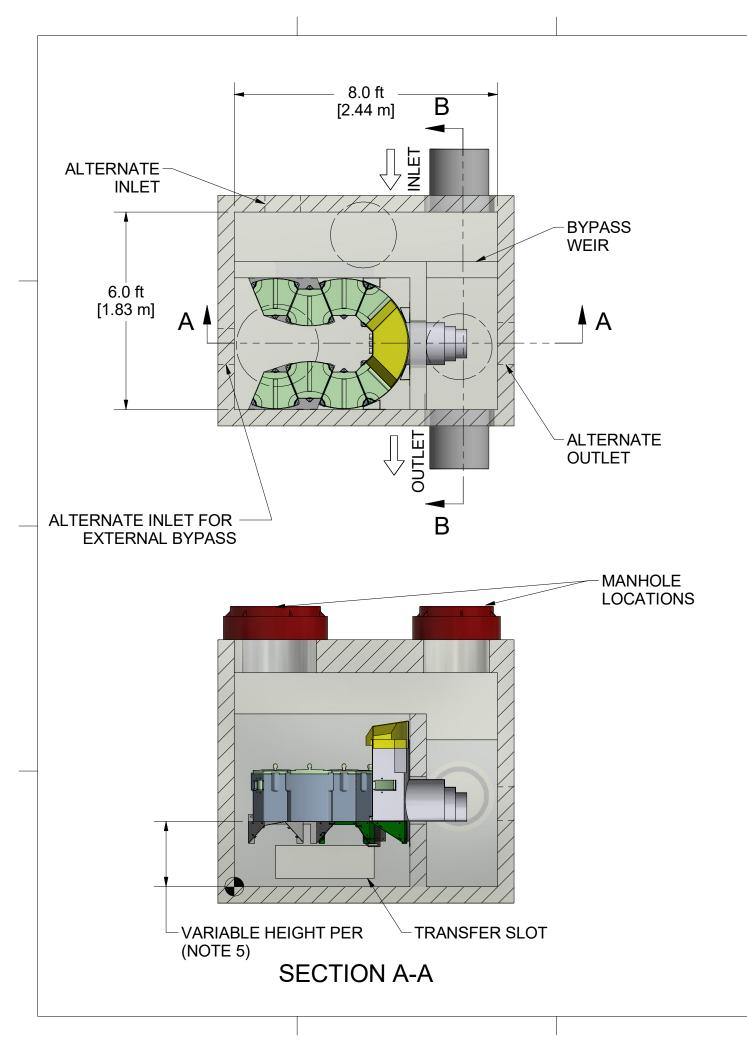
Rainfall Data: 1978:2007, HLY03, Barrie, ONT, 6110557.

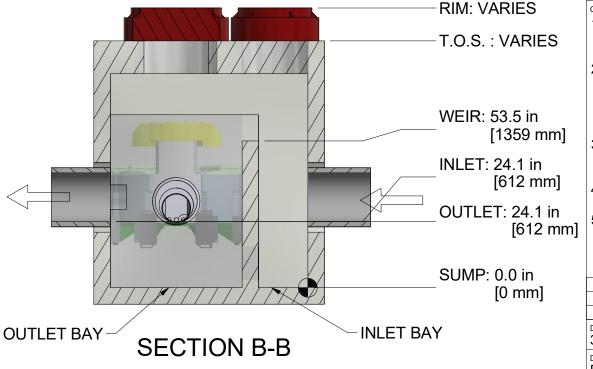
Notes:

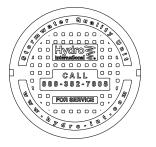
Removal efficiencies are based on NJDEP Test Protocols and independently verified.

TSS removal based on ETV/NJDEP particle size distribution.

All units supplied by ADS have numerous local, provincial, and international certifications (copies of which can be provided upon request). The design engineer is responsible for ensuring compliance with applicable regulations.







CAPACITIES:

- Minimum performance: 80% removal. Washington DOE/NJCAT verified at the peak treatment flow.
- Peak treatment flow:
 .033 CFS (0.9 LPS) (15 GPM) per module (Ribbons)
 .022 CFS (0.6 LPS) (10 GPM) per module (Long Ribbons)
 .056 CFS (1.6 LPS) (25 GPM) per module (CPZ)
- Maximum number of ribbon modules per outlet module: 36
- Maximum number of CPZ modules per outlet module: 18 (contract Hydro if more are required)

ADDITIONAL DESIGN INFORMATION:

- Normal operating W.S.E. is 26-30" (660-762mm) above the outlet invert
- Media Types Available: Ribbons, CPZ

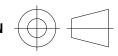
ANY WARRANTY GIVEN BY HYDRO INTERNATIONAL WILL APPLY ONLY TO THOSE ITEMS SUPPLIED BY IT. ACCORDINGLY HYDRO INTERNATIONAL CANNOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY STRUCTURE, PLANT, OR EQUIPMENT, (OR THE PERFORMANCE THERE OF) DESIGNED, BUILT, MANUFACTURED, OR SUPPLIED BY ANY THIRD PARTY. HYDRO INTERNATIONAL HAVE A POLICY OF CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT AND RESERVE THE RIGHT TO AMEND THE SPECIFICATION. HYDRO INTERNATIONAL CANNOT ACCEPT LIABILITY FOR PERFORMANCE OF ITS EQUIPMENT, (OR ANY PART THEREOF), IF THE EQUIPMENT IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OUTSIDE ANY DESIGN SPECIFICATION. HYDRO INTERNATIONAL OWNS THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING, WHICH IS SUPPLIED IN CONFIDENCE. IT MUST NOT BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THAT FOR WHICH IT IS SUPPLIED AND MUST NOT BE REPRODUCED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION IN WRITING FROM HYDRO INTERNATIONAL.

DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.

TOLERENCES ARE:
FRACTIONS ± 1/16
DECIMALS:
XX ± .06
X.XX ± .03
X.XXX ± .015
ANGLES: ± .5°

PROJECTION



COMMENTS

- 1. STRUCTURE WALL AND SLAB THICKNESSES ARE NOT TO SCALE
- 2. CONTACT HYDRO
 INTERNATIONAL FOR A
 BOTTOM OF STRUCTURE
 ELEVATION PRIOR TO
 SETTING THE STRUCTURE
- NOT FOR CONSTURCION CONTACT HYDRO FOR SITE SPECIFIC DRAWING
- 4. NOT ALL SIZES AVAILABLE IN ALL AREAS
- 5. SUMP DEPTH AVAILABLE IN 24" (610mm) CPZ, RIBBONS AND 36" (914mm) LONG RIBBONS DEPTH

			REVISION HISTORY				
REV	BY		DESCRI	PTION	DATE		
-	ER	FIF	RST RELEA	ASE	3/8/2019		
DATE: 3/8/2019				SCALE: 1:35			
DRAWN BY:			CHECKED BY:		APPROVED BY		

UP-FLO FILTER 6ft (1829mm) X 8ft (2438mm)

8 MODULES MAX



94 Hutchins Drive Portland, ME 04102 Tel: +1 (207) 756-6200 Fax: +1 (207) 756-6212 hydro-int.com

	WEIGHT: MATERIAL: N/A							
	NEXT ASSEMBLY: 6x8-1							
	6x8-UFF							
SHEET SIZE: SHEET: 1 OF			1	Rev:				

Water Balance



Project Name: 440 Essa Road

Project No: 1321-5312

Modelled By: BL Checked By: RA

Date: 25-Nov-20

Climatic Water Budget - Thornthwaite Method

Project Name: 440 Essa Road
BARRIE WPCC - Climate Normals 1981-2010 Station Data

Month	Mean Temperature (°C)	Heat index	" a "	PET - Potential Evapotranspiration (mm)	Daily Correction Value	Adjusted PET - Potential Evapotranspiration (mm)	Total Precipitation (mm)	Surplus (mm)	Deficit (mm)
January	-7.7	0.0	0.49	0.0	0.76	0.0	82.5	82.5	0.0
February	-6.6	0.0	0.49	0.0	0.87	0.0	61.8	61.8	0.0
March	-2.1	0.0	0.49	0.0	0.99	0.0	58.1	58.1	0.0
April	5.6	1.2	0.51	25.2	1.12	28.1	62.2	34.1	0.0
May	12.3	3.9	0.56	59.0	1.23	72.7	82.4	9.7	0.0
June	17.9	6.9	0.61	88.5	1.29	114.5	84.8	0.0	29.7
July	20.8	8.7	0.64	104.1	1.27	132.2	77.2	0.0	55.0
August	19.7	8.0	0.63	98.1	1.17	115.2	89.9	0.0	25.3
September	15.3	5.4	0.59	74.7	1.05	78.3	94.0	15.7	0.0
October	8.7	2.3	0.53	40.6	0.92	37.3	77.5	40.2	0.0
November	2.7	0.4	0.50	11.5	0.80	9.2	88.9	79.7	0.0
December	-3.5	0.0	0.49	0.0	0.74	0.0	73.6	73.6	0.0
Totals		36.8	1.08			587.5	932.9	455.4	110.0

Precipitation Adjustment Factor: none

NOTES:

- 1. Water budget adjusted for latitude and daylight.
- 2. (°C) Represents calculated mean of daily temperatures for the month.
- 3. Precipitation and Temperature data from the BARRIE WPCC (Station No.6110557) Environment Canada Station Data
- 4. Total Water Surplus (Thornthwaite, 1948) is calculated as total precipitation minus adjusted potential evapostranspiration.



Project Name: 440 Essa Road Project No: 1321-5312 Modelled By: BL Checked By: RA Date: 25-Nov-2020

Water Budget - Pre-Development Project Name: 440 Essa Road Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Pre-development area available for infiltration (landscaped/lawn area considered to infiltrate)
Pre-development area not available for infiltration (total site area less landscaped area noted above)
Remaining Impervious area (e.g. parking asphalt area, building/rooftop area)

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \text{site land use areas consistent with Pre-Development SWM hydrologic modeling \& calculations}$

Catchment Designation				
Catchment Designation	Lawn & Trees	Impervious	Roof Area	Totals
Area (m ²)	900	3630	480	5010
Pervious Area (m²)	900	0	0	900
Impervious Area (m²)	0	3630	480	4110
, ,	Infiltration	Factors		
Topography Infiltration Factor	0.15	0.1	0.1	
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.2	0.1	0.1	
Land Cover Infiltration Factor	0.15	0	0	
MOE Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	
Run-off Coefficient	0.16	0.95	1	
Runoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0	0.8	0.8	
	Inputs (per l	Jnit Area)		
Precipitation (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
Run-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0
Total Inputs (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
	Outputs (per			
Precipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	674
Net Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	674
Evapotranspiration (mm/yr) *	587	187	187	259
Infiltration (mm/yr)	173	0	0	31
Soakaway Infiltration (mm/yr) Total Infiltration (mm/yr)	0 173	0	0	0 31
Runoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	173	0	0	31
Runoff Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0	746	746	612
Total Runoff (mm/yr)	173	746	746	643
Total Outputs (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	0
zinerenee (inpute Gutpute)	Inputs (Vo	-		
Precipitation (m ³ /yr)	840	3386	448	4674
Run-On (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0
Other Inputs (m³/yr)	1 0	0	0	0
, ,		-	Ţ.	
Total Inputs (m ³ /yr)	840	3386	448	4674
	Outputs (V	,		
Precipitation Surplus (m³/yr)	311	2709	358	3378
Net Surplus (m ³ /yr)	311	2709	358	3378
Evapotranspiration (m ³ /yr) *	529	677	90	1296
Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	155	0	0	155
Soakaway Infiltration (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0
Total Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	155	0	0	155
Runoff Pervious Areas (m³/yr)	155	0	0	155
Runoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr)	0	2709	358	3067
Total Runoff (m ³ /yr)	155	2709	358	3223
Total Outputs (m³/yr)	840	3386	448	4674
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	0

Existing Site Aerial Image:





Project Name: 440 Essa Road Project No: 1321-5312 Modelled By: BL Checked By: RA Date: #########

Water Budget - Post-Development without Mitigation Project Name: 440 Essa Road Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

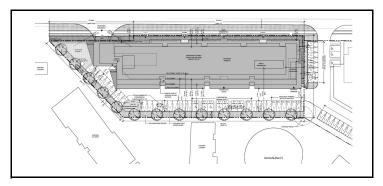
Post-development area available for infiltration (landscaped/lawn area considered to infiltrate)
Post-development area not available for infiltration (total site area less landscaped area noted above) Remaining Impervious area (e.g. parking asphalt area, building/rooftop area)

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \text{site land use areas consistent with Post-Development SWM hydrologic modeling \& calculations}$

	Site - Post-Development					
Catchment Designation	Lawn	Impervious	Roof Area	Totals		
Area (m²)	700	2410	1900	5010		
Pervious Area (m²)	700	0	0	700		
Impervious Area (m²)	0	2410	1900	4310		
,	Infiltration		1000	.0.0		
Topography Infiltration Factor	0.1	1				
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.15 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1			
Land Cover Infiltration Factor	0.15	0	0			
MOE Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	i		
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	1		
Run-off Coefficient	0.16	0.95	0.95	•		
Runoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0	0.8	0.8	ľ		
	Inputs (per	Unit Area)				
Precipitation (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933		
Run-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0		
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0		
Total Inputs (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933		
	Outputs (per	Unit Area)				
Precipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	690		
Net Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	690		
Evapotranspiration (mm/yr) *	587	187	187	243		
Infiltration (mm/yr)	173	0	0	24		
Soakaway Infiltration (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0		
Total Infiltration (mm/yr)	173	0	0	24		
Runoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	173	0	0	24		
Runoff Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0	746	746	642		
Total Runoff (mm/yr)	173	746	746	666		
Total Outputs (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933		
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	•	0	0	0		
- 2	Inputs (V		1			
Precipitation (m ³ /yr)	653	2248	1773	4674		
Run-On (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0		
Other Inputs (m ³ /yr)	0	0	0	0		
Total Inputs (m ³ /yr)	653	2248	1773	4674		
	Outputs (\	/olumes)				
Precipitation Surplus (m ³ /yr)	242	1799	1418	3458		
Net Surplus (m³/yr)	242	1799	1418	3458		
Evapotranspiration (m³/yr) *	411	450	355	1215		
Infiltration (m³/yr)	121	0	0	121		
Soakaway Infiltration (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0		
Total Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	121	0	0	121		
	121	-	-			
Runoff Pervious Areas (m³/yr)		0	0	121		
Runoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr)	0	1799	1418	3217		
Total Runoff (m ³ /yr)	121	1799	1418	3338		
Total Outputs (m ³ /yr)	653	2248	1773	4674		
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	0		

Pre-Development Total Infiltration: 155 m3/yr

Proposed Site Plan:





Project Name: 440 Essa Road Project No: 1321-5312 Modelled By: BL Checked By: RA

Date: #########

Water Budget - Post-Development <u>with Mitigation</u> Project Name: 440 Essa Road Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Post-development area available for infiltration (lawn/landscaped area considered to infiltrate, BLDG. A roof area (clean water) directed to Infiltration Trench via non-perforated sub-drains. Sub-drains designed to be connected to building roof drains/downspouts (refer to Crozier Engineering Drawings).

Post-development area not available/directed to infiltrate (total site area less lawn/landscaped and BLDG. A roof area noted above)

Remaining Impervious area (e.g. parking area)

Catchment Designation	Lawn	Impervious	Roof Area	Totals
Area (m²)	700	2410	1900	5010
Pervious Area (m ²)	700	0	0	700
Impervious Area (m²)	0	2410	1900	4310
	Infiltration F	actors		
Topography Infiltration Factor	0.15	0.1	0.1	
Soil Infiltration Factor	0.2	0.1	0.1	
Land Cover Infiltration Factor	0.15	0	0	
MOE Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	
Actual Infiltration Factor	0.5	0	0	
Run-off Coefficient	0.16	0.95	0.95	
Runoff from Impervious Surfaces *	0	0.8	0.8	
	Inputs (per Ui			
Precipitation (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
Run-On (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0
Other Inputs (mm/yr)	0	0	0	0
Total Inputs (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
	Outputs (per U			
Precipitation Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	690
Net Surplus (mm/yr)	345	746	746	690
Evapotranspiration (mm/yr) *	587	187	187	243
Infiltration (mm/yr)	173	0	0	24
On-site re-use (mm/yr)	0	15	0	7
Total Infiltration (mm/yr)	173	15	0	31
Runoff Pervious Areas (mm/yr)	173	0 731	0	24
Runoff Impervious Areas (mm/yr)	0 173	731	746 746	635 659
Total Runoff (mm/yr)	933	933	933	933
Total Outputs (mm/yr) Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	933	933	933	933
Difference (inputs- Outputs)	Inputs (Vol	-	<u> </u>	U
2			.==0	
Precipitation (m³/yr)	653	2248	1773	4674
Run-On (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0
Other Inputs (m³/yr)	0	0	0	0
Total Inputs (m ³ /yr)	653	2248	1773	4674
	Outputs (Vo	lumes)		
Precipitation Surplus (m ³ /yr)	242	1799	1418	3458
Net Surplus (m ³ /yr)	242	1799	1418	3458
Evapotranspiration (m³/yr) *	411	450	355	1215
Infiltration (m³/yr)	121	0	0	121
Soakaway Infiltration (m³/yr)	0	36	0	36
Total Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	121	36	0	157
Runoff Pervious Areas (m³/yr)	121	0	0	121
		_	-	
Runoff Impervious Areas (m³/yr)	0	1762	1418	3180
Total Runoff (m ³ /yr)	121	1762	1418	3301
Total Outputs (m ³ /yr)	653	2248	1773	4674
Difference (Inputs- Outputs)	0	0	0	0

Proposed Infiltration via Mitigation
Pre-Development Total Infiltration:

31 mm/yr

Note:

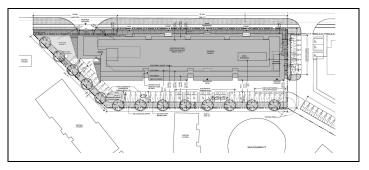
568 mm

Precipitation available between Apr-Oct (non-winter months). Therefore available for infiltration into nonfrozen soil

Pre-Development Total Infiltration:

155 m3/yr

Proposed Servicing Plan:





Project: 440 Essa Road Project No: 1321-5312 Modelled By: BL

Checked By: BA

Date: 25-Nov-2020

Water Budget Summary Project Name: 440 Essa Road Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

	Site							
Characteristic	Pre-Development	Post- Development	Post-Development with Mitigation	Change (Pre to Post)	Change (Pre to Post) with Mititgation			
Inputs (Volumes)								
Precipitation (m³/yr) 4674 4674 4674 0% 0%								
Run-On (m ³ /yr)	0	0	0	0%	0%			
Other inputs (m ³ /yr)	0	0	0	0%	0%			
Total Inputs (m ³ /yr)	4674	4674	4674	0	0			
		Outp	outs (Volumes)					
Precipitation Surplus (m ³ /yr)	3378	3458	3458	2%	2%			
Net Surplus (m³/yr)	3378	3458	3458	2%	2%			
Evapotranspiration (m ³ /yr)	1296	1215	1215	-6%	-6%			
Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	155	121	121	-22%	-22%			
On-site re-use (m³/yr)	0	0	36	-	36 m3/yr			
Total Infiltration (m ³ /yr)	155	121	157	-22%	1%			
Runoff Pervious Areas (m ³ /yr)	155	121	121	-22%	-22%			
Runoff Impervious Areas (m ³ /y		3217	3180	-	-			
Total Runoff (m³/yr)	3223	3338	3301	4%	2%			
Total Outputs (m ³ /yr)	4674	4674	4674	0%	0%			



Project: 440 Essa Road Project No: 1321-5312

Modelled By: BL

Date: #######

Design Storm Determination Project Name: 440 Essa Road Water Balance/Water Budget Assessment

Days with Precipitation (From Climate Data)

	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Total
>= 0.2 mm	12.2	12.9	11.4	11.1	11.8	13.3	15.6	88
>= 5 mm	4.2	5.8	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.4	5.7	35
>= 10 mm	1.7	2.7	2.9	2.5	3.4	3	2	18
>= 25 mm	0.31	0.36	0.73	0.62	0.81	0.73	0.19	4

Available Precipitation

	Storm Event (mm)	Total Days Per Year	Incremental Precipitation (mm/yr)	Cummulative Precipitation (mm/yr)
	0.2	88	17.7	17.7
ĺ	5	35	176.5	194.2
ĺ	10	18	182.0	376.2
ĺ	25	4	93.8	469.9
ĺ	Total	146	469.9	

Soakaway Infiltration Target: 15 mm/yr

Runoff Coefficient: 0.95

Design Precipitation: 16 mm/yr (Design Infiltration / Contributing RC)

Therefore Design Storm: 0.2 mm

Contributing Drainage Area: 2410 m²

Storage Volume Required: 0.5 m³

Phosphorus Loading



Project: 440 Essa Rd Project No.: 1321-5312 Created By: BL

Checked By:

Date: 2020-11-25

Pre-Development Phosphorus Loading

	Pre - Development Conditions					
Catchment	Land Use	Area (ha)	P coeff (kg/ha/yr)	P Load (kg/yr)	P Load Total (kg/yr)	
101/102	Commercial	0.50	1.82	0.912	0.912	
Total		0.50		0.912	0.912	

Note:

Phosphorus Coefficients derived from Phosphorus Budget Tool in Support of Sustainable Development for the Lake Simcoe Watershed (Hutchinson Environmental Services Ltd, 2012)



Project: 440 Essa Rd **Project No.:** 1321-5312 **Created By:** BL

Checked By: 0

Date: 2020-11-25

Post-Development Phosphorus Loading

Post - Development Conditions						
Catchment	Land Use	Area (ha)	P coeff (kg/ha)	P Load (kg/yr)	P Load Total (kg/yr)	
201	Residential	0.50	1.32	0.661	0.661	
Total		0.50		0.661	0.661	

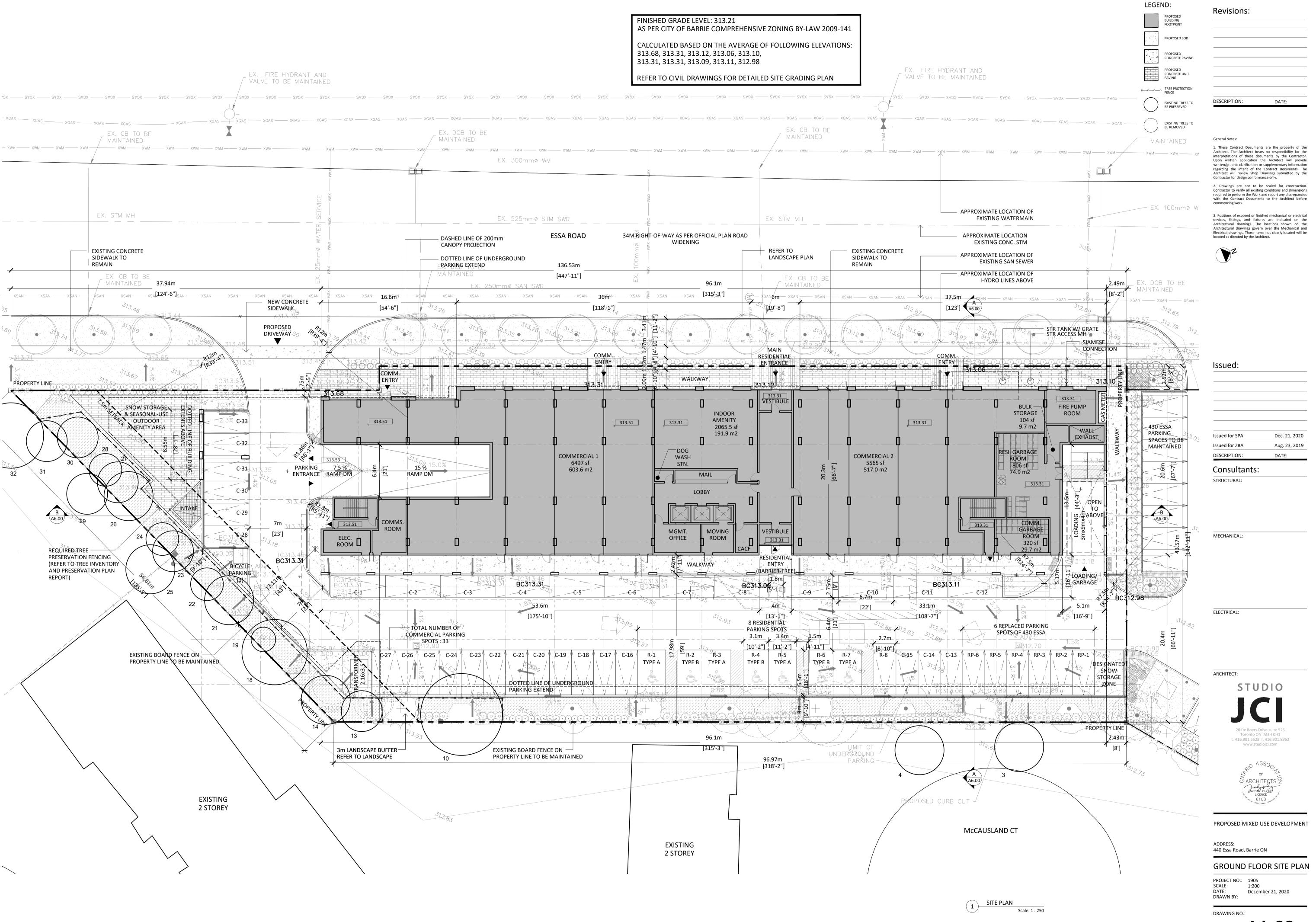
Note:

Phosphorus Coefficients derived from Phosphorus Budget Tool in Support of Sustainable Development for the Lake Simcoe Watershed (Hutchinson Environmental Services Ltd, 2012)

APPENDIX D

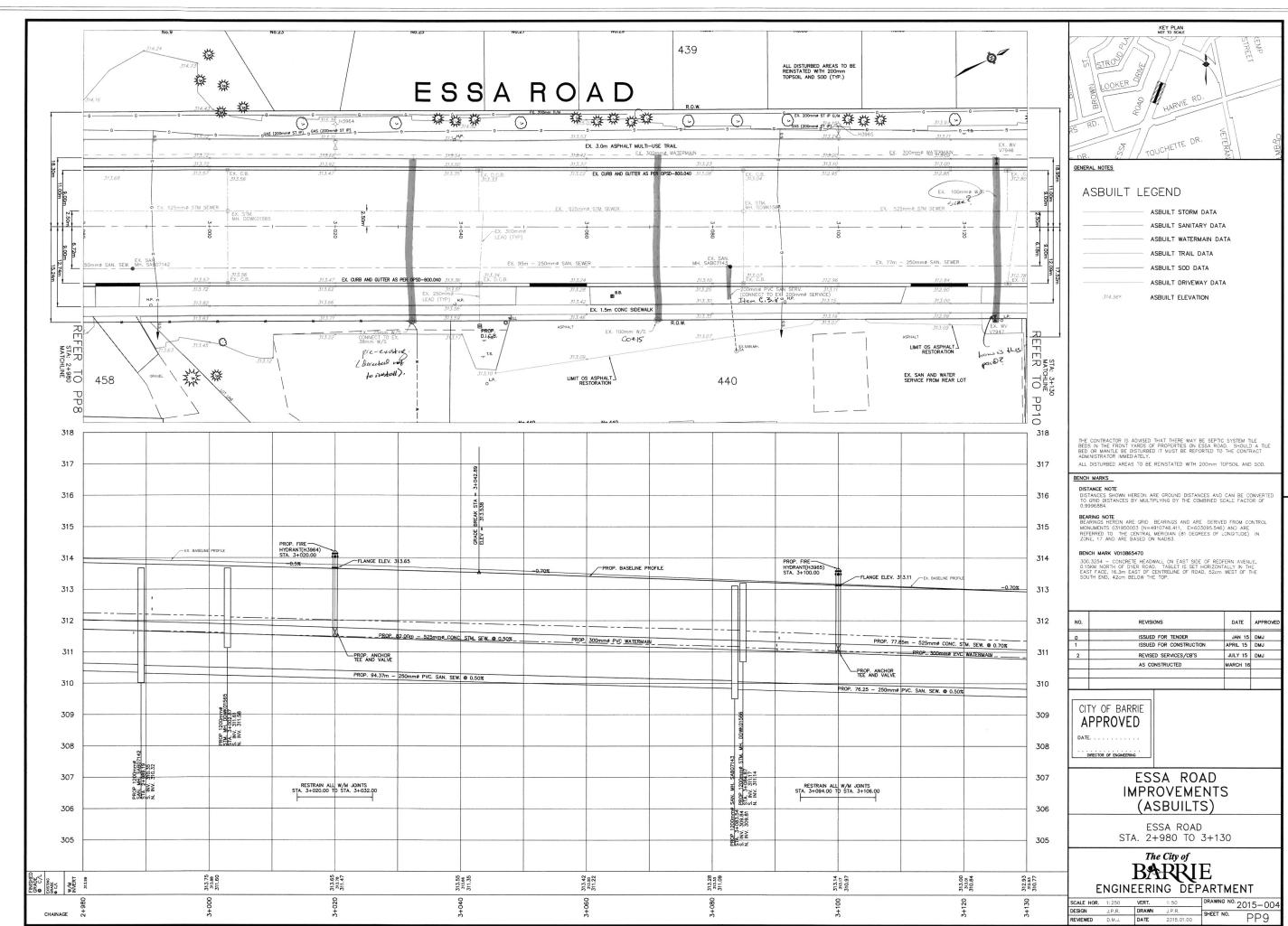
Supporting Information

Site Plan



A1.02

As-Built Drawings



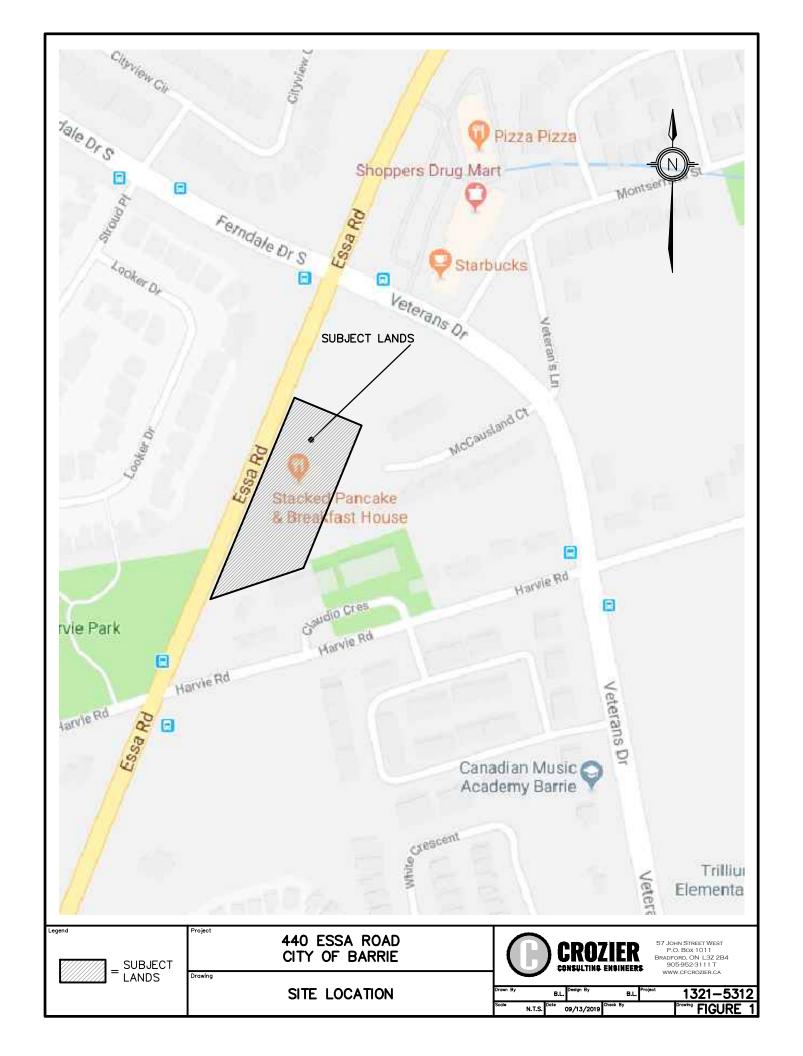
2015-004-013

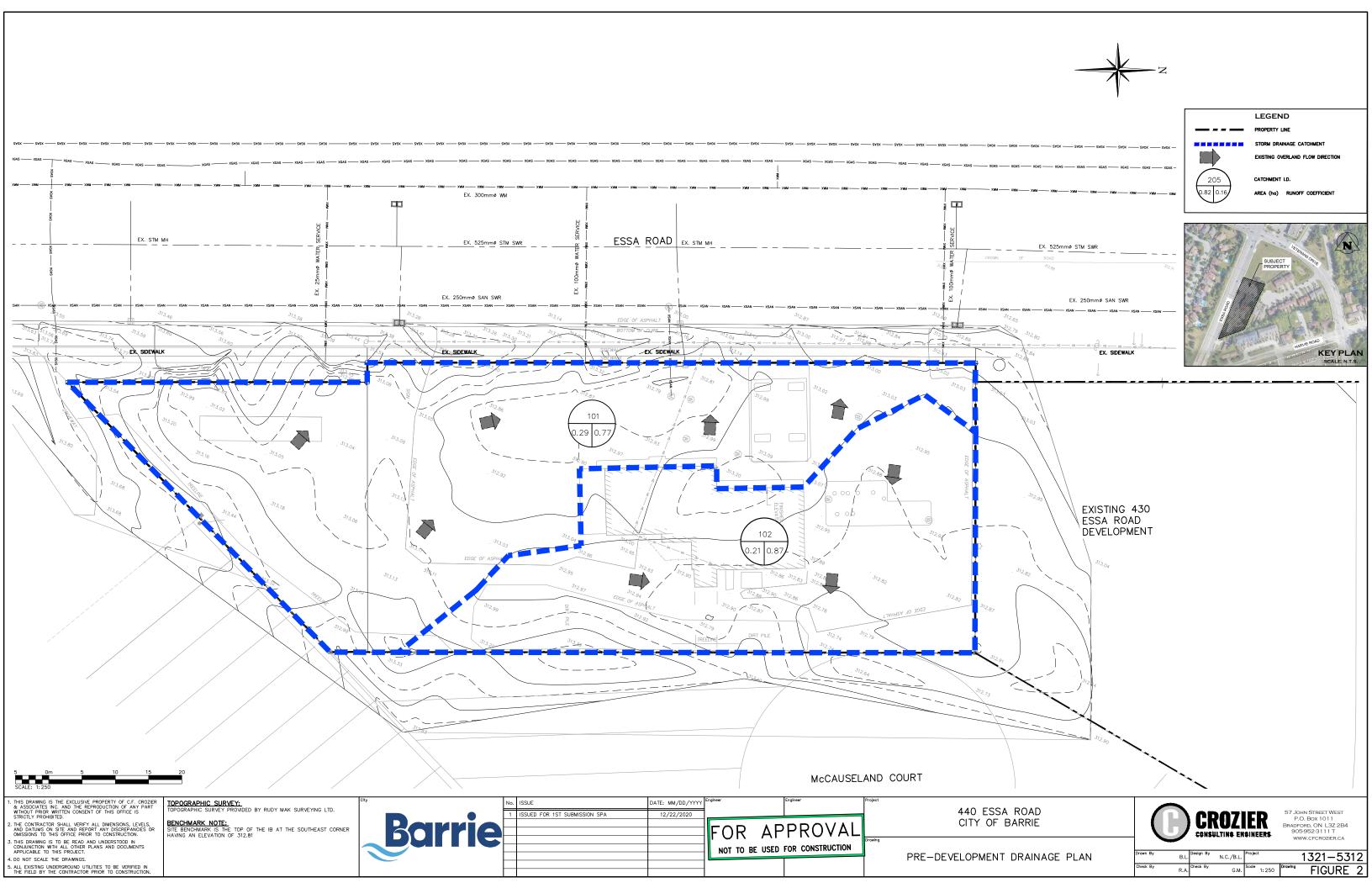
FIGURES

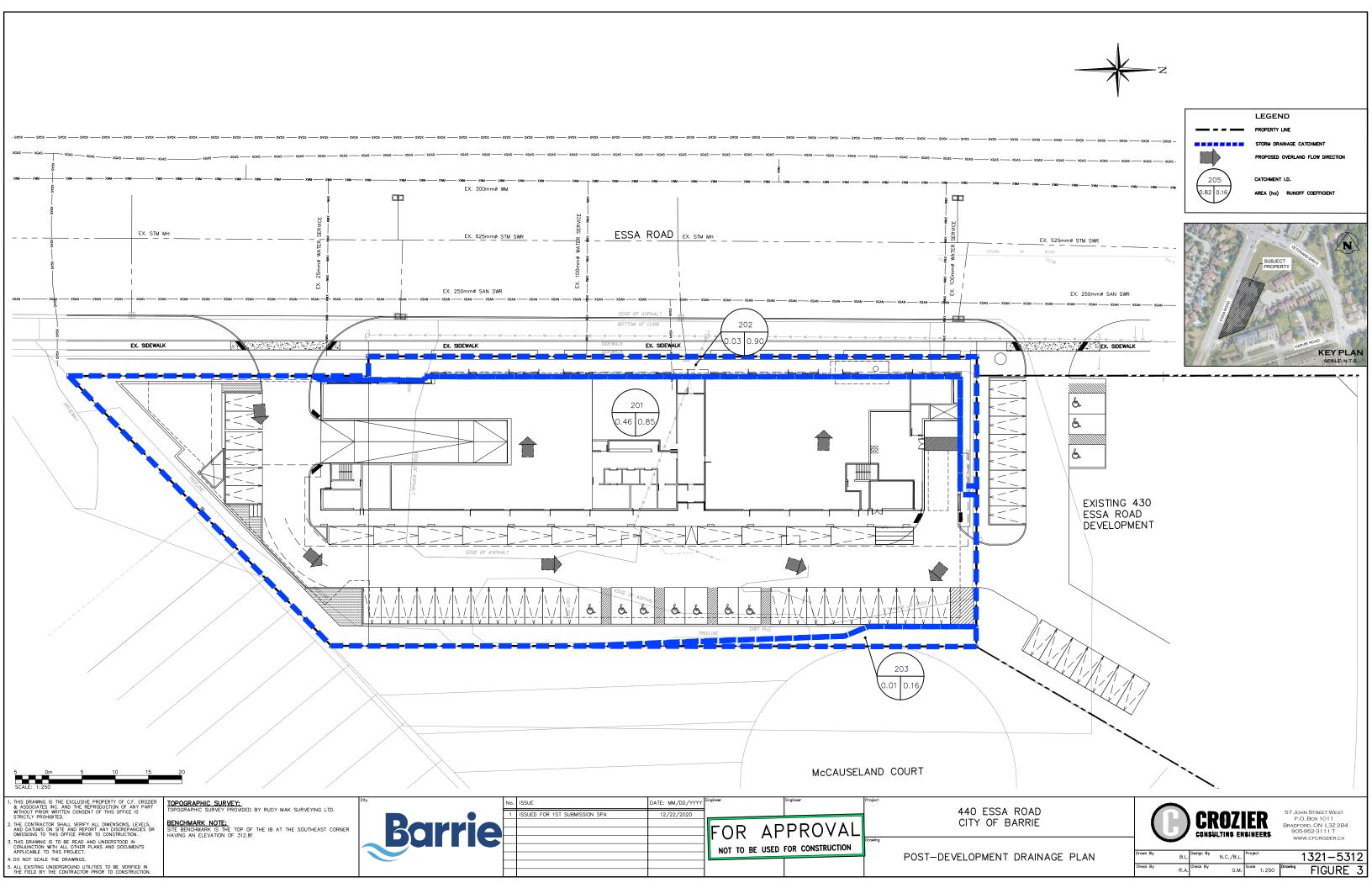
Figure 1: Site Location Plan

Figure 2: Pre-Development Drainage Plan

Figure 3: Post-Development Drainage Plan







DRAWINGS

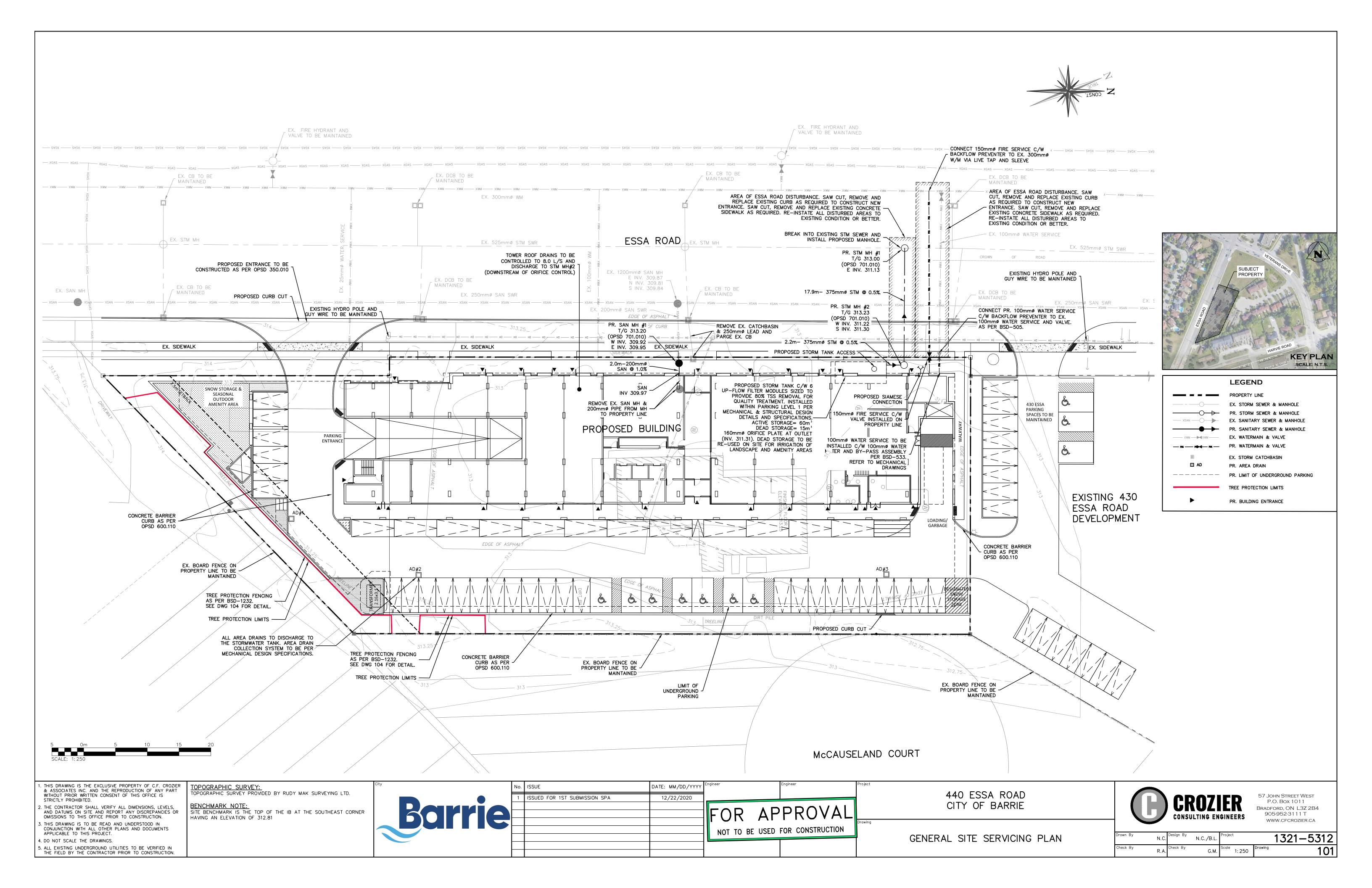
Drawing C101: General Site Servicing Plan

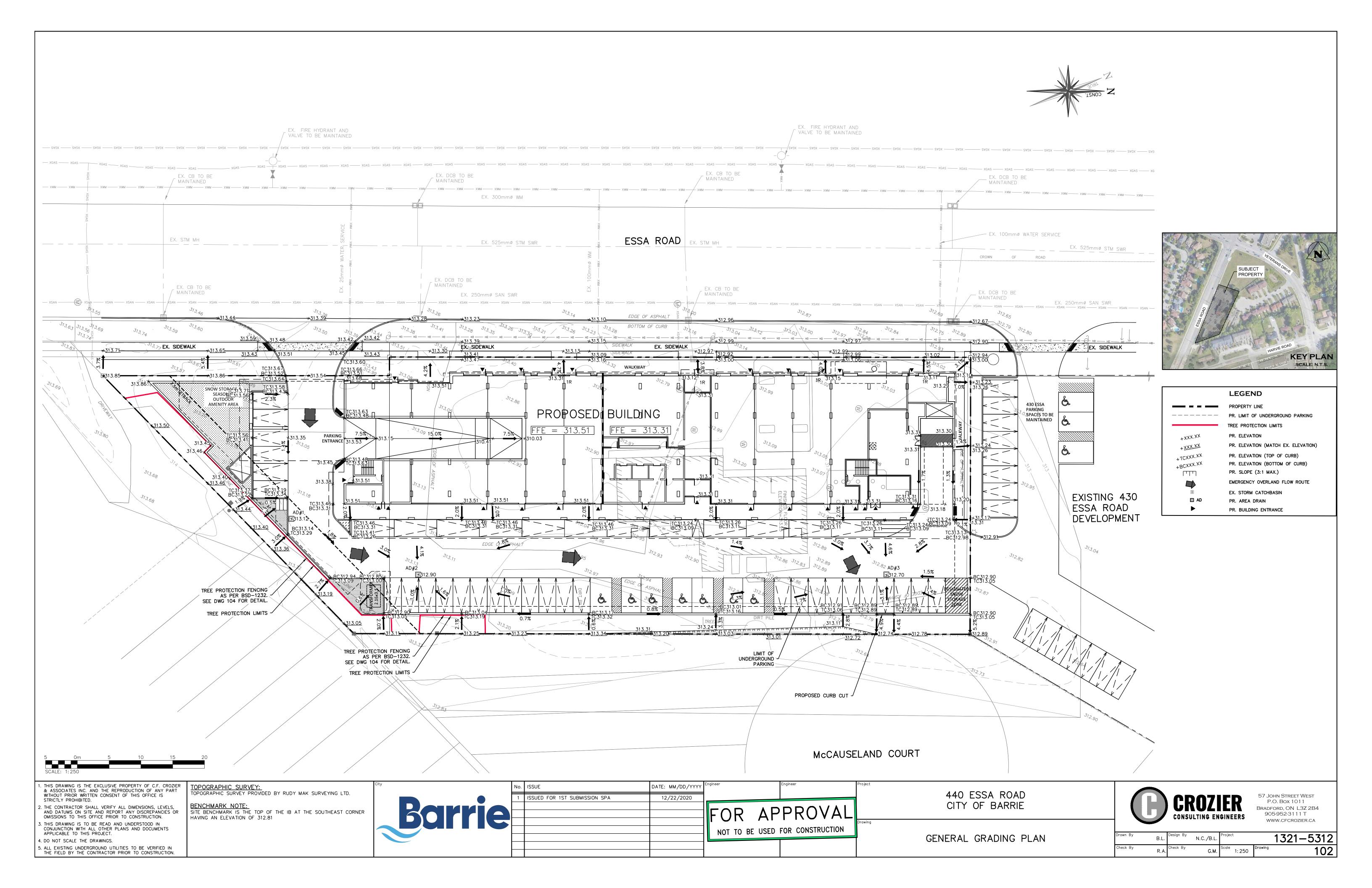
Drawing C102: General Grading Plan

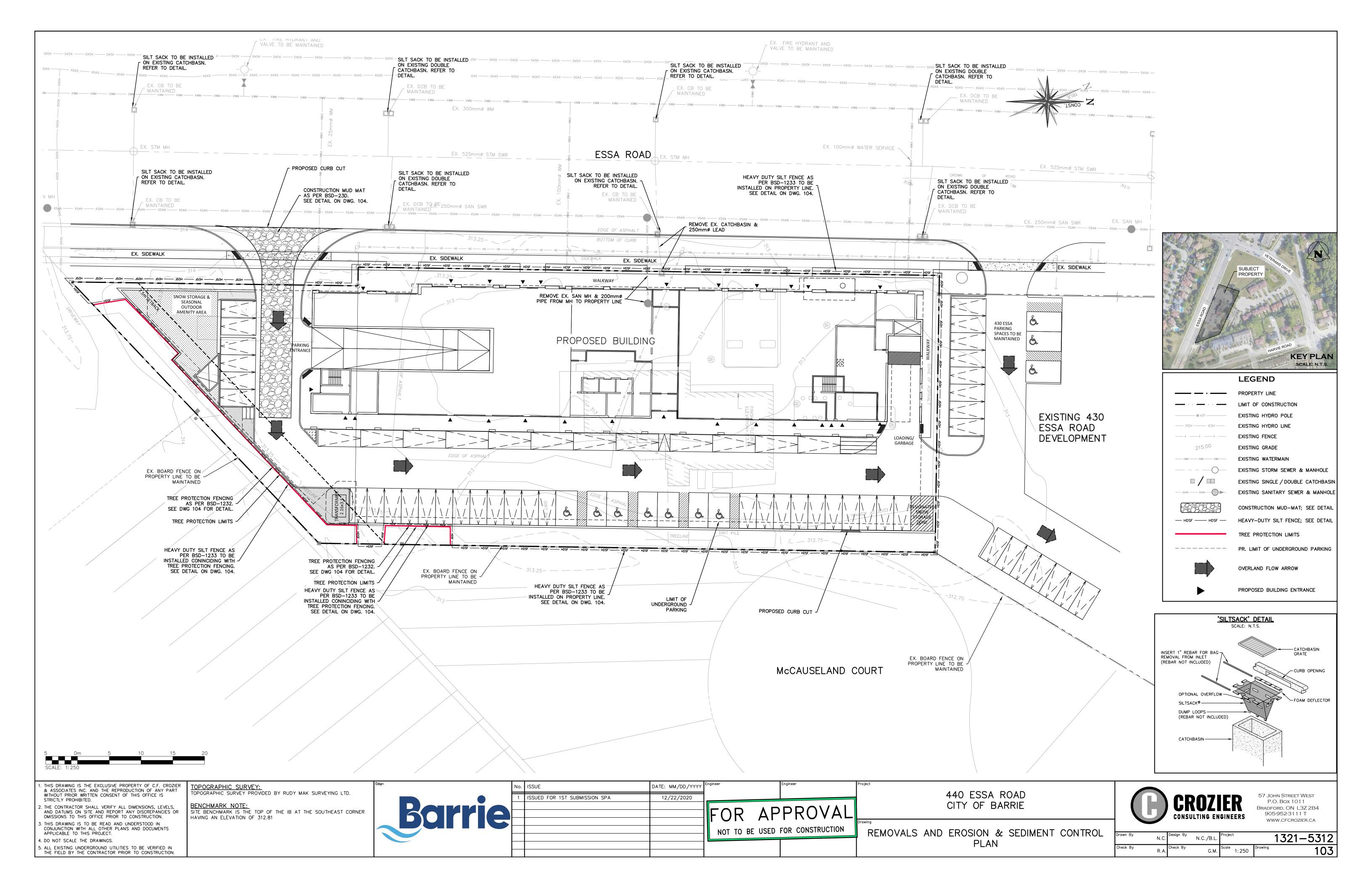
Drawing C103: Removals & Erosion & Sediment Control Plan

Drawing C104: Construction Notes & Standard Details

Drawing C105: Pavement Markings & Signage Plan







CONSTRUCTION NOTES

ALL DRAWINGS SHALL BE PRODUCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT CITY OF BARRIE STANDARDS AND SYMBOLS FOR PLAN & PROFILE DRAWINGS, 6.3 STORM SEWERS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH BEDDING AS PER OPSD 802.010 (GRAN 'A' EMBEDMENT MATERIAL) FOR FLEXIBLE PIPES AND OPSD GENERAL SERVICE PLANS AND LOT GRADING PLANS.

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES (m), EXCEPT PIPE DIAMETERS, WHICH ARE IN MILLIMETRES (mm), UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CHECKED AND VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND ANY DISCREPANCIES

3.1 ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT CITY OF BARRIE STANDARD DRAWINGS (BSD) AND ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWINGS

- 3.2 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE OF STANDARD DRAWINGS IS FIRSTLY CITY OF BARRIE STANDARD DRAWINGS (BSD) AND SECONDLY ONTARIO PROVINCIAL
- LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES ARE NOT GUARANTEED. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO NOTIFY THE VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK.
- A ROAD OCCUPANCY PERMIT IS REQUIRED FROM THE ROADS AND PARKS OPERATIONS BRANCH PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK WITHIN ANY CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 3.5 A SITE ALTERATION PERMIT IS REQUIRED FROM THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY EARTH WORKS ON THE
- NATIVE MATERIAL, SUITABLE FOR BACKFILL, SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (SPMDD).
 GRANULAR MATERIAL, USED FOR BACKFILL, SHALL BE PLACED IN LAYERS OF 150mm IN DEPTH MAXIMUM AND COMPACTED TO 100% SPMDD. ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO BE REINSTATED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION OR BETTER, AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY ENGINEERING
- DEPARTMENT ALL SILT CONTROL AND EROSION PROTECTION DEVICES ARE TO BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND THE GRASS HAS ESTABLISHED GROWTH. SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL
I SINGLE-STAGE CURB AND GUTTER TO COMPLY WITH OPSD 600.040.

SHALL BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER.

- TWO-STAGE CURB AND GUTTERTO COMPLY WITH OPSD 600.070. SIDEWALKS TO COMPLY WITH OPSD 310-010 AND ARE TO BE 1.5 METRES WIDE
- MINIMUM THICKNESS AS FOLLOWS: RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY 150mm COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL DRIVEWAY 200mm
- (REINFORCEMENT AS PER OPSS IF REQUIRED) WHEN NO DRIVEWAY IS PRESENT, 125mm
- 4.4 NATIVE SUBGRADE SHALL HAVE CROSSFALL OF 3% AND MATERIAL SHALL BE APPROVED BY A SOILS CONSULTANT AND IS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING.
- THE ROAD BASE SHALL INCORPORATE 100mm DIAMETER SUBDRAIN WITH FACTORY INSTALLED FILTER FABRIC AS PER CITY OF BARRIE STANDARD
- ALL CURB RADII TO BE MINIMUM 10.0 METRES AT THE EDGE OF ASPHALT
- NATIVE SUBGRADE TO BE COMPACTED TO MINIMUM 95% SPMDD AND SHALL BE PROOF ROLLED. GRADE AND CROSSFALL ADJUSTMENTS OF MAINTENANCE HOLE AND CATCHBASIN FRAMES WILL BE MADE USING PRODUCTS SPECIFICALLY
- MANUFACTURED FOR THAT PURPOSE. THE TOP ADJUSTMENT OF ALL CATCHBASIN AND MAINTENANCE HOLES SHALL BE RUBBER. ADJUSTMENT UNITS MUST BE CERTIFIED TO MEET ALL PERTINENT OPS, CSA, ASTM AND MTO-DSM LIST, OR OTHER INDUSTRY GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALS, PERFORMANCE AND USE AS APPLICABLE.
- 4.10 ADJUSTMENT UNITS AND JOINTS WILL BE SEALED AND OR PARGED IN COMPLIANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS AND GUIDELINES. MORTAR USED FOR LEVELING OF PRECAST UNITS ONLY. THE THICKNESS OF MORTAR WILL BE 10mm TO FILL ALL VOIDS CREATED BY
- IRREGULARITIES IN THE PRECAST UNITS TO ENSURE AN EVEN SURFACE ONLY. 4.12 NON COMPRESSIVE BACKFILL WILL BE USED DURING REBUILDING, ADJUSTING, OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE CATCHBASIN OR MAINTENANCE HOLE

- SANITARY SEWER TO BE LOCATED AT THE CENTRELINE OF THE ROAD.
- 5.2 SEWERS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH BEDDINGS AS PER OSD 802.010 (GRAN 'A' EMBEDMENT MATERIAL) FOR FLEXIBLE PIPES AND OPSD 802.030 OR 802.031 CLASS B (GRAN 'A' BEDDING MATERIAL) FOR RIGID PIPES UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING.
- MAXIMUM DEFLECTION FROM COMBINED LIVE AND DEAD LOADING SHALL NOT EXCEED AND CSA, OPS, OR MANUFACTURES RECOMMENDED SPECIFICATIONS.
- PVC, CONCRETE AND PROFILE WALL PVC SEWERS SHALL HAVE RUBBER GASKET TYPE JOINTS AND SHALL BE CERTIFIED TO CONFORM TO ALL APPLICABLE CURRENT CSA SPECIFICATIONS. CONCRETE SANITARY SEWERS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM STRENGTH OF 50N/m/mm CONFORMING TO CSA STANDARD A257.2-1982, CLASS 50-D
- (PREVIOUSLY CSA STANDARD A257.2—1974, CLASS II). MAINTENANCE HOLE TOPS (FRAMES) ARE TO BE SET TO BASE COURSE ASPHALT GRADE AND THEN ADJUSTED TO FINAL GRADE WHEN THE TOP
- LIFT OF ASPHALT IS PLACED. ALL ADJUSTMENTS WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BSD-N2. ALL CONNECTIONS TO NEW SANITARY MAINS SHALL BE PRE-MANUFACTURED, FABRICATED TEES. CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
- SHALL BE MADE WITH APPROVED FACTORY MADE TEES OR INSERTA-TEES IN STRICT ACCORDANCE TO MANUFACTURERS GUIDELINES. SANITARY LATERAL CONNECTION TO BE LOCATED AT THE CENTRELINE OF THE LOT AND CAPPED.
- LOCATION OF LATERAL TO BE MARKED 2.0m PAST PROPERTY LINE WITH A 50mm x 100mm WOOD MARKER PAINTED GREEN, EXTENDING FROM SERVICE INVERT TO 300mm ABOVE GROUND LEVEL.
- 5.10 PIPE TO BE MINIMUM 100mm DIA. PVC SDR28, RUBBER GASKET TYPE JOINTS AND SHALL CONFORM TO CSA (B-182.2.3.4) (COLOURED) FOR A RESIDENTIAL HOUSE AND 150mm MINIMUM DIA. PVC SDR28 FOR INDUSTRIAL/COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

Install culvert as needed in

existing ditches

Areas Without Vegetation

Dual Silt Fence along edge o

access road and property line

- MINIMUM DEPTH OF LATERAL AT PROPERTY LINE SHALL BE 2.4m MEASURED FROM THE SEWER OBVERT TO FINISHED GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION UNLESS NOTES OTHERWISE
- 5.12 ALL CONNECTIONS TO NEW SANITARY MAINS SHELL BE PRE-MANUFACTURED, FABRICATED TEES. CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE MADE WITH APPROVED FACTORY MADE TEES OR INSERTA-TEES IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS GUIDELINES.
- 5.13 MINIMUM PIPE SLOPE TO BE 2.0%, MAXIMUM 8.0% (SEE OPSD 1006.010, 1006.020).

30m minimum

Silt Fence along edge of

access road and property

Maintain or establish

silt fence

vegetative buffer beyond

Existing Roadway

STORM SEWERS

- STORM SEWER TO BE PROVIDED ON ALL ROADS WITH CURB AND GUTTER. 6.2 PLACE ALL CATCHBASIN LATERALS AT 2.0% GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTES. PIPE SIZE MINIMUM 250mm DIA. SINGLE, 300mm DIA. DOUBLE.
- 802.030 OR 802.031 (GRAN 'A' BEDDING MATERIAL) FOR RIGID PIPE UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING. 6.4 MAINTENANCE HOLE TOPS (FRAMES) AND CATCHBASIN TOPS (FRAMES) ARE TO BE SET TO BASE COURSE ASPHALT GRADE AND THEN ADJUSTED TO THE FINAL GRADE WHENTHE TOP COURSE ASPHALT IS PLACED. ALL ADJUSTMENT WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BD-N2.
- 6.5 STORM SEWER SHALL BE LOCATED OFFSET 3.0m SOUTH OR EAST OF CENTRELINE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. 6.6 ALL CONNECTIONS TO THE STORM MAIN SHALL BE MADE WITH A STORM MANHOLE OR APPROVED FACTORY TEE CONNECTION AS PER OPSD
- 708-010 OR 708.030. 6.7 PIPE MATERIAL TO BE REINFORCED CONCRETE WITH A MINIMUM STRENGTH OF 50N/m/mm CERTIFIED TO CSA STANDARD A247.2-1982, CLASS
- 50-D (PREVIOUSLY CSA STANDARD A257.2-1974, CLASS II) OR PVC CERTIFIED TO CSA STANDARDS 182.2 AND 182.4. 6.8 STORM SEWER TO BE MINIMUM 300mm DIAMETER WITH JOINTS CONFORMING TO CSA STANDARD A257.3.
- 6.9 ALL PIPE BEDDING MUST CONFORM TO OPSD, MAXIMUM COVER TABLE. NO FLEXIBLE PIPES WILL BE INSTALLED WITH A DEPTH OF COVER GREATER
- THAN 6 METRES UNLESS SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING. 6.10 ALL PIPE HANDLING INSTALLATIONS MUST BE IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTALLATIONS GUIDELINES AND THE O.C.P.A. OR
- UNIBELL GUIDELINES. 6.11 SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE PIPING IN BOULEVARD: IN THE EVENT OF OVERACTIVE SUMP PUMP ACTIVITY, A 150mm DIAMETER PVC DR-28 SEWER MAY BE INSTALLED, WHEN SO DIRECTED BY THE
- DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING, ALONG THE FRONTAGES OF DESIGNATED LOTS, WITH AN OFFSET OF 0.6m FROM BACK OF CURB. THIS SEWER IS THE BE CAPPED AT THE UPSTREAM END AND IS TO OUTLET INTO THE NEAREST CATCHBASIN DOWNSTREAM, DEPTH OF THE SEWER IS TO BE EQUAL TO SUBDRAIN DEPTH, NOT TO BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO FOUNDATION DRAINS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM THE CITY OF BARRIE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF THEIR INTENTIONS TO
- 7.2 OPERATIONS OF FIRE HYDRANTS AND VALVES ON POTABLE WATER BY OTHER THAN ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT IS PROHIBITED. BY BY-LAW 1-88 AS AMENDED BY BY-LAW 99-290. THE CITY WILL SWAB, PRESSURE TEST, CHLORINATE AND FLUSH ALL NEW WATERMAINS.
- 7.3 MINIMUM COVER OVER WATERMAIN IS 1.7m. THE MINIMUM HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN WATERMAIN AND SEWERS IS THE BE 2.5m. WHERE WATERMAIN CONFLICTS WITH SEWER PIPES, DEFLECT WATERMAIN HORIZONTALLY OR VERTICALLY WHILE PROVIDING A MINIMUM OF 0.5m CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATERMAINS AND SEWERS, MAINTAIN MINIMUM DEPTH OF COVER AT ALL TIMES.
- 7.4.1 WATERMAIN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH BEDDINGS AS PER OPSD 802.010 (GRAN 'A' EMBEDMENT MATERIAL) FOR FLEXIBLE PIPES AND OPSD 802.030 OR 802.031 CLASS 'B' (GRAN 'A' BEDDING MATERIAL, GRAN 'A' OR SELECT NATIVE COVER MATERIAL) FOR RIGID PIPE UNLESS OTHERWISE APPOVED BY THEDIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING OR *ALTERNATIVE
- * ALTERNATIVE EMBEDMENT MATERIAL SAND MEETING GRADATION REQUIREMENTS OF OPS 1004.05.05 COMPACTED TO 95% SPMDD. GEOTECHNCAL CLARIFICATION OF MATERIAL AND COMPACTION TESTING MUST BE PROVIDED EVERY 150 METRES. THE COMPACTION TESTING MUST INCLUDE THE ENTIRE EMBEDMENT ENVELOPE (HAUNCHES, BEDDING AND TOP OF PIPE).
- 7.4.2 COPPER WATERMAINS AND SERVICES 19mm TO 50mm IN DIAMETER SHALL BE EMBEDDED IN SAND 100mm ABOVE AND BELOW TO CONFORM TO OPSS 1004.05.05. CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL TEES, BENDS, HYDRANTS, END OF MAINS AND CONNECTIONS 100mm AND LARGER AS

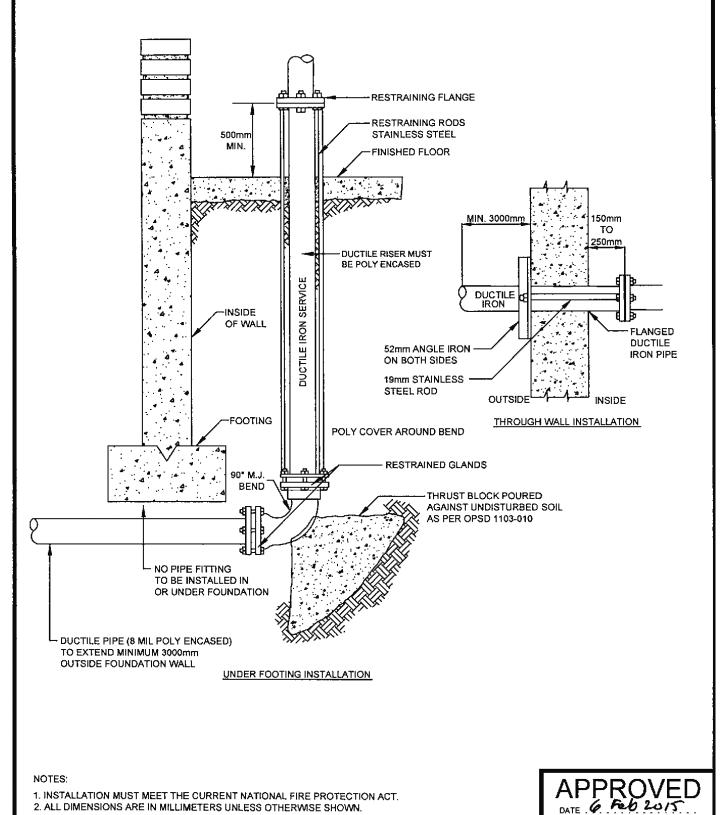
PER OPSD 1103.010 AND 1103.020. RESTRAINING DEVICES MER BE REQUIRED IN ADDITION TO STANDARD CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKING WHERE SOIL

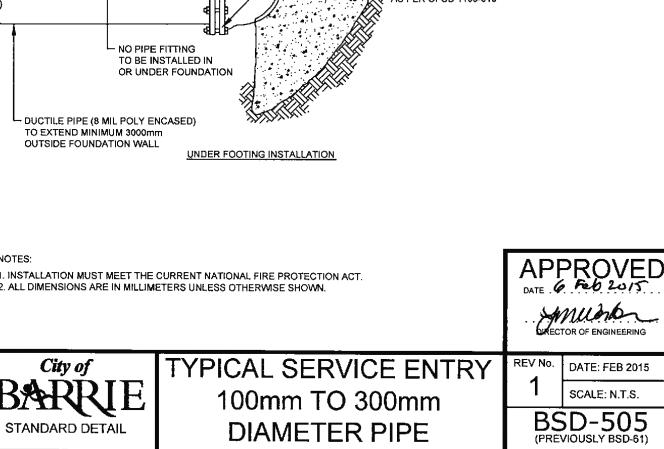
- 7.6 RESTRAINING WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL FIRE HYDRANTS.
- 7.7 NEW WATERMAINS TO BE PVC DR18 CL150, OR DUCTILE IRON CL52. 7.8 TRACING WIRE (#12 TWO STRANDED COPPER) TO BE INSTALLED ON THE TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL NON-METALLIC WATERMAIN AND BROUGHT UP AT EACH HYDRANT AND CONNECTED TO FLANGE BOLT.
- 7.9 ALL WATER SERVICES SHALL BE MINIMUM 19mm TYPE 'K' COPPER UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING. WATER SERVICE SADDLES SHALL BE USED WHEN TAPPING INTO PVC WATERMAIN.
- 7.10 RISER PIPES ARE TO BE INSTALLED AS PER BSD-45 (REV #1), AND REMOVED AS DIRECTED. SWABBING SCHEDULE TO BE SUPPLIED BY A CITY OF BARRIE FIELD REPRESENTATIVE.
- 7.11 DOMESTIC AND FIRE SERVICE RISER PIPES TO BE BUILT AS PER BSD-505. 7.11 SERVICE TAPPINGS SHALL BE PLACED AT A MINIMUM SEPARATION OF 1.0m AND A MINIMUM OF 0.6m FROM JOINTS (ENDS OF PIPE).
- 7.12 ALL NEW CURB STOPS AND BOXES TO BE LOCATED AT PROPERTY LINE AND OUT OF DRIVEWAYS AND SIDEWALKS.

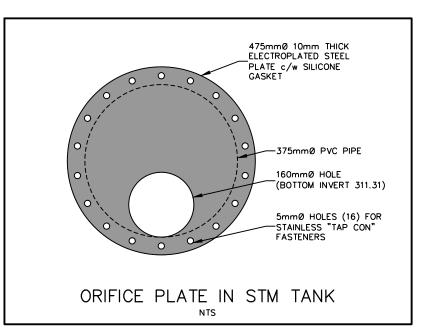
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

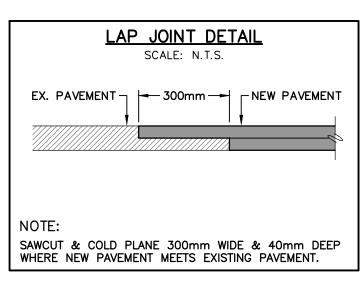
CONDITIONS WARRANT.

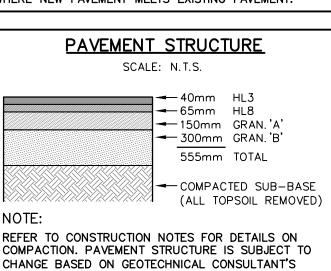
- ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES THAT ARE DESIGNED TO CONTROL RUNOFF FROM SPECIFIC AREAS MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY DISTURBANCE TO SITE. 8.2 THE CONTRACTOR MAY CONSIDER ALTERNATIVE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. SUCH MEASURES MUST BE PRESENTED IN WRITING
- FOR APPROVAL OF THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR AND THE TOWN. 8.3 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE MATERIALS AVAILABLE ON-SITE TO REPAIR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IN THE EVENT OF
- UNFORESEEN CONDITIONS: HIGHWATER, EXTREME RAINFALL EVENTS, ETC. MUD MAT TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT ACCESS POINT.
- 8.5 NO MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR WORK ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED WITHIN 30M OF AN EXISTING WATERCOURSE OR DITCH EXCEPT AS 8.6 ALL TEMPORARY SOIL OR DIRT STOCKPILES ARE TO BE PROVIDED WITH THE NECESSARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL FEATURES. IF
- STOCKPILES ARE TO REMAIN FOR A PERIOD LONGER THAN 30 DAYS, STOCKPILES SHALL BE HYDROSEEDED AND SURROUNDED WITH SILT FENCE. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE THROUGH SITE SUCH THAT NO UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM IMPACT OCCURS DURING CONSTRUCTION
- THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CLEAN ALL ADJACENT ROADWAYS AS REQUIRED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE SITE ENGINEER OR TOWN.
- 8.10 SILT FENCE MUST BE INSPECTED WEEKLY FOR RIPS OR TEARS, BROKEN STAKES, BLOW-OUTS AND ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT. 8.11 SILT FENCE MUST BE INSPECTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EVERY RAIN STORM EVENT OR AS DIRECTED BY SITE ENGINEER.
- 8.12 SEDIMENT DEPOSITS MUST BE REMOVED FROM SILT FENCE WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES 50% OF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE.
- 8.13 ALL SILT FENCES MUST BE REMOVED ONLY WHEN THE ENTIRE SITE IS STABILIZED AND AS DIRECTED BY THE SITE ENGINEER. 8.14 ALL SILT FENCES INSTALLED AT THE LIMIT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ARE TO BE PLACED ON THE PROPERTY LINE.
- 8.15 GEOTEXTILE (TERRAFIX 270R OR APPROVED EQUAL) TO BE PLACED AS SEPARATION BARRIER BETWEEN EXISTING GROUND AND CLEAR STONE.
- 8.16 INSPECT MUD MAT WEEKLY TO ASSESS CONDITION AND TO ENSURE OPERATION EFFICIENCY.
- 8.17 SUPPLY AND PLACE ADDITIONAL STONE TO PREVENT MUD TRACKING AS DIRECTED BY SITE ENGINEER 8.18 MUD MAT TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL SITE IS STABILIZED OR AS DIRECTED BY SITE ENGINEER.



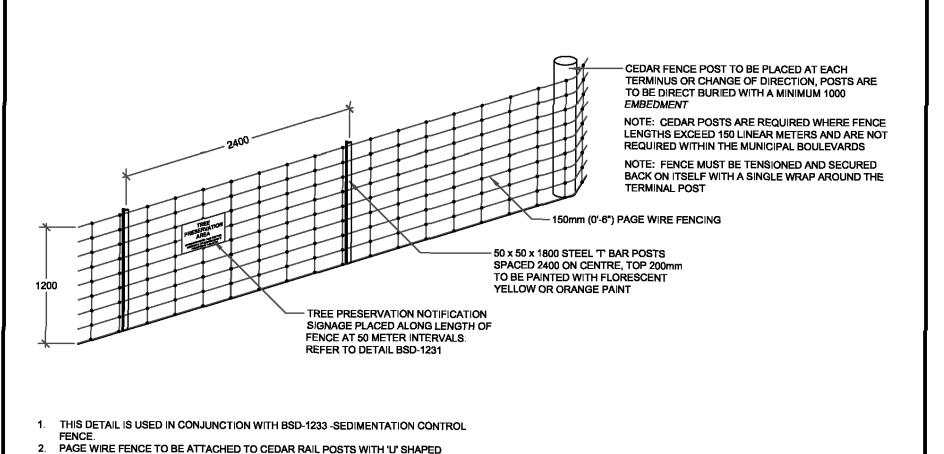


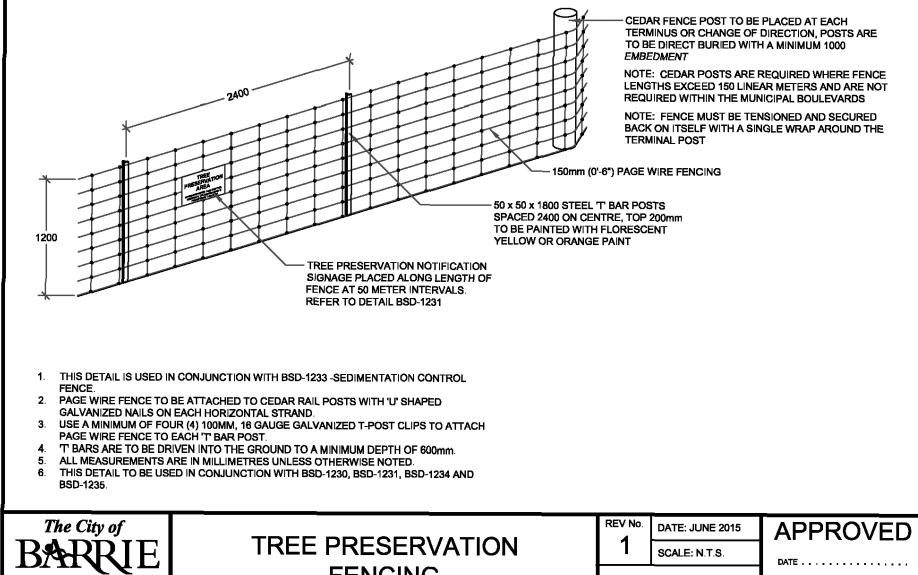




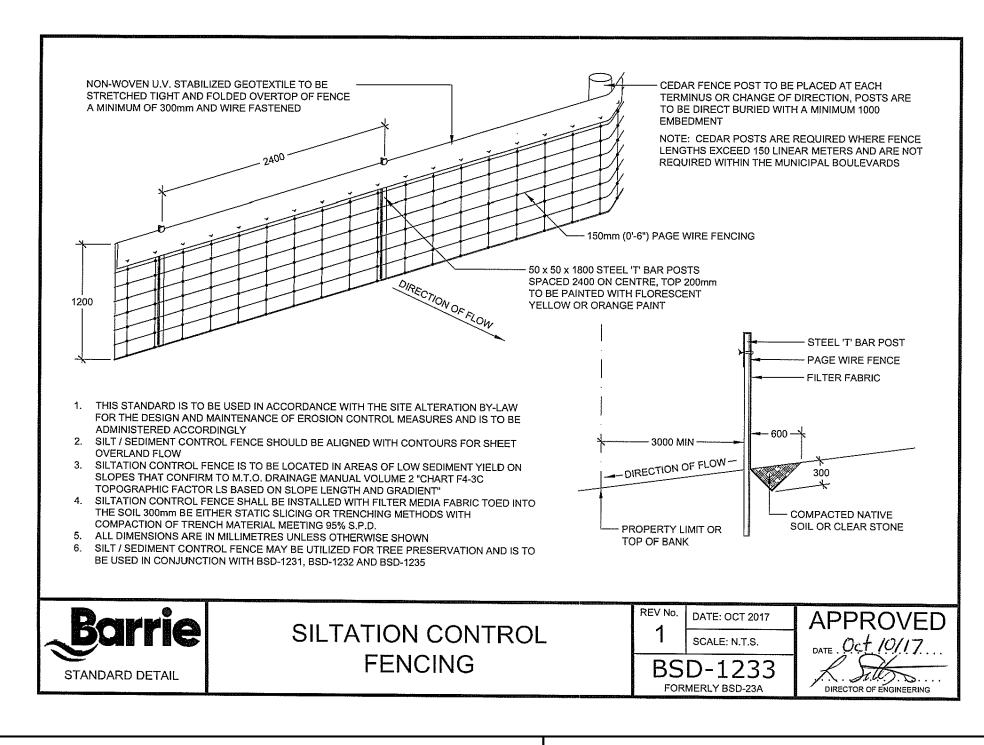


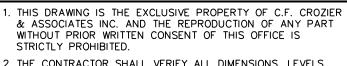
RECOMMENDATIONS.





FENCING





CITY OF BARRIE STANDARD

CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE MAT

. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, LEVELS, AND DATUMS ON SITE AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES OR OMISSIONS TO THIS OFFICE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

5. ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN

THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ AND UNDERSTOOD IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL OTHER PLANS AND DOCUMENTS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. DO NOT SCALE THE DRAWINGS.

<u> TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY:</u> TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PROVIDED BY RUDY MAK SURVEYING LTD.

REVISION

<u>. | Standardized Dimension Text| J.S. |05.10.28</u>

SITE BENCHMARK IS THE TOP OF THE IB AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 312.81

I. THIS STANDARD IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE "B" OF THE SITE ALTERATION BY-LAW, 'CODE FOR THE DESIGN AND

MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION

2. Purpose of Construction Mat is to minimize transportation of sediment onto roadways.

step in the site alteration process.

Install Silt Fence to property line-

0.1m to 0.2m quarry

appropriate geotextile

APR'D: R.G.N.

DATE: 04.03.16

AWN: A.S.C | SCALE: N.T.S

BSD-23D

stone with

APR'D DATE

3. Construction mat is to be installed as the first

Construction mats are required where paved

CONTROL MEASURES' AND IS TO BE ADMINISTERE



STANDARD DETAIL

No.	ISSUE	DATE: MM/DD/YYYY	Engineer Engineer Pr	roject
1	ISSUED FOR 1ST SUBMISSION SPA	12/22/2020		
			FOR APPROVAL	
			NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	rawing
			NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	

SCALE: N.T.S.

DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING

BSD-1232

440 ESSA ROAD CITY OF BARRIE

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

57 JOHN STREET WEST P.O. Box 1011 BRADFORD, ON L3Z 2B4 905-952-3111 T WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

1321-5312 N.C./B.L G.M.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND STANDARD DETAILS



PAVEMENT MARKING AND

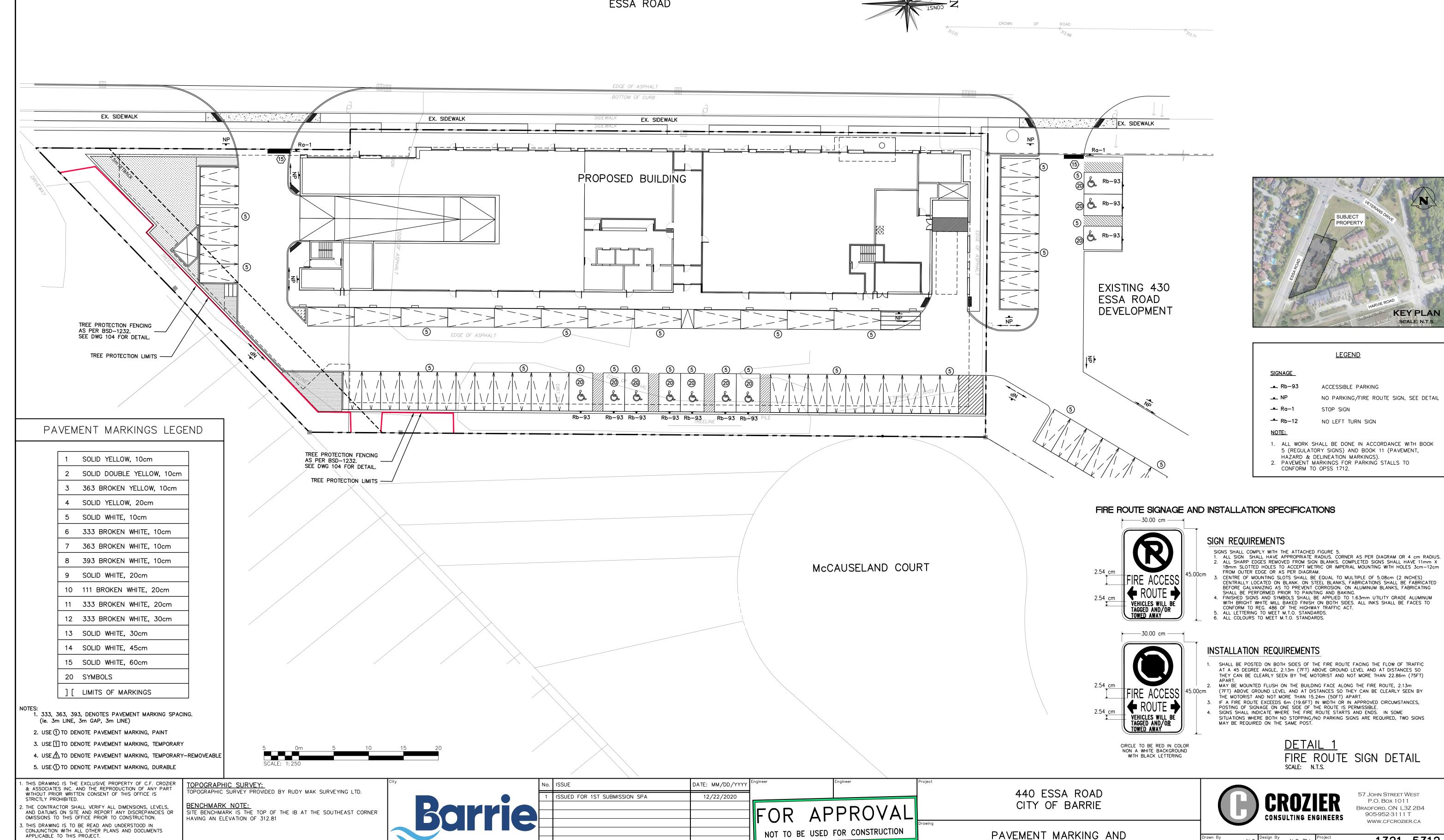
SIGNAGE PLAN

1321-5312

N.C./B.L.

G.M.

1: 250



4. DO NOT SCALE THE DRAWINGS.

5. ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.